

THE TIMES TOMORROW

If music... Bernard Levin suffers assault at the hands of Anton Webern - and hits back.

Be the food... Eat, drink - and have a beautiful table. Sir Roy Strong considers the epergne and other adornments.



Of love... Sir John Summerson reflects on the architecture of the Thirties and wonders why some people love it so much.

Play on... Why London is swinging again.

Give me... The beauty of California and the romance of Hawaii.

Excess... Attempts to outlaw video nasties are welcome, but parliamentarians should beware of going too far.

Lawson is foiled on power price

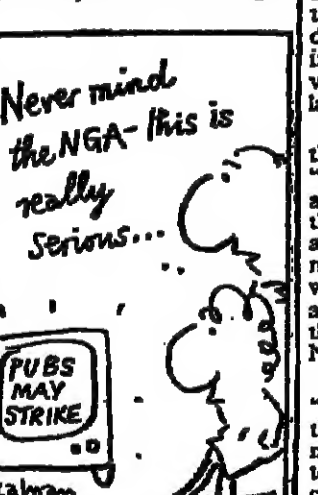
Mr Nigel Lawson, Chancellor of the Exchequer, has again failed to secure a 3 per cent rise in the price of electricity. The Cabinet decided not to take legal powers to direct the Electricity Council to increase prices, but a 2 per cent rise is likely.

Pound rises

Sterling rose to 1.4225 against the dollar, up 55 points, as West Germany's central bank again intervened heavily on foreign exchange markets.

Nanny demand

The prosecution at the Italian trial of the Scottish nanny, Carol Compton, demanded a seven-year jail term for arson and attempted murder.



Time please

Managers employed by a Grand Metropolitan subsidiary will strike today and shut 280 pubs in the North. The action could spread over Christmas and New Year.

Hard to swallow

Mr Edwin Meece, the White House counsellor, has caused a political storm by making derogatory remarks about America's hungry.

£170m bid

Hanson Trust last night launched a £170m cash takeover bid for London Brick, Britain's sole maker of fireproof house bricks.

Leader page 15
Letters: On Antarctica, from Mr Julian Amery, MP; nuclear winter, from Dr Norman Myers, and Professor Sir Frederick Warner; arts subsidies, from Mr Robert Jackson, MP. Leading articles: European budget, censorship in time of war, glue sniffing.

Features, pages 12-14
Conveyancing: why the solicitors must put their house in order. Roger Boyes describes Lech Walesa's plans to influence Poland's future. The cranes that keep flying into trouble. Spectrum: the Connery code. Friday Page: Shakespearean struggles.

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Lord Amulree, Dr Stanley Clotworthy, Mr Theodore Crombie.

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Blocking of budget rebate sharpens conflict with EEC

By Ian Murray in Strasbourg and Anthony Bevins in London

To the impotent fury of all British Euro-MPs, the European Parliament in Strasbourg yesterday voted stolidly to block payment of rebates due to Britain and West Germany, while passing a £15,500m budget for the Community next year. That is a tiny £26m less than the Community's resources in 1984.

In London Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister, sharpened the threat that Britain might withhold payments from the Community if the £457m rebate was not paid by the end of March, the official British deadline.

Mrs Thatcher told the Commons, in reply to a challenge from Mr Neil Kinnock, that she had been "greatly disappointed" by the European Parliament vote earlier in the day to block the repayment.

The Parliament has left the door open for the money to be handed over by the March deadline, but for that to happen member states will have to agree to reforms similar to those which failed to win any kind of support at the abortive Athens summit.

Legally the budget is suspect, and it may yet be challenged in the courts either by the Council of Ministers or the British Government.

The rebate due to Britain, and the £91m for West Germany, were agreed during the Stuttgart summit last June as net payments in recognition of the fact that both countries were paying more than their proper share of the cost of running the Community.

British MEPs reacted angrily. "The Parliament has shown a staggering display of political insensitivity and discrimination", Mr Neil Balfour told the assembly. "From now on you have lost the support of every single directly-elected British member of this Parliament."

That support was being withdrawn "with total justification and real anger", Mr Balfour, the Conservative

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spokesman on budgetary affairs, has been criticized in the past for his over-conciliatory approach.

Not to be outdone in the invective, Mrs Barbara Castle, the leader of the Labour group, described the Parliament's vote as "petty and hypocritical". The British were not responsible for the failure at Athens, she said, yet they alone were being asked to pay for it.

Sir Henry Plumb, leader of the Conservative group, was on the telephone to Downing Street at the moment the vote was over. He had been warned when he called the previous evening that Mrs Thatcher would be very angry if the money was frozen. He tried to put the dispute into perspective.

"I am quite hopeful that in the end it is not a bad day's work", he said. "It may tend to speed up the decision - which we have been seeking for so long."

The Conservative group had gone into the session trying hard to be conciliatory. Most members abstained when Mrs Castle's resolution to reject the entire budget was put. She won only marginal support from the entire Socialist group for her view that "this Parliament is participating in a con trick on the people of Europe".

When the vote to freeze the British money was taken, however, Conservatives and Labour members voted together, with four Danes, three French and one West German, to honour the promise to pay.

At that point, Mr Andrew Pearce, the Conservative MEP for Cheshire, West, told the assembly that they were storing up trouble for themselves in the future. None of the 54 million people in Britain, he said, could understand why one of the poorer states in the community was being expected to finance richer states.

An attempt by the Conservatives then to reject the entire budget failed by 241 votes to 111. In consequence, the group voted in protest against every other part of the budget.

This stung Mrs Castle to complain that the Conservatives were voting against money which was earmarked to help create jobs in Britain. "They sat there like sulky little boys who have lost a cricket match and who then say 'I have taken away my bat'."

The budget will not be adopted until it is signed by Mr Piet Dierckx, the president of the assembly. He is meant to do this.

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NGA decides to halt mass pickets

By Paul Routledge, Labour Editor

Leaders of the National Graphical Association (NGA) decided last night that there will be no return to industrial action in the six-month-old dispute with Mr Eddie Shah's Messenger Group newspapers and no more mass picketing of the plant at Warrington, Cheshire.

The NGA national council, meeting in Bedford, agreed, however, that it would continue the dispute despite the withdrawal of TUC support for industrial action in contravention of the Government's labour laws.

It condemned the decision of the TUC General Council to "sell us down the river" and agreed unanimously to continue the campaign for a closed shop and reinstatement of the dismissed "Stockport six". But it will adopt a less militant stance and will ask for support from the unions that backed the NGA in the TUC vote.

The NGA will be consulting "its friends and supporters in the movement" and seeking to mobilize unions in a campaign to continue the dispute and change the TUC's policy on backing for unions that find themselves in direct conflict with the employment legislation.

Yesterday's decision marks a new departure in the NGA's campaign. It suggests that the union will continue action while the labour movement undermines the policy of Mr Len Murray, TUC general secretary, that the TUC should not flout the 1980 and 1982 Employment Acts.

It also suggests that the union has been given private assurances of support by powerful unions such as the Transport and General Workers' Union and the National Union of Public Employees, whose representatives on the TUC General Council voted in favour of supporting the "unlawful" one-day strike called by the NGA earlier this week.

The NGA leaders also agreed yesterday to defer any decision about going back to the High Court to seek a judge's order to free the union's £10m from the control of the sequestrators who were put in to seize £675,000 in fines for contempt of court.

But the union will go into court on Monday to seek a variation of the order so as to release some of the union's funds for friendly society benefits.

The National Union of Journalists (NUJ) was given leave yesterday to appeal to the House of Lords over its dispute with David Dimbleby's family group of newspapers based at Richmond upon Thames.

But Lord Diplock, sitting with Lord Keith of Kinkel and Lord Brandon of Oakbrook, said that the House of Lords would hear the appeal only if the union agreed to obey the law in the meantime and to withdraw its strike call tomorrow.

The Law Lords said that if the NUJ failed to do this, it was taking to abide by the injunctions within seven days its petition would be dismissed and it would be in contempt of court.

Conveyance outlet for banks

By Philip Webster Political Reporter

Banks and building societies will be able to offer conveyancing services in competition with solicitors' firms under government legislation to be introduced in the Commons today by Sir Patrick Mayhew, the Solicitor General.

But, under proposals approved by the Cabinet yesterday, they would still have to employ solicitors to do the work.

The Cabinet, therefore, while agreeing to liberalize the conveyancing market, has decided to introduce measures which are far more limited in scope than those in Mr Austin Mitchell's Buyers Bill, to be debated today. That Bill envisages the concept of the "licensed conveyancer".

Sir Patrick is expected to promise consultations to examine how more competition can be introduced, but there will be no relaxation of the rules that the Government's Bill, as at present envisaged, will not allow people other than solicitors to convey property.

The Government will oppose Mr Mitchell's Bill, which it regards as unsatisfactory, and it appeared last night that Conservative MPs would be sufficiently satisfied with the promise of action to be dissuaded from backing it.

Sir Patrick is expected to promise legislation during the present Parliament.



All clear: A London policeman inspects a briefcase blown open by bomb experts outside the Hilton Hotel, Park Lane, yesterday. There was traffic chaos after the object was spotted and the area cleared.

US warship blasts Lebanese militias

From Robert Fisk, Beirut

Less than an hour after the US marines in Beirut had come under fierce attack by mortars and heavy artillery yesterday evening, the battleship New Jersey began to bombard Shia Muslim and Druze militia positions in the hills around the base.

It was the second barrage by the vessel in 36 hours. The New Jersey fired only its 5-in artillery, but the guns and shell explosions could be heard across Beirut as shock waves rumbled over the city.

There had been serious fighting round the Marine compound, at the airport, during the day when Lebanese troops and Shia Muslim guerrillas had fought artillery battles not far from the British Army headquarters in the suburb of Hadeith. At least one shell landed scarcely 50 yards from the British base.

Earlier a French soldier was killed by artillery fire probably directed from the Chouf mountains.

Another French paratrooper was killed in the morning, when gunmen in a car shot him in the back at close range as he emptied a rubbish bin outside his regimental headquarters. This is clearly going to be a pattern of attack that will continue. Late in the afternoon a French patrol was attacked: three men were wounded.

Elsewhere in Lebanon yesterday, the Israelis, with tanks, armoured troop carriers and air cover, staged a mass evacuation of the Christians from Deir el-

Qamar. They took hundreds of civilians and their would-be militia protectors of the Phalangist to the safety of Israeli lines across the Awali river.

The Phalangists - who have been trapped in the town by the Druze since last September's mountain civil war - were later taken to Sidon. Last night, the Phalangist radio was claiming that the Christian militia were on board the French helicopter carrier Jeanne d'Arc, which was steaming northwards towards Beirut, escorted by Israeli gunboats.

Whether or not this report was true, the Phalangists, who more than any other Lebanese militia have demanded the withdrawal of foreign forces from Lebanon, will now have to live with the fact that they needed a foreign army to rescue them from their Druze fellow-countrymen.

Druze gunmen jeered at the Christian militiamen, making obscene gestures and waving bayonets as their enemies, packed in buses with blinds down, were driven out of the town under Israeli protection.

The drama of the evacuation from the Chouf mountains, in which several hundred Israeli armoured vehicles were involved, tended to obscure the far graver events being discussed in Damascus between Mr Donald Rumsfeld, President Reagan's Middle East envoy, and Mr Abdul Halim Khaddam, the Syrian Foreign Minister.

Less than a day after the New Jersey had shelled the Syrian Army for the first time, the two men concluded their three hours of discussions during the afternoon without finding any way of ending the military confrontation between Syria and America.

Indeed, General Mustafa Tlass, the Army commander, told his troops yesterday that Syria would continue to open fire on US reconnaissance jets and the Army would "surprise"

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Why Nato might use bomb first

From Nicholas Ashford Washington

General Bernard Rogers, Supreme Allied Commander in Europe, has given a warning that Nato would be forced to escalate "fairly quickly" to the first use of nuclear weapons in the event of a large-scale attack by Soviet conventional forces in Europe.

Although he did not specify how soon after such an attack he would have to ask Nato leaders to authorize the release of nuclear weapons, he emphasized that the alliance did not have adequate sustainability, manpower, ammunition and prepositioned reserves to contain a Soviet conventional attack "except for a very short time."

General Rogers, who has been Nato's commander since 1979, is in the United States to propagate what has now become a well-worn theme of his - the need for the 16-nation alliance to increase its defence spending, particularly on building up its conventional forces.

An improvement in Nato's conventional capacity would enhance the alliance's deterrence capability and raise the nuclear threshold, he told a group of foreign journalists. But it would inevitably involve some sacrifices - about \$11 (£7.55) a year for every man, woman and child living in Nato countries.

"The people have to be convinced that there is a threat to their freedom and have to be willing to make this additional sacrifice," he declared.

General Rogers went out of his way to assure Europeans that the new Pershing and cruise missiles now being deployed in West Germany, Britain and Italy could not cause a nuclear war by accident or miscalculation.

He said the weapons would not even become nuclear until he received a special code from the US President and that code had been dialled into the warhead.

The only way he could obtain that code would be to go through the normal three-part release procedures laid down by Nato headquarters as well as in each of the 16 capitals with an early warning message saying that it might be necessary to use nuclear weapons.

This would be followed by a warning message containing information about possible targets and specifying the countries from which Nato's short and medium-range missiles would be launched.

Finally there would have to be a release message which would provide him with the codes for the warheads on the various types of weapons to be used in a nuclear strike.

"Until I get those codes I don't have a nuclear weapon," he explained. "I've got a warhead that is capable of becoming a nuclear warhead, but we must use the codes to enable it to be that."

Three miners trapped by tons of rock

By Alan Hamilton

Rescuers made contact last night with three men trapped a quarter of a mile underground at Sherwood colliery, near Mansfield, Nottinghamshire, after hundreds of tons of rock collapsed. All three men were safe and well.

Two rescue teams continued working to reach the men. A dozen workmates of the trapped miners were helping.

The men were in a tunnel 16ft high and 10ft wide constructing an access road for a new coal face at the colliery when the rock fell.

One rescue team was using picks, shovels and even bare hands and the other had cutting gear called a mechanical mole, which punches 6in wide holes.

A ventilation tube runs into the tunnel and National Coal Board experts said air was getting through.

The trapped men are Mr Ian Johnson, aged 38, married with a son, of Southby Close, Forest Town, Mansfield; Mr Peter Williams, aged 42, married with two children, of Sycamore Road, Mansfield Woodhouse; and Mr Peter Watts, aged 33, married with three children, of Abbots Croft, Mansfield.

Gary Kasparov, the handsome young prodigy with the looks to fire a gymnast's crush and the memory of a computer, is within an ace of ensuring that next year's final of the world chess championships will be a clash of Soviet titans.

Kasparov, born 20 years ago with the name of Weinstein in the Soviet "deep south" republic of Azerbaijan, used only draw his next and eleventh game with the ailing Viktor Korchnoi at the Great Eastern Hotel in London to wipe the mercurial defector from the board.

Korchnoi, with a reputation for fighting back from the tightest of corners, has left his life-saving rally perilously late.

Victory for Kasparov will delight the Soviet chess establishment, which has wished upon Korchnoi the status of an unperson since he defected to Switzerland in 1976.

If youth triumphs over experience in today's vital game, Kasparov will next meet the victor of the other semifinal being played concurrently. His opponent seems certain to be the veteran Russian international grandmaster Vasily Smyslov, who last took the world title in 1957 and has

Clash of Soviet titans draws near



Kasparov in play. (Photograph: Brian Harris).

staged a remarkable comeback at the age of 62.

The betting on that outcome is firmly in favour of Kasparov as the man to meet the reigning Soviet world champion, Anatoly Karpov, who has twice beaten off challenges from Korchnoi for his crown. There the odds become less certain.

In the latest published world chess ratings, Karpov leads Kasparov by 2,710 to 2,690, but a brilliant performance by the young star at a tournament in Yugoslavia in September, where all the world's top players with the notable exception of Karpov turned up to be beaten by him, may well have

put him in first place when the next ratings appear in January.

In the present match Korchnoi's win was in the first game he has lost three and drawn six. Grandmasters observing the struggle have been unimpressed by the play of either man.

Raymond Keene: "Kasparov has been playing like Karpov, taking opportunities from Korchnoi's mistakes rather than building up positions. He is a naturally inventive and ingenious player, but he has shown little of his true skill here."

Harry Golombek, chess correspondent of The Times: "There has only been an occasional flash of Kasparov's brilliance; normally he breathes life and fire into positions."

"As for Korchnoi, he was more or less done for when he lost to Karpov in 1981. He no longer has the incentive of trying to get his family out of the Soviet Union, and that has seemed to drain him of much of his energy."

Grandmaster Joe Spielman: "Kasparov could not get himself together at all at first, but since Korchnoi's disaster in the sixth game Gary has turned from a tortured dog to an unceasing lion. He has learnt to

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The Port of Kings

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Kidnap brothers convicted of holding couple in terror for £2m ransom

Two brothers were found guilty at the Central Criminal Court yesterday of kidnapping a young couple and holding them captive for a £2m ransom.

George Panae, aged 30, a driving instructor, of Telford Avenue, Sreatham, and his brother Anastasi, aged 36, a fish shop proprietor, of Dunston Road, Battersea, both south London, will be sentenced today.

They were convicted of kidnapping Mr Emmanuel Xuerab, aged 33, a wine merchant, and his wife Maria, 25, from their home at Trowsey, Lodge Road, Bromley, Kent, in January, and holding them prisoner for five days at a house in Kemble Road, Croydon.

The brothers were found guilty by the jury's unanimous verdicts after a month-long trial. Both had denied all charges.

A third member of the gang, Donald Gray, aged 27, unemployed, a former boxer, of Raleigh Gardens, Brixton, south London, who pleaded guilty and gave evidence for the Crown, also awaits sentence.

Mr and Mrs Xuerab were kidnapped as they arrived home after a shopping trip and were taken to the Croydon house



George Panae, who demanded £2m ransom

where they were held prisoner, bound, gagged and blindfolded. They were threatened with death while the gang demanded £2m in cash, gold coins and gold bars from the husband's father, Mr Anthony Xuerab, 60, a Hutton Garden diamond merchant.

The kidnappers threatened to cut off Mr Emmanuel Xuerab's fingers and send them to his father one by one until the ransom was paid and threatened also to cut off his head and "send it home in a box."

Mrs Xuerab was also sexually assaulted by one of the kidnappers.

Mrs Xuerab was released alone with a ransom note. She remembered some details about the house's location and was



Kidnap victims: Mr and Mrs Xuerab, who were held under threat of death (Photograph: Brian Harris)

Shoplifting WPC fought to escape

Woman Police Constable Susan Hillier put up a struggle after being caught shoplifting and tried three times to escape from a store detective, magistrates in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire, were told yesterday.

Mr James Coussey, for the prosecution, said Hillier had been on a shoplifting spree.

He said that despite being caught red-handed in Tesco's store, Cheltenham, where she was seen putting steaks and beef into a bag, Hillier protested her innocence to fellow officers.

Hillier, aged 31, of St George's Road, Cheltenham, admitted three charges of stealing food and clothes, worth a total of £35. She had been in the police force for 11 years, including two years as a detective. She resigned from the force on Tuesday.

Hillier was remanded until January 12 for reports.

Valve error caused Sellafield leak

By Ronald Faux

Mr Con Allday, chairman and chief executive of British Nuclear Fuels, admitted yesterday that a misunderstanding between shift managers led to the discharge of a radioactive slick into the Irish Sea five weeks ago.

The incident caused contamination to the beach near the Sellafield reprocessing plant on the Cumbria coast.

At a press conference at Sellafield Mr Allday said that a valve was turned because a manager had not read a record made in the log book three days earlier. He did not know that high-level radioactivity had not been removed from water in a tank.

The error was a genuine misunderstanding, Mr Allday said although it should not have happened he was satisfied that the people involved had acted

BBC shelves plan for pay-TV

By David Hewson and Bill Johnston

The BBC put its satellite broadcasting plans on ice yesterday after deciding that its proposals for a launch in 1986 of a pay television service were unviable.

The decision, at a meeting of the corporation's board, was a blow to the corporation's involvement in later satellite projects, but appears to shelved immediate plans for a two-channel service showing films and entertainment programmes.

A Broadcasting House statement said: "The board recognized the great difficulties which remain to be overcome by the BBC, industry and others in establishing a viable DBS (direct broadcasting by satellite) service, but concluded that the BBC should continue to explore all possibilities which will lead to the setting up of a British DBS system."

United Satellites, the prospective manufacturer of the BBC

Threat of holiday pub strikes

By Richard Evans

An unprecedented strike which will shut 280 public houses in northern England today could spread throughout Britain during the Christmas and New Year holidays.

The National Association of Licensed House Managers gave unanimous backing yesterday to industrial action planned by managers employed by Pennine House, the northern arm of a Grand Metropolitan subsidiary, over pay and conditions.

The strike will shut Host's northern public houses today, on the two days before Christmas Day and New Year's Day, and on January 1.

The Host group runs about 1500 public houses.

Mr David Carter, the association's national secretary, said last night many of the elements in Host's pay package would reduce managers' pay.

Universities will try to curb rowdy students

By Lucy Hodges
Education Correspondent

University vice-chancellors sought to reassure Sir Keith Joseph, the Secretary of State for Education, at a private meeting this week that they would do all they could to control rowdy students on campuses but at the same time asked that ministers inform them when they were visiting their institutions.

This exchange on the subject of free speech in universities arose at the routine autumn term meeting between the Committee of Vice-Chancellors and Principals and the Minister at Sir Keith's insistence.

He is understood to be distressed by what he calls "barbarism" on the campuses, such as the recent paint-throwing at Mr Michael Heseltine, the Secretary of State for Defence, at Manchester University and the violent picketing of himself at Warwick.

Manchester University was not informed officially of Mr Heseltine's visit, which took place the day after the announcement that cruise missiles had arrived on British soil, and was supposed to be an informal address to the Conservative Society.

Mr Heseltine was barracked by a large group of students who prevented him from speaking for an hour by blocking a staircase and then heckled him.

The Warwick University incident was more organized. Knowing beforehand that Sir Keith was coming, the students' union executive proposed a picket to protest at government cuts of the education service.

One in four motorists drinks and drives

By Michael Bally
Transport Editor

At least one in four motorists drinks and drives; and between the ages of 18 and 34 the proportion is as high as one in three.

That finding from extensive soundings by Harris Research in London and Nottingham, coincides with yesterday's report in *The Times* that one in four drivers tested for alcohol in a pre-Christmas exercise by Sussex police failed the test.

It will be discussed at 10.30pm today in a London Weekend Television programme, "Driving Drunk in London", which commissioned the research.

Questioned by pollsters, 37 per cent of London motorists (48 per cent of those aged between 25 and 34) admitted that they drank and drove occasionally or often. Half of those questioned thought it unlikely that they would be caught.

Road safety experts say that motorists' perception of their chance of being caught is crucial in determining whether they drink and drive. And the research suggests that this is far lower in London than in Nottingham.

Drivers in Nottingham are five times more likely to be breath-tested than in London, according to Home Office figures. Last year the Metropolitan Police carried out 3.3 tests for every 1,000 Londoners. The national average is 4.2, and the police in Nottinghamshire carried out 15.8 to top the national league.

Video editors' 'high' pay

By David Hewson

The highest paid company director at LWT in 1982 received £54,299. In the same year 233 workers received between £20,000 and £25,000; 113, £25,000 to £30,000; 19, £30,000 to £35,000; eight, £35,000 to £40,000; 17, £40,000 to £45,000 and three received £55,000 to £60,000.

LWT denied that the videotape recorder team shift leader who earned more than £100,000 last year received such high wages because of a local agreement. It said that the payments resulted from a national ITV agreement, though it is understood that no other ITV company has video editors who regularly earn more than £50,000 a year.

Bobby Moore on drink charge

Bobby Moore, the former England football captain, was yesterday charged with a driving offence after a breath test conducted by Bedfordshire police. After a further test at Biggleswade police station, he was charged and bailed to appear in court at a date to be fixed.

Moore, who retired as a player six years ago, and who led England to the World Cup victory in 1966, was appointed chief executive of Southend United in the summer.



Retreat in time for two Royal Green Jackets.

In the steps of Sir John

Eight men from the 1st Battalion The Royal Green Jackets will spend their Christmas leave in nineteenth-century uniforms, retracing the steps of Sir John Moore's retreat to Corunna in 1808.

The men, led by Captain Charles Blackmore, will leave Sahagun, south-east of Leon, on Christmas Eve and march to

Arab cash for Chelsea footballers

By John Lawless

Chelsea Football Club yesterday became the first British club to be sponsored by an Arab backer when Gulf Air announced that it is to inject "a considerable sum" into the second division promotion challenge.

Gulf Air is thought to be paying £150,000 to have its name on the Chelsea shirts for just the remaining half of this season.

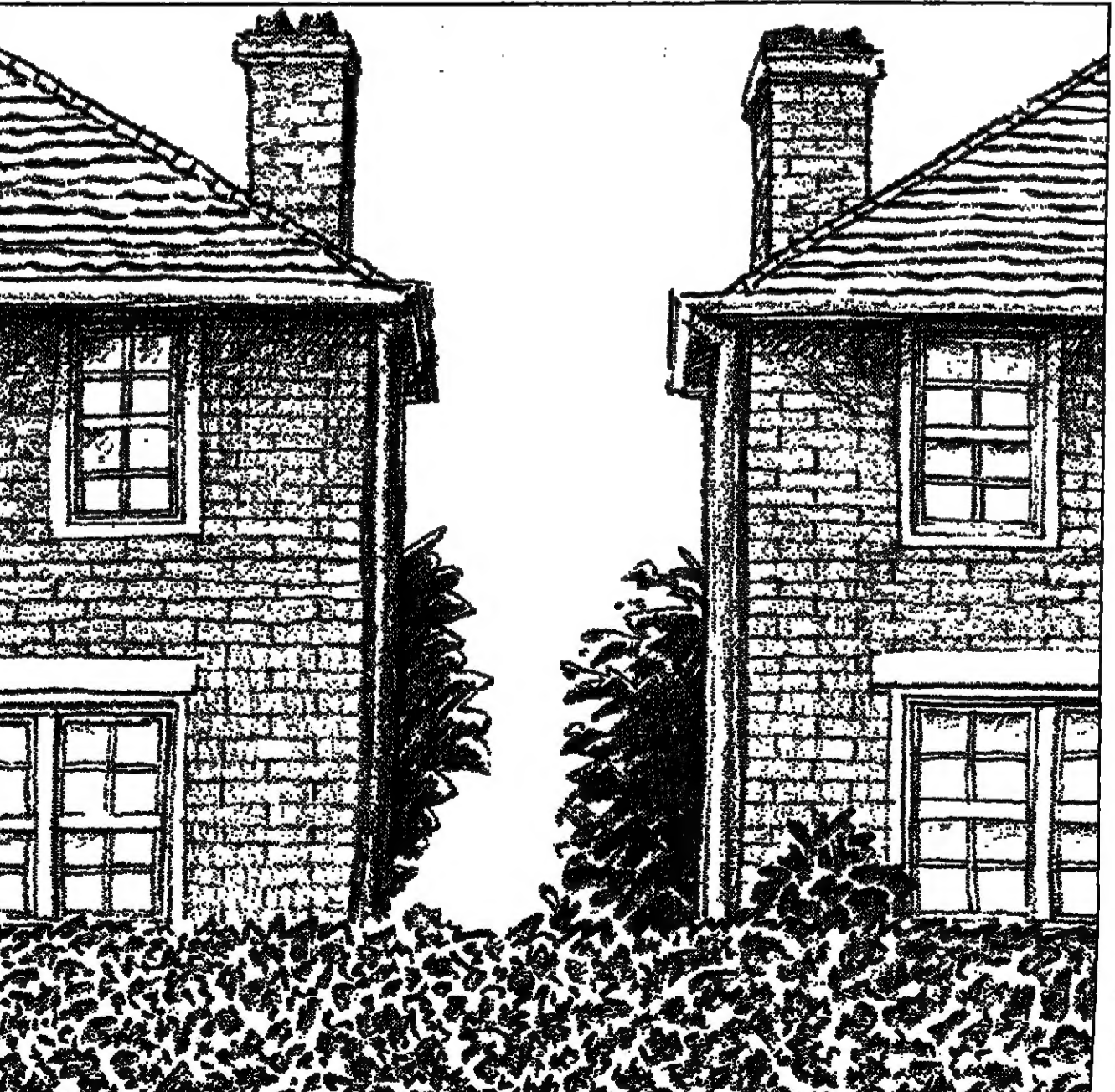
Mr Ken Bates, the club chairman, said that it would represent the most lucrative deal in football sponsorship if it is carried through to next season, which may depend on whether Chelsea does indeed climb back to the first division.

British football supporters have only just got used to their game being propped up by cash from Japanese corporations, with Canon sponsoring the League and JVC backing Arsenal.

But the Chelsea coup, celebrated at the Stamford Bridge ground, with coffee and dates in honour of their teetotal guests, is unique.

The contract calls for Chelsea to send its coaching specialists into the four states, which own the airline: Bahrain, Oman, Qatar and the United Arab Emirates. "And the most promising players will come back to Chelsea to train and, hopefully, to play in the British league," Mr Bates said.

The prospects are favourable for Chelsea getting a renewal of the deal next year. The club is second in the second division, and Gulf Air was one of the world's few airline profit-makers last year, making \$39m.



Arafat to stand for rector post

Mr Yasser Arafat, the chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organization, has agreed to stand as a candidate for rector of Glasgow University next March. Mr Abdul Ibrahim, president of the university's Palestine Action Society, who has campaigned for Mr Arafat's candidacy says that the election campaign will promote the cause of the Palestinian people as part of the negotiated peace in the Middle East.

Quigley remand on bomb charge

Thomas Quigley, aged 28, of Glenalina Road, Belfast, was yesterday remanded in custody for a week at Lambeth Magistrates' Court, south London, accused of conspiring with others to cause explosions likely to endanger life or damage property.

The hearing lasted two minutes.

Shots fired in BR robbery

Masked men fired shots when they held up a security vehicle at Hoo Junction, Lower Shore, near Gravesend, Kent yesterday, and stole £150,000 worth of British Rail wages.

British Rail staff gave chase in a car but eventually lost the robbers' van, which was later found abandoned at Strood, near Rochester.

Scots arrest

Mr Ian Howell, aged 28, who was being sought for questioning about the death of Jennifer Wright, whose body was found in a hostel in Oxford last week, was arrested near Inverness late on Wednesday.

Christmas lights

Mrs Mary Scotney, aged 76, switched a thousand Christmas lights on yesterday at her home and garden in Nene Parade, at March, Cambridgeshire, where the centrepiece is a 30ft high tree.

Schoolboy takes driving test man to court

Mr Andrew Rowland, aged 18, failed his driving test last week because of undue hesitancy. Torquay Magistrates' Court in Devon was told yesterday. But it was the examiner, Mr Barry James, who was the hesitant one, magistrates were told.

Mr James did not signal for Mr Rowland to do his emergency stop until nine minutes after he had first warned him it would be coming.

Mr Rowland, who is studying for his A levels at Torquay Grammar School, took Mr James to court in a rare case to have the test deemed to have been conducted improperly. But the magistrates found in Mr James' favour and ordered Mr Rowland to pay £30 costs.

Private health insurance subscriptions to rise

By Nicholas Timmins, Social Services Correspondent

Sharp increases in private health insurance are on the way from January for some subscribers to Private Patients Plan (PPP), the second largest of the health insurance groups.

Subscriptions will rise to a level about 15 per cent higher than a year ago for many individual subscribers, with increases ranging from 7.5 per cent to 35 per cent on last January.

The rise for members in small company-paid schemes will be between 26 per cent and 34 per cent on last January's rates. But the increases in some of PPP's large voluntary paid groups will be far smaller.

The increases come as Bupa has announced that its subscrip-

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ENERGY EFFICIENCY OFFICE

Commentary

Geoffrey Smith

Action, if need be, over rebate

EEC BUDGET

Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister, said during question time in the Commons that she was greatly disappointed by the decision of the European Parliament (Thursday) to freeze payments of Britain's refund of budget contributions. However, she said that the Government would take action to secure its position.

Mr Kenneth Clark said in view of the provocative and prejudicial action of the European Parliament, the Prime Minister now would have to take action to secure its position.

Murray's action praised

NGA DISPUTE

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No assurance of industrial peace

It does not offer an assurance of industrial peace. My guess is that when the moderate leaders get into a dispute they will be determined to prove that they are not pushovers. They will be reluctant to back down to the TUC, backing to futile, self-destructive strikes. That in itself should be a development of no small importance.

But there are broader conclusions to be drawn from this episode. It means that the Government's industrial relations legislation will be enforced. The unions will seek to persuade the Government to modify its new proposals. They will hope that a future government will repeal the Thatcher legislation. But they will not be able to prevent its being put into effect during the lifetime of this Government.

Whether the legislation endures beyond that will depend upon whether it becomes part of what Sir Keith Joseph has termed "the common ground" - whether, in other words, it becomes so generally accepted by the country at large that no administration would dare to discard it.

Opting for more limited role

The unions are now opting for a more limited role than the one they have aspired to previously. So long as the present trend continues here will be no nonsense about seeking to make and break governments. The tendency will be for union leaders to concentrate on getting the best that they can for their members on the basis of existing laws by dealing with whatever party is elected to office.

The more limited role should be popular, or at least less unpopular, with the public. It accords with the general idea of what unions are there for. It should also lead to fewer of those excesses which have done so much to bring the trade union movement a bad name in recent years. If this is so, it will be good for the economic and social life of the country. It would also suggest that the unions might become less of a bogey, and that association with them might become rather less of a handicap for the Labour Party.

But while the trend is towards moderation at the top of the union movement, it would be foolish to suppose that the militants have melted away. There are a number of important unions which remain under hardline control or at least very much subject to hardline influence. If that continues, and there is no evidence that it will not, the prospect will be for a greater polarization between moderate and militant unions.

The majority of unions may be becoming more realistic, but will it still be possible to think of a single, reasonably coherent union movement?

£475m from our contribution in lieu of the rebate which is rightly belonging to the British people. (Labour cheer.)

Mrs Thatcher: Like him, I was greatly disappointed by the vote in the European Parliament. So far, the Community is not in default with Britain. This time last year the Parliament rejected a budget containing United Kingdom refunds never before in the end paid by the end of March.

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Minister's warning to councils who overspend budget

SCOTTISH RATES

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Will she take the lead on behalf of the British people and insist on fundamental reform of the common agricultural policy so we are not ruled any longer by the convenience of others, not until next March, or next time or any time in the future?

Mrs Thatcher: He has repeatedly shown I cannot rival him in huffing and puffing. (Conservative cheer.) This time last year the European Assembly passed a similar resolution. Nevertheless, we got our full refunds on time. It is, therefore, possible that we may get our full refunds on time.

If not, we shall have to take action to safeguard our position. I hope that will not be necessary, but if it were we would have to take it. (Conservative cheer.)

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Minister's warning to councils who overspend budget

SCOTTISH RATES

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postponed until it is clear what we are going to do?

Mrs Thatcher: Such a proposal would be far from welcome and I am not sure whether it would be welcome in this House to postpone that decision.

It would be far better if the election went ahead on time and the heads of Government, in the two meetings before that, made the strongest effort to solve the problems which were not solved at Athens.

£3.7m to police Greenham

FISHERIES

The last piece of the common fisheries policy jigsaw was now in place, and the Government was already into discussions about the 1984 total allowable catches, Mr Michael Jopling, Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food, declared in the Commons.

He was reporting on the decisions made yesterday by the EEC Council of Fisheries Ministers which, he explained, resolved the main outstanding problems affecting the common fisheries policy and started talks on the total allowable catches and quotas for 1984. There was now, he said, every prospect of developing the effectiveness of the policy providing a secure and stable basis for the fishing industry in future.

He said that the Council had last agreed on the percentage allocation of North Sea herring. The settlement reached was very satisfactory from the United Kingdom point of view.

At a total availability of 155,000 tonnes, which is about the level expected in 1984, the United Kingdom will (he said) obtain 24.15 per cent of the total, after allocating the fixed quantity of 7,100 tonnes to Belgium which at a level of 21,000 tonnes will obtain 23 per cent, after allocating 6,000 tonnes to Belgium.

These shares are well in excess of the 10 per cent share of the historic catches which averaged only 16 per cent between 1960 and 1976. Throughout the negotiations on this difficult subject I have stayed in close touch with representatives of the industry and I am grateful for the strong and sensible support which they have given. They welcomed the settlement reached.

At my request the EEC Commission will start work on the Norwegian side today (Thursday) to seek to establish arrangements which will permit fishing for herring in the North Sea to commence as early as possible in 1984.

The Council also endorsed the agreement between the Community and Norway on total allowable catches (TACs) and shares of the joint stocks other than herring and sprat. The agreement, which was signed yesterday, sets out the arrangements for the joint stocks of herring and sprat.

Local democracy is unimpaired by the fact that the Government and this Government have always insisted, the national economy has to have some assurance that local authorities will not set up too much of the public expenditure available.

Procedure for complaints against police

FISH AND FOOD

The Government is considering measures to reduce the numbers of salmon taken illegally especially by organized gangs within the 12 mile limit. Mr John MacGregor, Minister of State for Agriculture, Fisheries and Food, told the Commons at question time. In particular, proposals for a salmon tagging scheme under the report Salmon Conservation and Control.

He said that specific areas had been identified where modest improvements could be made, where guidance would be desirable and existing good practices in individual forces might be extended nationally.

In particular, some clarification of the "double jeopardy" rule would be helpful and he was considering with the Lord Advocate what guidance might be issued to chief constables.

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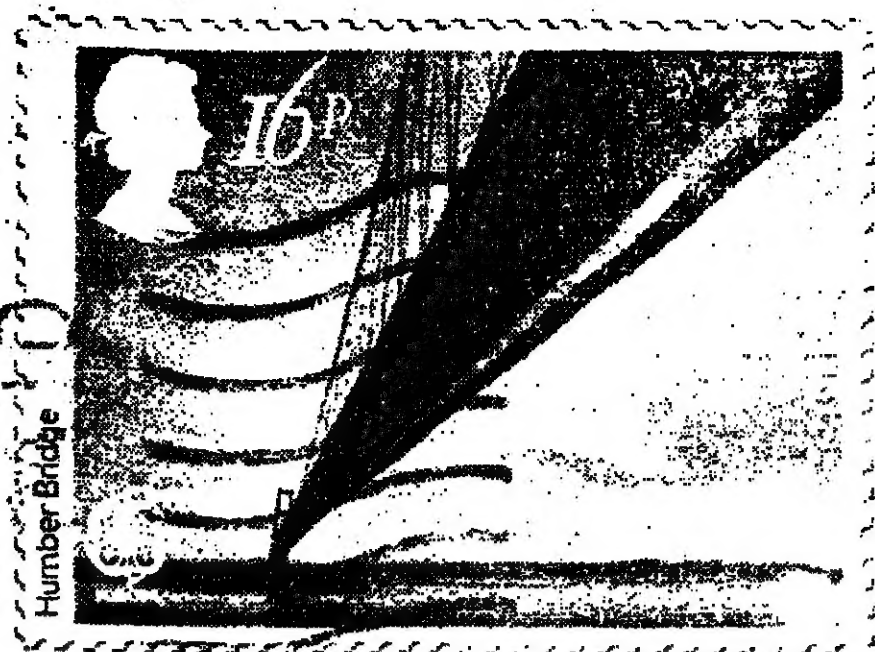
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Trafalgar House have just announced another record year. Turnover up 33% to £1.4b. Profits up 20% to £79m. Dividends up 18% to £21m.

But this year, financial analysts have not been alone in anticipating such impressive results.

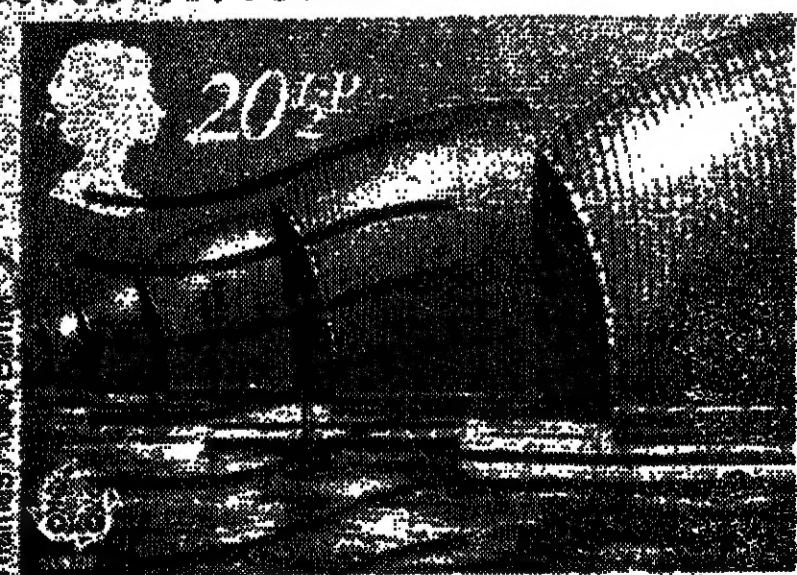
Philatelists also had more than an inkling of what was going to come.

Because in May the Post Office issued three special stamps under the title "British Engineering Achievements."

Two out of the three featured works in which Trafalgar House companies have been deeply involved.

Our Cleveland Bridge and Engineering Company and Redpath Dorman Long were members of the consortium responsible for the Humber Bridge, the longest single span bridge in the world.

How many other companies can put their results on the outside of the envelope?



And Cleveland also constructed and installed the gates and gate arms for the Thames Flood Barrier.

There were of course, several other significant Trafalgar House events this year which the Post Office has not yet celebrated in philatelic form.

For instance, the purchase of two new cruise ships, the Sagafjord and Vistafjord, which make Cunard's cruise fleet now the most luxurious in the world.

The acquisition of a significant stake in the Forties oil field from BP. The completion of the new Stoke Mandeville Hospital by Trollope & Colls. The Ankobra Bridge in Ghana. The Sultan Qaboos University in Oman.

Put together, our year might be the basis for a whole album of stamps. In fact, for twenty years, with almost monotonous regularity, good news has been coming through the letter boxes of Trafalgar House shareholders.

In 1964, our first Annual Report as a public company showed turnover of £446,000 and profits of £86,000.

Last year, Trafalgar House earned £500m in overseas sales alone.

You can find out exactly how we've built our business by getting us to send you a copy of our company report.

We will be posting them bearing some very particular stamps. After all, philately is the sincerest form of flattery.

For a copy of our 1983 Report and Accounts, contact The Secretary at 1 Berkeley Street, London W1X6NN

Trafalgar House
PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

Guardian is told to surrender cruise missiles document

The *Guardian* was ordered by a High Court judge in London yesterday to hand over a secret memorandum that could lead to the unmasking of a "mole" in the Government service. The surrender, however, is to be delayed until tonight to allow the newspaper time to appeal.

Judgment in the appeal is expected today. The *Guardian* assured the High Court, however, that it would obey the court's final order.

Mr Justice Scott rejected arguments by the newspaper's lawyer, Lord Rawlinson of Ewell, QC, that it was entitled to protect anonymous source under the Contempt of Court Act, 1981.

The memorandum, about the delivery of cruise missiles to Greenham Common, was published by the newspaper on October 31.

Mr Michael Heseltine, Secretary of State for Defence, and Sir Michael Havers, QC, the Attorney General, asked for the document back unmutated so that they could identify the source from markings on it.

The judge said that the newspaper did not contest that the Secretary of State and the Attorney General were the rightful owners of the document. It was also accepted that no damage will be, or has been, suffered by its publication.

The newspaper claimed that under the Contempt Act it would have to reveal its source

only if it was in the interests of justice, national security, or for the prevention of disorder or crime. It claimed that none of those conditions applied.

But the judge said that the Act could not be used to limit the right of an owner to recover property.

Mr Simon Brown, for the Secretary of State and the Attorney General, had argued that there was a matter of national security at stake because the leak showed that someone in a high place in the Government service was untrustworthy. He said that "national security required that he be identified and got rid of" the judge said.

It had also been argued that other Governments might be reluctant to share information with Britain until the source was identified, but the judge said he did not think it was self-evident that other Governments might react as described.

The judge said it was a case where "injustice" might be done if he refused to grant the order. Further, if he was wrong on his interpretation of the Contempt Act there would be an arguable case to be tried on the question of security.

In ordering that the document should be handed over he also ordered the newspaper to pay the costs of the hearing.

Law Report, page 9



Marek Zwiefka-Sibley and Emma Lesiecka in London yesterday holding some of the 15,000 cards being sent to Polish refugee children in Austria (Photograph: Bill Warhurst).

Herring quotas agreement rescues Europe's common fisheries policy

From Ian Murray, Brussels

"Blue Europe" is now complete. Fisheries ministers in Brussels have eventually sorted out a six-month wrangle over North Sea herring quotas, which means that the common fisheries policy, signed last January, can at last be made fully operational.

Mr Michael Jopling, the British minister, emerged extremely happy from the meeting when it ended in the middle of Wednesday night. The agreement, he said, was "a triumph for British fishermen". They had been allocated more herring than he had ever hoped for.

The agreement means that next year Britain is to be allowed to catch 24.15 per cent of the 155,000 tonnes of herring which scientific advice suggests would be the proper level to preserve stocks.

Mr Jopling pointed out that over the 16 years up to 1976, when herring fishing had to be banned to save it from extinction in the North Sea, Britain had averaged only 16.7 per cent of total catches.

The final agreement became possible because the conservation measures imposed in 1976 had been so successful. When the ban was lifted earlier this year the allowable quota was set at just 84,300 tonnes.

Next year the figure is nearly twice as high, and it is hoped that, by careful controls to prevent overfishing, it will be possible to increase the total to more than a quarter of a million tonnes before long.

It was the prospect of more

fish in the future which eventually persuaded Holland and Denmark to accept the herring quotas. According to the agreement, Denmark is given a progressively larger and larger share of the available fish.

At the 250,000 tonne mark - which is considered to be the upper limit at which the fish can be sold for consumption - the Danish share would rise from its present 21.15 per cent level to 35 per cent. The extra Danish fish would be kept in Denmark's fishmeal industry supplied.

Agreement on herring quotas is to last for 20 years, like the rest of the common fisheries policy. But falling stocks of cod and haddock, which make up 50 per cent of Britain's catch, mean that the industry could face a tough time next year.

The Commission wants to reduce the quotas for North Sea haddock by 18 per cent and the quotas for cod by 7 per cent next year. This would cost British fishermen something like £15m over the year.

HERRING CATCH PERCENTAGES

	155,000 tonne quota	Up to 250,000	Over 250,000
W. Germany	13.3	15	17.5
France	13.2	12	8.5
Holland	27.5	27	21.5
Belgium	7.0	(8.00)	1
Denmark	24.15	22	35

Christians get Peking protection

From Christopher Wren (New York Times)

Dr Robert Runcie, said here that Chinese Christians are enjoying greater safeguards in trying to build a church, but he stopped short of suggesting they have achieved religious freedom.

The Primate, who is about to end a two-week visit to China, told a press conference on Wednesday that his hosts had shown him recent legislation that protected Christians from the persecution they suffered during the Cultural Revolution.

"From this I take it that the official political line is one of broadening through the constitution and the criminal code the possibilities of free religious practice," Runcie said.

It was too early, he said in reply to a question, to tell whether full religious freedom existed. "Certainly I have seen evidence that there are more churches opened, more Bibles available, and I can only assume that is the result of less political pressure against such things."

Children want Marcos to quit

Manila - About 2,000 children yesterday marched through the business district here, demanding the resignation of President Marcos (Keith Dalton writes).

Miss Kristina Aquino aged 12, the daughter of murdered opposition leader Benigno Aquino, led the children. "The only Christmas present I want is for President Marcos to resign," she said.

Mitterrand visit to back Belgrade

From Dossa Trevisan, Belgrade

President Mitterrand began a three-day visit to Yugoslavia yesterday. The aim of the trip, apart from reinforcing trade, economic and political ties, is to demonstrate France's support for Yugoslavia in its non-aligned role between east and west.

M. Mitterrand is accompanied by M. Claude Cheysson, the French Foreign Minister, and three ministers in charge of foreign trade, finance and transport.

Yugoslavia is going through serious economic difficulties and is counting on financial

support. Last year France joined other Western countries and the International Monetary Fund in providing a package of financial assistance which eased the burden of debt repayments.

Yugoslavia has succeeded in increasing its exports to countries with convertible currencies and in reducing drastically its balance of payments deficit.

Next year it is counting on further financial backing.

The Yugoslav Government will also raise with President Mitterrand its wish to increase its exports to the European Community.



President Mitterrand, in a study by Konrad Muller, a West German photographer, in the garden of his house at Latche, south-west France.

Aid groups worried by police Bill

By Peter Evans

Home Affairs Correspondent

Voluntary bodies added yesterday to growing concern that the Police and Criminal Evidence Bill would allow confidential records and documents to be seized, despite Government undertakings.

The Law Society has already criticized loopholes leaving private legal, medical and journalistic material open to search and seizure.

The National Council for Voluntary Organisations has now urged Mr Leon Brittan, Home Secretary, to revise the Bill at committee stage.

The council has written on behalf of a wide range of voluntary bodies worried that loopholes and ambiguities will give police access to the files.

Faced with that threat, the organizations say they will have to make a "harsh" choice. They could cease recording clients' personal details or withdraw guarantees that such information would be held in confidence.

Mr Nicholas Hinton, its director, says in the letter: "NCVO and a number of other voluntary organizations would prefer to see a simpler procedure, giving clearer protection to the records of voluntary organizations, whether held by paid staff or volunteers."

Alternatively, the council would like amendments to the Bill extending the scope of excluded material and protecting it from seizure.

The standing committee on the Bill yesterday approved Clause 4, which regulates police powers to mount road checks.

The Reyn-Bardt case

Why an ancient skull trapped a killer

The woman's skull which led to Peter Reyn-Bardt's confession to the killing of his wife was so well preserved by the Cheshire peat bog in which it had lain for more than 1,500 years that it still contained parts of the brain, hair and ligaments when it was found earlier this year.

Indeed, it was only when the remains were sent to the radio-carbon dating laboratory at Oxford University that the police discovered that it could not have belonged to Reyn-Bardt's wife, Marika, who died in June, 1960.

Because the skull was so well preserved and the structure of the nose matched that in a photograph of the missing wife, the pathologist who first examined it was convinced that it came from Marika.

The skull was found in May by a workman excavating peat for a Somerset mushroom farm about 300 yards from Heathfield Cottage in Wiltshire where Reyn-Bardt killed his wife, possibly during an argument over money. When the police were brought in they sent a team of investigators to the mushroom farm to sift through the rest of the peat for further remains.

But the only other item found in that and other searches of the land surrounding Heathfield Cottage was a two-inch long iron pin which could have come from the hair of the skull or a leather working awl. Experts are unsure whether the pin dates from Roman or Saxon times.

Confronted with the discovery of the skull, Reyn-Bardt, who had previously denied

killing his wife, confessed and was taken to Heathfield Cottage to point out the exact spot where he had buried her remains. But when a further search proved fruitless, the police decided to send the skull for radio-carbon dating.

The Oxford archaeological research laboratory was chosen because it has just developed a new £500,000 radio-carbon mass spectrometer which can date organic material to within a 140-year period.

Tests, which were completed in October, showed that the skull had belonged to a woman aged between 30 and 50 who had died in about AD410 during the final years of the Roman occupation of Britain.

According to Dr John Gower, senior archaeologist at the Oxford radio-carbon unit, the remains of severed heads of women from the Dark Ages have been found in peat bogs in various parts of northern Europe, particularly Denmark and Ireland.

In 1824 a similar skull was found in Lancashire. Another was found in Cumbria, also during the nineteenth century when peat was dug by hand.

Archaeologists believe that the heads, always of women, were buried either as part of some ritual or because they were guilty of some heinous crime.

After dating the skull, Dr Gower visited the spot where it was found and discovered that the ground was still very wet. Other research into local documents disclosed that a wooden track had run across the bog in ancient times.

How to spot that short measure

By Tony Sanasara

More than half of public houses may be serving short measures of spirits, a survey of hotels and bars in Merseyside has shown. Trading standards officers bought about 60 drinks and found that more than 35 of them were short-measured.

Although Merseyside County Council prosecuted 12 licensees, who were fined a total of more than £800, officers conceded that most of the violations were probably inadvertent.

Confusion generally arises with non-standard spirits, such as single malt whiskies, fine brandies and the like, which are not connected to Optic measures and therefore require the use of a thimble. Mr Peter Mawdsley, principal investigations officer for Merseyside, says bar staff are often not properly trained in use of the thimble. "The thimble measure should be filled to the top, and if there is any spillage it should fall into the glass. Customers should insist on seeing their drink poured."

The most celebrated short-measure case recently, in which the Savoy Hotel in London admitted selling a short measure of malt whisky in its American bar, also involved a waiter described in court as "a young, inexperienced chap".

Drinkers who want to check a measure should watch the bartender filling the thimble. It should be held absolutely level over the glass and filled to the brim. Even Optics can be fiddled by withdrawing the glass too quickly.

Ice in the glass makes it almost impossible to guess whether the measure is accurate.

Christmas gift for Rock

From Our Own Correspondent, Madrid

Coinciding with the first anniversary of Spain's partial relaxation of the frontier restrictions for Gibraltar, residents of the Rock from yesterday will be allowed during

Spain's 'right to education' Bill

Church and state battle over private schools

From Richard Wigg, Madrid

A long running controversy over state-financed education came to a climax this week, as the Spanish Parliament debated the so-called "right to education" Bill introduced by the Minister of Education, Señor Jose Maria Maravall.

Doctrinaire socialism and militant Catholicism are struggling for influence, while many ordinary parents and taxpayers that only want the best education for their children that state funding can provide.

The minister, who holds an Oxford doctorate in sociology, under attack for choosing to send his own children to Madrid's fee-paying British Institute. Opponents of the Bill charge that he wants to deprive other parents of their right to choose a religious education for their children.

They do not stop short of accusing the Socialist minister of attempting to abolish Spain's Catholic Church-run education altogether.

Spain is remarkable for having more than one third of its primary and secondary education run privately. Most private schools are in the hands of the Catholic Church, but receive state subsidies of up to 100 per cent.

The Church built up this almost unique position during the Franco period. In Zaragoza, for example, there were only two state grammar schools and more than 50 private secondary schools at the time of the dictator's death in 1975.

A majority of Spain's Catholic bishops, believing they enjoy the firm support of the Pope, are anxious to maintain their sway over educating the young in a country where almost everyone is nominally a Catholic.

Señor Maravall's Bill would replace the education law of 1979, introduced by the Centre Democrats, which gave the

Church generous funds for education with little supervision. The minister hardly helped matters, however, when he addressed a Socialist teachers' congress last weekend and accused the entire private sector of being motivated only by the desire for economic gain.

Tomorrow the Catholic lay organizations are preparing their reply, urging millions of parents to demonstrate in the big cities and help to collect up to 10 million signatures for a petition against the Bill.

The right-wing Father Angel Suertes, chairman of the Federation of Private Education Establishments, who is locked in a power struggle with the Education Minister, claimed yesterday that the state had a constitutional obligation to finance his organization's schools regardless of the parliamentary debate.

What most angers owners of the privately-run schools is that supervision by the state would be coupled with new school councils, on which parents and staff could easily out-vote the proprietors and the headmasters both on administrative matters and the curriculum.

Señor Maravall: Lunched attack on church schools.

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Singapore leaves few Stones unturned

From David Watts

Singapore

While the rest of the world worries about unemployment and nuclear missiles, Singapore is concerned about the Rolling Stones and chewing-gum.

The Government has banned the latest Stones album and is thinking of doing the same to chewing-gum. Neither is likely to cause great cultural deprivation as the album is already seeping in on the black market anyway.

However, officials of the Goethe Institute are still gasping at what the men from the ministry did to films brought in for a German film festival.

A film of Günter Grass's *The Tin Drum* was so mangled by the time the Ministry of Culture censors had finished that it had to be thrown away.

Through the films were to be shown to a restricted audience, they had to be censored under Singapore law. But what appealed Goethe Institute officials was that, instead of consulting about cuts, the ministry went ahead and made them, ruining one of the few copies of the film.

Some eighteen months ago Singapore appeared to be easing restrictions on avant-garde foreign films and leaving in risqué scenes where cuts would ruin the integrity of a production. Clearly, there has been a rethink, or ministry bureaucrats are unaware of any more liberal attitude.

It was a customs man who first spotted the offending Stones album. Undercover, with its picture of a naked woman. Soon a letter was on its way from the Controller of Undesirable Publications, pointing out that the cover was unsuitable for the Singapore market and saying distribution would not be permitted.

The distributors, anticipating this, have tried to persuade the Stones to use a less controversial cover for the local market, but to no avail.

No doubt chewing-gum will be smuggled in too, despite a television ban on gum advertising, due in March.

"Personally I consider it rather obnoxious seeing very good-looking young boys and girls wandering around with their jaws moving like cows chewing their cud," Mr Suppak Phansavan, the Minister of Foreign Affairs and of Culture, said.

"From being a country that has become associated with cutting the long hair of men, we'll become associated with the banning of chewing-gum, which isn't something I'm particularly concerned about," said the minister, who claimed that Singapore spends more than £20,000 a year cleaning up the mess left by gum chewers.

Singapore has long since dispensed the notion that it is a "little dragon", an offshore representative office of Peking in a predominantly Malay-stock area.

But if the political and economic comparisons do not apply, some of the cultural ones do: just as Peking is cleansing the country of foreign cultural pollution, so Singapore is strengthening its defences against undesirable extraneous foreign culture.

Gema peace

Journalists under US Marine fire

Clashes

Atom tests damage not proved

Señor Maravall: Lunched attack on church schools.

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Lebanon's President in London

Gemayel sounds warning about peace troops quitting too soon

By Henry Stanhope, Diplomatic Correspondent

Hasty withdrawal of the multinational peace-keeping force (MNF) from Beirut would have "very grave consequences" for the Middle East and for the world at large, President Gemayel of Lebanon said yesterday.

It would undermine the "promising" process of reconciliation among his country's warring factions (which was begun at Geneva last month), he told a press conference in London. He was on an official visit, which ended yesterday.

President Gemayel hoped soon to announce the date and place for the next round of reconciliation talks, at which he would like to fix the terms of reference for a new "broad-based government of national unity".

But he would not confirm reports that negotiations would resume in Montreux, Switzerland, next week. That would have to wait until after a meeting in Damascus on Sunday between the foreign ministers of Syria, Lebanon and Saudi Arabia.

The meeting would also discuss the withdrawal of Mr Yasser Arafat and his Palestine Liberation Organisation troops from Tripoli, he said.

At Geneva the parties had been impressed by how much they had in common. Now he wanted them all to work for the withdrawal of foreign "illegal" forces from his country - by which he meant those of Syria, Israel, Iran, Libya and the PLO.

But Lebanon's relations with Syria were "excellent". He hoped to visit Damascus as soon as President Assad's health had improved. "I wish him a prompt recovery," Mr Gemayel said, though he would not comment on the nature of the Syrian leader's illness.

President Gemayel was scathing about the "superficial" nature of the "number of critical articles in the British press, one of which had questioned whether Lebanon was worth saving."

But he was full of praise and gratitude for those countries, including Britain, which had supplied contingents for the MNF.

"I know you would like some indication of how long it might be before the British contingent can return home. Indeed, if I knew that, there would be no need for their presence in Lebanon."

"It will be the responsibility of the new broadly based government to arrange with the countries concerned the withdrawal of the MNF after that of all other foreign forces. Lebanon is under a moral obligation to see that all those of our friends who have come to our aid, return home safe and untouched."

● STRASBOURG: It was vitally important to involve the Soviet Union in the search for peace in the Middle East, King Husam of Jordan told the European Parliament yesterday (Ian Murray writes).

The king, in Strasbourg to be

awarded the Parliament's gold medal, called on Europe to highlight the need for a dialogue between the two superpowers to prevent the danger of new polarisations and a disastrous new eruption of violence in the Middle East.

The king was highly critical of the American position. He said Israel seemed to be encouraged in its expansionist quest by American reluctance to remain true to the fundamental principle of international law that territory could not legally be taken by force.

The "so-called strategic and cooperation alliance" between the United States and Israel he regarded as being contrary to the spirit of President Reagan's own peace proposals and had allowed Israel to pursue its own expansionist policies.

"They have all but totally destroyed United States credibility and allowed the spectre of superpower polarisation to loom menacingly over the area."

Begin, but without the shrill rhetoric, provocative statements and excessive security measures associated with Ariel Sharon, the former Defence Minister.

Speaking at Bracha, a controversial new outpost overlooking the Palestinian town of Nablus, Mr Shamir surprised his ultra-nationalist audience by saying that stone-throwing was only a secondary problem. He stressed that those who attacked Jews

Shamir calms angry settlers

From Christopher Walker, Ramallah

Angry calls from Jewish settlers for harsher policies against Arab stone-throwers, including deportation and stiff minimum jail sentences, were yesterday rejected by Mr Yitzhak Shamir, making his first tour of the occupied West Bank as Prime Minister.

His remarks were seen as heralding a new era in which Israel will pursue the expansionist settlement policy inaugurated under Mr Menachem

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were a small section of the 800,000 West Bank Arab population.

After listening to complaints from Jewish West Bank leaders - including a twice-repeated claim that the Jews were "dogs in Arab eyes" because of the lack of physical response to recent attacks - Mr Shamir delivered a considered reply which included a call for self-restraint.

"We belong to the same school of thought," he told the settlers. "But we absolutely must not get involved in settlers' violence. Those people who have been strong in what they have built must also be strong in self-control."



Knife protest: A Druze fighter reacts angrily to the Israeli evacuation of Christian militiamen from Deir el-Qamar.

EEC-Arab meeting ends in fiasco

Athens - An attempt to revive the dialogue between Arabs and West Europeans after a hiatus lasting five years, ended here in total fiasco when the delegates failed to agree on a joint communiqué (Mario Modiano writes).

In answer to one question, Mr Shamir acknowledged that Israel was facing difficulties, but stressed that settlement remained the Government's top priority and should not be affected by spending cuts.

Ironically, Mr Shamir's pledge came on the day Israel formally submitted its request for \$2,600m (£1,800m) for US aid for the fiscal year 1985.

Announced simultaneously in Jerusalem and Washington, it was divided into \$1,400m in military aid and \$1,200m in civilian assistance. It was accompanied by a declaration that Israel hopes to lower its standard of living by 10 per cent.

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DESPITE HIS AGE THIS ONE WILL RUN... AND RUN!

I NEVER SAID NEVER AGAIN

RR

Doubts over future of Vienna talks

By Our Diplomatic Correspondent

Doubts over the future of the long-running East-West talks in Vienna on Mutual Balanced Force Reductions (MBFR) persisted last night, after delegates broke up for Christmas without fixing a date for their resumption.

The Western side had proposed a return to the negotiating table on January 26, but the Warsaw Pact countries for once had not responded.

Mr Willem de Vos van Steenwijk of Holland, who acted as Nato spokesman, said the Western powers regretted the outcome.

The confusion was not unexpected, coming after extensive leaking in the West, where diplomats have tried to play down the significance of the Soviet-led action.

Soviet officials have themselves been at pains to indicate that a date for resumption is likely to be fixed later through diplomatic channels.

But Herr Andre Wieland, the East German Ambassador to the talks, said pointedly that the West's rejection of "all practical solutions" had raised the question of whether the negotiations could continue at all in their present form.

MBFR talks opened exactly 10 years ago with the objective of negotiating a reduction in the number of troops on either side in Central Europe. But they have been deadlocked for most of the time, most recently over Warsaw Pact insistence that it has 150,000 fewer forces than Nato contends.

The Union walked out of the Geneva talks on Intermediate-range Nuclear Forces (INF) last month, then refused to agree to a date for the resumption of the Strategic Arms Reduction Talks (Start).

● GENEVA: Neutral and non-aligned countries are determined to prevent the Stockholm conference on confidence-building measures in Europe, opening on January 17, from becoming another arena for confrontation between the superpowers, the Yugoslav delegate, Professor Acimovic, said yesterday (Alan McGregor writes).

He was speaking after two days of talks which, he added, showed much common ground between representatives of Sweden, Switzerland, Austria, Finland, Yugoslavia, Malta, Cyprus, Liechtenstein and San Marino.

● PARIS: A person "of very high rank in the Russian hierarchy" will make an official visit to Paris at the beginning of January, it was announced here yesterday (Diana Geddes writes). Observers believe that the main purpose of such a visit would be to discuss the Euromissile crisis.

Prosecutor seeks 7 years for nanny

Liverpool (Reuters) - The prosecution in the trial of Carol Compton, the Scottish nanny, called yesterday for a seven-year prison sentence for arson and attempted murder.

In his two-hour summing-up speech, the prosecutor, Signor Arturo Cindolo, told the jury that two professional and six lay judges that they should not convict the 21-year-old girl of arson alone.

Miss Compton is standing trial for crimes the prosecution says she committed while working for two Italian families in 1982. She denies the charges, which claim that one of the five fires she is alleged to have lit was meant to kill a three-year-old child in her care.

Speaking on the fourth day of the trial, Signor Cindolo said he could offer little explanation for the crimes, although he repeated suggestions that Miss Compton might have lit the fires so that she could return to her boyfriend in Rome.

Earlier in the day the court heard evidence from two psychiatrists who said they found Miss Compton to be fundamentally sane, although with some mental abnormalities.

Signor Cindolo bitterly criticized the way much of the case had been conducted. Referring to allegations of bizarre events in the houses where Miss Compton worked, he said: "We have talked more fully about falling vases than about the baby she is accused of murdering."

He also attacked the British press who, he said, had talked of witches and then said "we were to try her for witchcraft. We are here to judge calmly and logically... something which is logical for us must be so for the whole world."

Going through what he said were inconsistencies and contradictions in Miss Compton's story, he said she was the only person who could have started the fires.

But he added: "I can't bring you witnesses, there aren't any. Nobody can say 'I saw Compton start the fire'."

The two psychiatric witnesses rejected suggestions in court that Miss Compton might have faked poltergeist activity to disguise pyromania.

Three judges indicted

Chicago (AP) - Three present and former Cook County circuit judges and seven other men have been indicted here after a three-year undercover investigation of corruption in America's largest court system.

Those indicted were judges Wayne Olson and John Murphy, and former Judge John Devine, a Chicago policeman, four attorneys, a deputy clerk and a private individual.

The indictments alleged bribes or demands for pay-offs ranging from \$30 (£21) to \$30,000. The cases ranged from relatively minor offences, such as traffic tickets, to drug cases and such matters as divorces and trust funds.

Bomb hits S African ministry

Johannesburg (AFP, AP) - At least seven people were hurt when two bombs exploded yesterday in two buildings in central Johannesburg, the South African news agency Sapa reported.

One of the devices apparently went off in an office of the Foreign Ministry, on the fourth floor of a building opposite Johannesburg City Hall. Police cordoned off glass-fronted streets around the 11-storey building and an office block next door which was also damaged.

Poll boycott

Kingston, (AP) - Jamaicans yesterday went through the motions of a national election, but with only six constituencies being contested out of 60, the ruling party of Mr Edward Seaga is assured of remaining in power. The main opposition party boycotted the poll.

Fatal defoliant

Belém, Brazil (AFP) - Forty-two people have died from a defoliant use by a private electrification firm, Senhor Joao Batista Bastos, Agriculture Minister of state of Pará, said here. The defoliant was used to cut a swathe through the Amazonian jungle to build a 500-mile power line.

Tutu praised

Durban (AP) - A mercy plea by Bishop Desmond Tutu saved the lives of four white mercenaries sentenced to be hanged for a bungled coup attempt in the Seychelles, Martin Doinichek, a mercenary freed from a long jail sentence, said here. He praised the bishop as a "committed Christian".

Star's son fined

Paris (AP) - Paul Belmondo, aged 20, the car-racing son of Jean-Paul Belmondo, the film actor, was given a one-month suspended prison sentence and fined about £400 for assaulting a photographer who attempted to take his picture with Princess Stephanie of Monaco.

Bomber appeals

Rangoon (AP) - Captain Kang Min Chul, a North Korean, sentenced to death last week for his role in the bombing which killed 21 persons, including four South Korean Cabinet members here in October, is to appeal. Major Zin Mo, also sentenced to death, did not appeal.

Player cleared

Stockholm (AP) - Vyacheslav Bykov, a Soviet ice-hockey player accused of shoplifting in a department store, was acquitted by a court here.

Climber killed

Katmandu (AP) - A 37-year-old technician from Warsaw was killed instantly after falling 230ft during an assault on Mount Manaslu in northwest Nepal.

Costly review

Düsseldorf (AP) - A West German court has ordered a food critic to pay damages to a restaurant owner who was forced to close after a review that compared one of his entrées to "shoe leather and coal." The amount will be decided later.

Clashes on French press Bill

From Diana Geddes, Paris

A debate began in the French Parliament last night on the Government's highly controversial Bill on press monopolies. This is aimed officially at limiting the size of press conglomerates and unofficially at breaking the back of the right-wing Hersant press empire.

The previous night an Opposition censure motion accusing the Government of attacking the fundamental right of freedom of information was overwhelmingly defeated by 247 votes to 158, but only after heated exchanges which at one stage prompted the Prime Minister to walk out, followed by the Socialist and Communist MPs.

The Bill seeks to prohibit any one man or group from owning more than three national papers whose combined circulation

must not exceed 15 per cent of total national newspaper sales; owning both a national daily paper and a provincial daily paper; and owning provincial dailies (of unlimited number) whose combined circulation exceeds 15 per cent of total provincial daily sales.

In addition, it stipulates that the name of the person who owns or controls a newspaper must in future be published in each issue of that paper, together with the titles of any other papers within the same ownership, the name of the editor and the size of the paper's circulation.

M Robert Hersant, owner of the leading right-wing daily, *Le Figaro*, falls foul of the proposed law in two ways. He owns three national papers whose combined sales amount to 40 per cent of the total, and 14

provincial dailies, whose sales are within the proposed limit, as well as some 18 other publications.

He would therefore either have to sell all his national titles and keep his provincial papers, or sell all his provincial papers and in addition one or two of his national papers so as to bring his national circulation within the 15 per cent limit. There is no circulation limit for a single paper.

M Hersant, who is used to fighting battles, claims and indeed acts as if he is not worried.

One source of comfort to M Hersant is his conviction that the provisions of the Bill will not be able to be enforced until 1986, by which time he believes that France will have voted a right-wing majority back into Parliament.

Washington mission by Trudeau

From Mohsin Ali, Washington

Mr Pierre Trudeau, the Canadian Prime Minister, after touring the world in the past two months with his nuclear disarmament proposals, yesterday brought his peace initiative to President Reagan here.

Mr Trudeau hopes that his campaign will eventually produce a meeting of five nuclear weapons powers - the US, the Soviet Union, Britain, France and China - aimed at reducing nuclear tension, and bringing about nuclear non-proliferation and better crisis management. Reagan Administration officials have been lukewarm to such a five-power meeting at this stage.

Mr Trudeau has discussed his proposals in several West European capitals, as well as in Tokyo, Peking and at the recent Commonwealth summit in Delhi. He hopes to visit Moscow for similar consultations at a date yet to be fixed.

His proposals include a ban on "star wars", anti-satellite systems and clamping a lid on the current angry East-West rhetoric.

Atom tests damage not proved

From Tony Duboudin, Melbourne

Studies on Australians who took part in British atomic tests on Monte Bello Island and at Maralinga in the 1950s and 1960s have concluded that there is no evidence to suggest the tests had adverse effects.

The studies, tabled in the Senate yesterday, were carried out by the Federal Department of Health and looked at the health of more than 9,000 people.

Dr Neal Blewett, the Minister for Health, said he had long recognized the concern of many former participants in the tests about the possible long-term effects of exposure to radiation. However, these latest studies confirmed that it was not possible to demonstrate that exposure to radiation had had significant adverse effects.

In February, Mr Doug Rickard, a member of the health physics team at Maralinga from 1957 to 1959, suggested that radiation readings taken from people involved in the British tests had been faked.

Walesa to lay wreath

Gdansk (Reuters) - Mr Lech Walesa, leader of Poland's banned Solidarity trade union, said yesterday that he would lay flowers today at a monument to shipyard workers killed by police, as union supporters prepared for a day of anti-government protest.

Underground Solidarity spokesmen have urged Poles to demonstrate peacefully in Warsaw and other cities to mark the thirtieth anniversary of the killings during food riots in Gdansk in 1970.

Solidarity hopes, page 14

Educated men rule, but academic chaos reigns

From Rasit Gurdilek, Ankara

The newly installed government of Mr Turgut Ozal is, educationally, one of the most impressive in Turkey's history, including 11 engineers, three financial experts, two doctors of medicine, a jurist and an economist. Most have degrees from Western universities.

However, the background of this comparatively young team contrasts sharply with the state of the universities, reduced to a shambles by controversial "reform" and ensuing purges by the former military regime.

In an attempt to end what was seen as intellectual support for the political terrorism which racked the country in the pre-1980 years, the universities were brought under state control through the creation,

two years ago, of a higher education board.

Of its 25 members, eight were appointed by the president, one by the chief of the general staff, six by the Council of Ministers and two by the Ministry of Education, leaving only eight members for the universities to elect themselves.

Mandated to impose stern discipline on the then-autonomous higher education institutions and substitute a "national" culture for "harmful foreign ideologies", the board started a series of purges which put an abrupt end to the careers of many liberal academics and those suspected of being Marxists.

Many others resigned in protest at this attack on academic freedom, or quit to avoid the consequences of

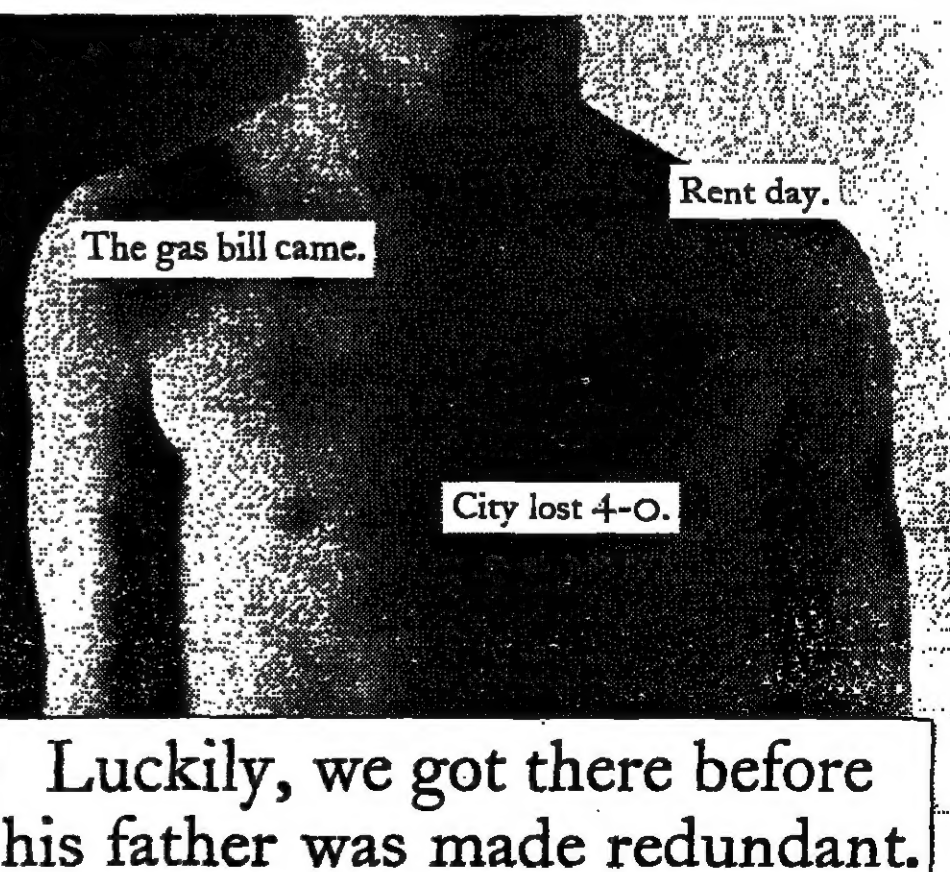
dismissal ordered by the martial law authorities which entailed disqualification for life from any further government service.

A dismissed assistant professor from the faculty of political sciences at Ankara university one of the most elite institutions, until recently regarded as an "incubator" for trained bureaucrats for government service, told *The Times* that the teaching staff of 162 was almost halved in two years after the establishment of the board, despite an approximate 40 per cent increase in the number of students.

Professor Ihsan Dogramaci, the president of the board, remains confident that the "reform" he has masterminded will prove to be of benefit to the universities in the long run and

refuses to admit any serious after-effects of the purges. He says that those dismissed constitute an insignificant number of the total teaching staff. But he was forced to attempt, with poor results so far, to recruit academics from abroad, particularly Britain.

Academic circles remain pessimistic about the prospects of a liberalization of the measures in the near future, even by the government of Mr Ozal, whose election manifesto had backed multi-party democracy, along with moderation and, in an interview earlier this month, the victor of the poll was quoted as being careful not to commit himself to a revision of the higher education policies, noting that the new regulations enjoyed constitutional sanctity.



Luckily, we got there before his father was made redundant.

Most families cope with everyday problems and anxieties. But some parents just can't tolerate the stress. For them each difficulty is seen as a catastrophe. Bitter and frustrated, they resort to violence and often inflict it on those they should be closest to - their own children.

Since 1984, the NSPCC has helped save more than 9 million children from suffering serious or fatal injuries at the hands of their parents.

Sometimes we can only do it by removing the children. But in most cases we keep the family together. We sort out the problems that led to the violence. And we stay in touch once the family is more stable - ready to help at any time if another crisis occurs.

We can't do it without spending money of course. And for that, we depend almost entirely on your generosity. Any donation you can make

now will help us continue to remove the problems from a home, and not the children.

Without your continued support the NSPCC won't survive.

Without the NSPCC, neither will hundreds of children.

Yes, I would like to help, and I enclose my cheque or postal order for £..... Access and Visa card holders may debit their accounts.

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Please send your donation to Dr A. Gilmore, NSPCC, 67 Saffron Hill, London EC1N 8RS

Alfonsín begins military purge by naming four new chiefs of staff

From Douglas Tweedale, Buenos Aires

President Raul Alfonsín has named four new chiefs of staff of the armed forces, in the first step towards what he promised would be a "substantial and profound" reform of Argentina's military structure.

The Defence Minister, Sr. Borras, announced the appointments on Wednesday night, just 24 hours after President Alfonsín ordered the trial of nine former military junta members on charges of murder, torture, and illegal deprivation of liberty, in connection with human rights abuses.

General Julio Fernández Torres, a career infantry officer who once disobeyed orders from former President Galtieri during the Falklands war, is to be chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

This is Argentina's top-ranking military post, president Alfonsín eliminated the rank of commander-in-chief in all three services on the ground that the constitution empowers the

President to be commander-in-chief of all military forces. General Jorge Argüelles, an officer with a reputation of being non-political, was named Chief of Staff of the Army Rear-Admiral Ramón Arasa was designated Chief of Staff of the Navy, and Brigadier Teodoro Waldner will occupy the same post in the Air Force.

President Alfonsín's choices imply a virtual purge of the existing military leadership, as the promotion of younger officers will automatically force 29 generals into retirement from the Army 17 admirals from the Navy and two brigadiers from the Air Force.

The new Government has pledged to rid the armed forces of officers with political ambitions and to place the military under firm civilian control which may turn out to be the most difficult task facing Sr. Alfonsín.

Besides their long history of invention in Government,

Argentina's armed forces greatly increased their economic and political power during the last seven years of military rule. The armed forces are also widely believed to be responsible for numerous atrocities during their campaign against left-wing terrorism in the mid-1970's.

President Alfonsín has promised that those officers responsible for human rights violations will be brought to justice, and that he will transform the services into "strong, effective armed forces that will play their proper role within the constitution."

General Fernández Torres, the centerpiece of the Government's military reforms, reportedly refused to obey an order from General Galtieri to launch a parachute attack on Goose Green during last year's war on the ground that it would inflict unacceptable casualties on the Argentine troops.

Finance and Industry, page 17



Nun killed: Sister Jean Sawyer from Belfast (in white, back), a Colombian Order nun, who was killed in a shoot-out in Lima, Peru, after being taken hostage, with three other nuns, by 18 escaped convicts. She was a social worker with slum-dwellers, pictured with her. Four convicts also died in the gun battle with police.

Meese's remarks hard to swallow

From Nicholas Ashford, Washington

Mr Edwin Meese, the White House Counselor, has the pink, rounded countenance of someone who likes to eat well, which perhaps partly explains why a remark he made about hunger in America created such a political storm.

In a recent interview, Mr Meese said he had never seen authoritative figures that there were any hungry children in the US. He also said he had "considerable information that people go to soup kitchens because the food is free" and "that's easier than paying for it."

His remarks naturally produced a storm in a soup bowl. Democratic Congressmen and welfare organizations have excoriated him for his lack of sensitivity to the needs of the hungry, arguing that their numbers have increased sharply as a result of Reagan Administration cutbacks in social programmes.

According to the Congressional Budget Office, food stamp spending will be down by \$7,000m (\$2,700m) between fiscal 1982 and fiscal 1985 as a result of Reagan cuts, while spending for child nutrition programmes will be down by \$5,300m.

Mr Thomas O'Neill, the House Speaker and an outspoken critic, pointedly noted that the Administration was still refusing to release \$44m



Mr Meese: A storm in a soup bowl.

which Congress has approved to finance the distribution of surplus foodstuffs to the needy.

Like Mr Meese, Mr O'Neill's own bulky physique suggests that he is not exactly on the breadline. One of the poorest cities in America - Boston - he knows what it is like to be hungry.

President Reagan has leapt to Mr Meese's (and his Administration's) defence, charging that his counsellor's remarks were taken out of context and expressing his determination to eliminate hunger in America.

"If there is one person hungry in this country, that is one too many," he said, adding that his Administration was doing more to alleviate hunger than any previous one. The President's defence of Mr Meese was not only a show of loyalty to a trusted aide but was also intended to prevent Democrats from making too much political mileage from his hungry remarks.

New opinion polls show that a majority of Americans believe the Administration's cutbacks in social programmes have created hardship for many people.

Democratic contenders have already made it clear the "hunger issue" will be one of their main lines of attack on the President's record. Remarks like Mr Meese's merely help create an impression that Republicans believe soup is the first course of a five-course meal, rather than sustenance for many thousands of hungry Americans.

King has last laugh in Malaysia crisis

From M. G. G. Pillai, Kuala Lumpur

Malaysia's four-and-a-half-million constitutional monarch has ended abruptly as it began. But the acting King, signing the controversial amendments to law, yesterday had the last laugh.

Besides getting a written undertaking from Datuk Seri Dr Mahathir Mohamad, the Prime Minister, for a special parliamentary session next month to incorporate the ruler's objections into the constitution, he placed him on the defensive.

The constitutional amendments, passed last August, had 23 provisions, which apart from the contentious provisions the rulers objected to, also included the new parliamentary and state boundaries.

If these changes were not gazetted into law by Thursday the boundaries could not be altered for another eight years. Considerable political problems would then have been brought to bear upon the Prime Minister from his own supporters.

The rulers objected to the provisions that transferred the authority to impose an emergency from the King to the Prime Minister, the extension of some of these provisions to the states, and the automatic assent into law of any Bill that the King did not sign within 15 days of it being presented to him.

The special parliamentary session would be held before January 11, when Datuk Seri Mahathir goes to the United States on an official visit.

The bigger political problem for Dr Mahathir is that in the run-up to the crisis he had managed to split his United Malays National Organisation.

Man against the state Ex-MP fights to keep his land

From Mario Medina, Athens

Undeterred by the threat that Greece might seize "Achmetaga", his 11,000-acre wooded estate on the island of Euboea, Mr Francis Noel-Baker, the former Labour MP for Swindon, is planning to develop it into a holiday resort.

Last weekend, he accompanied Mr John Blay, of Clydebank International, the British developers, for a survey of the area. "In the first phase," Mr Noel-Baker said, "we plan to build 50 holiday villas on non-forest land." Mr Blay said the intention was to start developing early in the spring.

By then, of course, the Greek Government will have made up its mind whether it will declare invalid the Noel-Baker title to this land which is said to date back to 1832. "Achmetaga" was named after the Turkish landowner who sold it for 10,000 gold sovereigns to Edward Noel, the present owner's great-grandfather, when Greece regained its independence.

A ruling of the Supreme Forestry Commission last month challenged the validity of the Noel-Baker title on the ground that the Turkish title-deed surrendered usufruct, not ownership.

Mr Moschos Gikenoglos, the Greek Under-Secretary of Agriculture, who must accept or reject the commission's recommendation, said: "We have nothing against Mr Noel-Baker. We referred to the

commission 122 similar cases of contested titles of private forests. We could hardly have exempted him."

Mr Noel-Baker believes the Government established this new procedure in an attempt to take over his estate without paying adequate compensation required by the constitution. He said he would fight his case in the Greek courts.

Greek officials claimed that in earlier negotiations Mr Noel-Baker had revoked an offer to give the 10,700 acres of fir and pine forest to the state. If it let him keep his house, 50 acres of farm land, and exempted him from all arrears of taxes and duties. The Government had responded favourably.

Mr Noel-Baker denies making such an offer. He said his tax liabilities topped at \$43,000. "I am not a tax evader," he said.

Mr Noel-Baker, 67, is a former MP and a supporter of the junta.

Go-ahead for census in Germany

From Michael Blyden, Bonn

A national census, planned for last April but cancelled after objections had been lodged with the Constitutional Court, can go ahead, the court decided yesterday. But important changes had first to be made to stop any misuse of the information collected.

The court ruling was welcomed by the Government, which had fought hard to hold the controversial census, insisting it was essential if proper provision was to be made for West Germany's falling population. The Ministry of the Interior, which has given a warning of serious strains on social services, education and medical care because of the changing demographic profile, has said its estimates of the population could be out by up to a million.

The court said the Government was fully entitled to hold a census, the first since 1970, but could not pass on the information to other authorities.

Objections had centred on fears that the computer-processed answers could be used by the police, landlords and credit companies, and that confidential data would not be destroyed after use.

The Social Democrats, who called for a postponement of the census in the spring, said the judgment was an important step in strengthening privacy. The Greens, however, who led the move to boycott the census - which the Government threatened to punish with fines of up to DM10,000 (£2,500) for anyone refusing to fill in the forms - are unlikely to be mollified.

The questions the census will pose include those on religious affiliation, earnings, employment, housing and education. The Ministry of the Interior reckoned that the abortive April census would have cost DM371m, and needed 500,000 enumerators.

No enumerators would have been allowed to enter anyone's home, or disclose the answers they were given. But in Bavaria at least they would have been given a reward of DM2.50 for each German and DM5 for each foreigner they reported to the police whom they suspected to be either an unregistered citizen or illegal immigrant.

Killer goes to electric chair after nine years

From Trevor Fishlock, New York

John Eldon Smith, whose wife persuaded him to kill his married couple, was put to death in the electric chair in Georgia yesterday. It was Georgia's first execution in 19 years and the eleventh in the United States since capital punishment was restored seven years ago.

Mr Smith, aged 53, was executed hours after the Supreme Court in Washington voted by six to three to reject a final appeal. He had been convicted nine years ago of killing his wife's former husband and the husband's new wife in an attempt to collect insurance money.

A fellow-inmate of Georgia's condemned cells, Alpha Stephens, was spared from the

electric chair nine hours before his scheduled execution this week after the supreme court voted by five to four to grant a stay. His lawyer, successfully raised the issue of racial discrimination in respect of the death penalty.

The question of race plays a considerable part in the long running controversy over capital punishment in America. It has been shown that a murderer is more likely to be sentenced to death if the victim is white rather than black. Mr Stephens is black, and has been convicted of killing a white man.

Abolitionists say that the carrying out of the death penalty is to some extent a lottery.

One tutorial with him could change your life.

Soon a member of the Royal Navy's University Liaison Team will be visiting your university or polytechnic.

Not to give a speech or pep talk, but to chat with undergraduates individually.

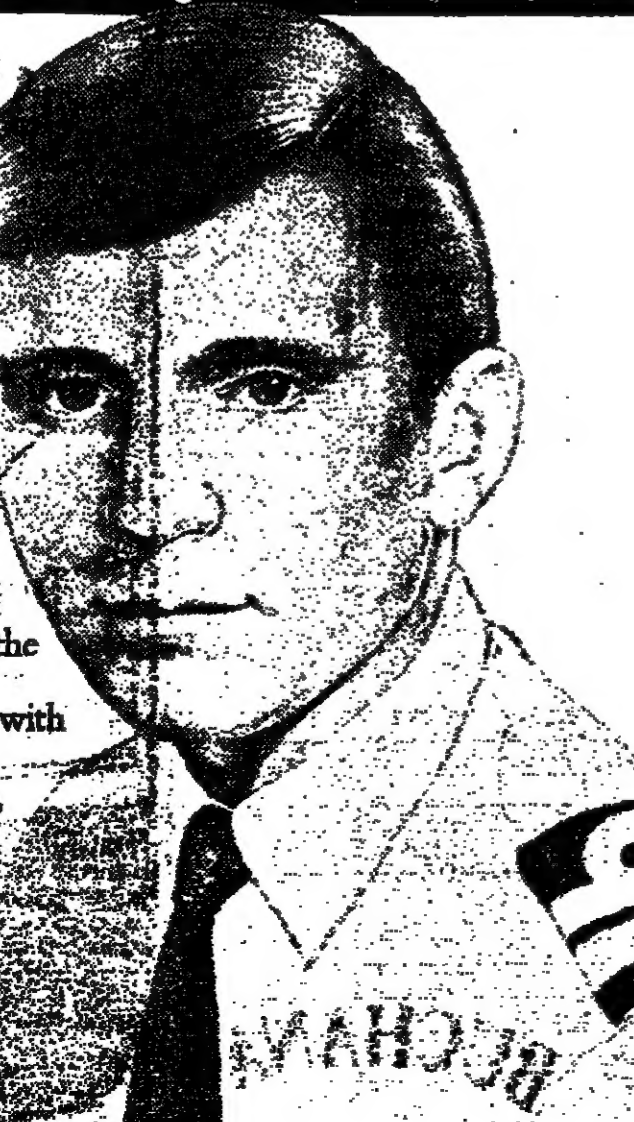
He'll tell you about the challenges facing everyone who wants to join the Royal Navy, the Royal Marines or the WRNS.

He'll talk about a career that begins with a salary of at least £6,482 a year, the £900 p.a. Naval Bursaries that are available to undergraduates who wish to be sponsored prior to joining. And he'll do his best to answer any questions you may have.

Give some thought to the questions you ask him. It's the best way to find out if his life is the sort you want to lead.

To arrange an appointment have a word with your careers adviser. If you'd like some information to browse over in the meantime, write to Cdr J.C. Dunn, BSc, MPhil, CEng, MIMechE, PRN, Graduate Entry Section, Dept 276, Old Admiralty Building, Spring Gardens, London SW1A 2BE.

ROYAL NAVY OFFICER GRADUATE ENTRY



Salvador troops to join next US manoeuvres

By Alan Brinkley

The United States will hold a third round of troop manoeuvres in Central America next summer, according to military sources in Honduras.

The next exercises will involve fewer troops and there will be no "symbolic extravaganzas" like last month's amphibious landings which were the centrepiece of the Big Pine 2 manoeuvres, the sources said.

Big Pine 3 will be characterized by its regional flavour. Troops from El Salvador and possibly Guatemala will take part. Most of the 3,000 American soldiers in Honduras will have gone by March.

Meanwhile, Honduras is pressing for loans to spend another \$400m (£270m) on military equipment over the next four to five years.

Offended Pertini gives back gift to Lévesque

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THE ARTS

Cinema: David Robinson pays tribute to the genius of Max Linder (left), born 100 years ago today, and reviews new releases in London

Treasurer of visual comedy



One hundred years ago today Gabrielle Linder was born in Saint-Louis, a little village near Bordeaux, where his parents were wine-growers. As Max Linder he was to become the first great international clown in the cinema. In the seven years preceding the First World War he achieved worldwide fame and popularity that were only to be exceeded by Charlie Chaplin. Yet today Linder is hardly remembered, at least outside his native France. When this year's London Film Festival showed *The Man in the Silk Hat*, the delightful biographical tribute by Linder's own daughter, it was the first opportunity for over half a century to see his masterpieces of comedy, but very few Londoners were curious enough to attend the show.

Linder was the only other comedian of silent films to establish a rapport and friendship with Chaplin, who called him "The Master" or "The Professor". Linder was established as a star even before Chaplin joined the Fred Karno music-hall comedy troupe, and his career was already on the wane by 1914 when Chaplin made his first films. In that

time, however, Linder had built up a treasury of visual comedy which has continued to serve his successors - Chaplin included - down to the present day. It is hard to discover a comedy plot or a single gag that is not anticipated in the 500 or more short comedies of his prolific output.

Linder was the first to introduce comedy of character to the screen. Other comedians of his generation depended upon frenetic knockabout. The comedy of Linder's films, like that of the later great comedians, rose less from the inherent comedy of the action than from his own responses to it. In Linder's case the humour lay in the contrast between the mad, disordered world he created around him and his own indestructible elegance and style. He was a grotesque he was young, handsome, debonair, gay, immaculate (give or take an occasional tumble in a lake or soiling with a hose) in silk hat, frock coat, cravat, spats, patent shoes and swaggy cane. He was gallant, and gallantry was generally his downfall for either his lady friends demanded extravagant exploits, as proof of affection, or

he was forced to desperate measures to avoid large and jealous husbands.

The sophistication of his humour and technique were far ahead of their times. He revealed a distinctive camera sense even before he became his own director. In his first starring film, *Debout l'en patineur*, he manages as he teeters and tumbles on his skates, always to keep himself in perfect compositional relationship with the exquisite backgrounds of the frozen Lake Daumesnil. Called upon to turn out his films at the rate of one a week and sometimes one a day, he made imaginative use of whatever locations, sets, props, were at hand: the Paris streets, Berlin squares and a Madrid corridor when he was on a theatrical tour of Europe; the Côte d'Azur or the ski slopes when he was snatching vacations; his family home when he was recuperating from one of the succession of illnesses that dogged him.

The poles of Linder's creation were the vivid reality that came from his habit of using locations in preference to the studio, and the surrealities of

his comic imagination. Normally inanimate objects like shoes will develop erotic lives of their own or Linder will launch into nightmares of being discovered taking a bath in public, or engaging in deadly combat with indomitable flypapers.

How could such a supreme comic talent come to be forgotten? He was a victim of history. At the moment that Chaplin emerged to eclipse the rest, Linder's career was abruptly halted by the First World War. After it, badly injured both physically and psychologically, he found it hard to rebuild his career. Two adventures in Hollywood production were less than successful. Back in France his feature career was spasmodic. Eventually he could bear no more. On October 30, 1925, apparently in a suicide pact, he and his 20-year-old wife died in a Paris hotel. In the room with them was their baby daughter, Maud Max Linder, who has spent her adult life working to restore the recognition her father deserves. Channel 4, which owes so much for our visual education, plans to show *The Man in the Silk Hat*, her latest and finest tribute, in the near future.



Norman Rossington: thunderous applause

Theatre

Bungled burglary

Mother Goose Shaw

The second *Mother Goose* of the week is a slicker and better cast piece of work than the Watford version, with equal claims as a traditional pantomime. But, where Watford gave the story a local twist, the Shaw version simply takes events as they come, dragging the author (Myles Rudge) along in their wake.

On come the Prince of Darkness and his rogishly benevolent opposite number (Joyce Grant) to select Mother Goose's cottage as their battleground, and you expect them to follow through with a plot hinging on human discontent. The Dame then rolls on in the person of a crinolined Norman Rossington who carries contentment to the point of simple-mindedness from her opening tumble off her bicycle to her hospitality towards an orphan on the day she is due for eviction by almy Squire Bagshot.

The story briefly returns to the railyards when the Demon King, posing as a representative of the Wicked Landlords' Protection Society, advises the Squire to steal the golden goose and carry on with the eviction so as to erect a multi-storey car park.

Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs Phoenix

"You said it was *Madrid*", complained a little boy stumbling ahead of me into the stalls. "Well, it's *Snow White*", came the parent reply. "Now shut up! Actually, this show is not too soppy for boys, and anyhow, what with wicked stepmothers disguised as beggar women and concocted heroines awaiting a prince's kiss, it is hard to remember whether one is seeing *Little Red Riding Hood*, *Sleeping Beauty* or what. Dana is sweet, but she and "All kinds of everything" could belong anywhere - and so, frankly, could these cardboard sets, decidedly too tacky for the West End.

Then along come the seven dwarfs - apparently real ones - silhouetted and stomping over a bridge with lanterns glowing and Hi-Fi noises. Their characterization has little chance to register but their mini-wellies do a rainbow collection from avocado to violet which junior audiences will probably clamour to buy.

Apert from the sticking door (cue for good comic ad-libs), the thudding drop curtain and the

But again, that lapses into a bungled burglary routine by the resident clowns (Jim Dunk and Clive Wood), incorporating an even feebler ghost routine.

The book is full of empty pantomimic tricks (such as the obligatory "big Hello" for the most supercilious character), local ends and undeveloped ideas.

Looking on the bright side, the show has a good score by John Gould that goes with a fine music-hall bounce and includes numbers, such as a recipe for eel stew, that lend themselves to witty chorus work. Ian Judge's production is at its best as a musical: bringing the conspirators together to defend their egg-grabbing as "All For the Public Good", and greeting the visitors to the North Pole with a chorus line of tap-dancing penguins.

Briefly granted his return to youth, Mr Rossington makes a fetching appearance in a tutu, thunderous applause and blown kisses from his balletic partner. And, besides Robert Austin's Demon King, a satirically Edwardian heavy swell, there is a very classy principal boy from Gay Soper, obvious Prince material however humble his surroundings.

Irving Wardle

Painted well that got nudged aside to let the Dame's sedan chair off stage, my only real gripe is that the show's eye on the box office directs it at jolly-rare audience: electric guitar and percussion even for *Nutcracker*, dances, and sassy chorus girls as seen on the box. Even Dame Doughtnut (Frankie Desmond) expects and gets the right reply for "Hi-de-hi!" but he and Muddles (Mike Newman) have the uncanny rapport of a twinkling Paddy and a rugged old cabbage in camiknickers as they bat balls of dough round the house - till everyone winces.

Entering with "Happy Talk" (with blissful incongruity), Dana relaxes into her young audience's vociferous reactions and registers innocent alarm by turning her palms outward as though testing wind resistance prior to takeoff.

Barbara Halliwell's Wicked Queen makes her mark with her chandelier-shattering cackle but the upstaging prize must go to the little red-suited girl, unwisely beckoned on, who peered self-possessedly towards the wings, waved at friends in the audience, and when invited to name herself bashfully wiped her nose with the back of her hand.

Anthony Masters

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Arts Council

Never Say Never Again (PG)

Warner 4; ABC Shaftesbury Avenue; Studio Oxford Circus; Classics Haymarket, Tottenham Court Road

Jaws 3D (PG)

Plaza

There would be little point in mentioning that *Never Say Never Again*, directed by Irvin Kershner, is one of the more tedious entertainments on offer this Christmas. No one would believe it of a James Bond picture; and in any event brand loyalty works wonders that the film has been topping the box-office charts in the United States since it

opened a couple of months ago and will certainly be as successful here. The credit titles indicate commercial confidence: the production partners include European Banking Company, Manufacturers Hanover, MFI Furniture Group, Midland Montagu Leasing and the First National Bank of Chicago (London Branch).

Then again there is the reassurance of old times' sake. Sean Connery (after his own protestations of never again) is back, looking hardly a day older or thicker, and still outclassing every other exponent of the role, in the godfathered throwaway which he parries all the sex and violence on the way.

The story recycles *Thunderball*, in which Connery starred 18 years ago; but Lorenzo Semple Jr's script is a rather monotonous switchback with Bond alternately placed in fixes and then ingeniously or violently extri-

cated. The element of self-parody is rather clumsily self-conscious. ("Let's get back to the gratuitous sex and violence," exclaims "Q"). The touches of sardonic topicality are better: the boffin "Q" has exhaled; his laboratory for what looks like a bicycle repair shop and bewails the cut-back of Government funding for his espionage devices.

There is a new element too of movie-buff references: the evil Patia Mustache (Barbara Carrera) is based on the Wicked Queen in *Snow White* both in her costume and her dramatic staircase descent, though she makes an exit more like the Witch of the North in *The Wizard of Oz*, sent up in smoke and leaving as the only vestige of a smouldering pair of pointy shoes. For the finale the film turns into *The Last Days of Pompeii*. The old gadgetry and special effects work are today somewhat eclipsed by touristic locations (the Bahamas, the Riviera,

Monaco) and an excess of underwater action.

Some of the supporting performers (Edward Fox, Rowan Atkinson) are superb; the compensatory exception is the arch-villain of Klaus Maria Brandauer, easily the best thing in any Bond film since Lotte Lenya honoured *From Russia With Love*. As Max Largo, plutocratic collector of yachts, beautiful women, objects d'art and not least Cuckoo's nest, he displays a serpentine charm and the chill calm at the edge of madness. Brandauer and the old familiar face of Connery very nearly make it all worthwhile.

Between the Bond film and *Jaws* 3D much of the week seems to have been spent underwater. Again brand loyalty will no doubt come into play, though the latest *Jaws* seems aimed at an audience so young that they are likely to suffer nightmares from the intermittent show of "shattered corpses," the "Paregal Guidance"

Concerts

Vienna PO/Mehta

Barbican

This year's homage to Webern, focused in the Olivetti International Webern Cycle, was caught up in Wednesday's closing concert in one of the most boldly-etched Janus faces of all, Schoenberg's *Pelleas and Melisande*.

The work, which was first performed in the year in which Schoenberg began to teach Webern, and which inspired his own *Pelleas*, was an enthralling choice for finale and all the more so for the Vienna Philharmonic's vital and intensely committed performance.

Zubin Mehta's own evident

excitement in the work showed, as it should, in his recognition that here was life set in motion by the rhythms of color itself. If the performance has any weakness it was, indeed, in the sometimes overharp definition of orchestral counterpoint in narrative which is never quite so explicit as it may seem.

But time and again one had to wonder at moments such as when the oboe, as Melisande, feels its way through the celli, haunted by the spectre of Golaud's horn. Or at the playful seduction of the violins by the flute; at the strange, seducing either flute or cello and harp; at the voracious sense of self-perpetuation in which the entire orchestra is taken up, for the last time in Schoenberg.

Before the interval we heard Schumann's *Four Symphonies*, stretching old and leaning forward too, while Hilary Finch, with a weighty mustache, carried behind. The ringing excitement Schumann felt while composing it failed quite to break through the rigorous duty of this performance, in which sheer physical energy perpetually trod down its imaginative life.

The evening ended, though with a fitting envoi: a repeat performance of Webern's *Six Pieces for Orchestra*, Op. 6, pitch and rhythm fluttering in embryo and resonating towards their new birth.

Hilary Finch

Williams/Williamson

Wigmore Hall

One could argue that the piano duo is for the twentieth century what the string quartet was for the late eighteenth: a natural, neutral medium in which to think musically. So it seemed on Wednesday night when Keith Williams and Clive Williamson gave a splendidly alive recital of three recitals from the last 20 years, all three taking up the invitation and the challenge to peculiarly powerful utterances, unobscured with trivialities: Ligeti's *Monument* triptych, Bernd Alois Zimmermann's *Mondage* and Roger Smalley's *Accord*. Nowhere, though, did intensity of thought drive away beauty of sound, partly because the pieces are made that way, partly because Mr Williams and Mr Williamson are both warm and colourful musicians as well as expert craftsmen.

This was at once apparent in the Ligeti, which was almost shockingly lovely after the steady, snappish interpretation of the Kontarski brothers familiar on record. The mechanical severity of the first movement lapsed more rapidly into a mirage, and the work appeared to find its fulfilment rather than its dissolution, in the finale, where previous events are put under water and wobbled.

The Zimmermann performance was also revelatory, concerning the general feeling that his music has become more

crucial in the 13 years since his suicide. *Monologie* might seem an ironic title for music engaging two performers, but the piece is very much a soliloquy by the composer, in which he sets the treasures of his own imagination against those of other composers from Bach to Messiaen, and against the awful consequences of imagination gone dead: massive splashes of clusters and growling in the deep bass.

Smalley's majestic, spacious and vibrant study in harmony, now happily available on record (Auracae Auracae 1006), gave the concert a richly rewarding second half.

Paul Griffiths

Chamber Orchestra of Europe/Accardo

Festival Hall

Founded in 1981, the Chamber Orchestra of Europe is an international body of young British-looking names. On Wednesday evening it showed itself to be an ensemble of very high calibre, and in the opening Andante of Mozart's *Divertimento*, K.137, the strings produced a tone that was beautifully smooth and light but also acutely expressive. They were acutely responsive as well to Salvatore Accardo's batonless direction.

The bounding central movement entailed no loss of refinement: in fact the nuances were almost as detailed. Several dynamic levels were clearly

defined in the finale, but one could have done with a clearer differentiation of tempo between these last two movements. The composer's directions - Allegro di molto and Allegro assai - are not of maximum helpfulness.

For Mozart's *Sinfonia Concertante*, K.364, Mr Accardo continued as director while taking up not his expected violin but the viola. The violin soloist was John Brown. An opening tutti showed that modest woodwind and brass additions made little difference to the sharpness of the CoE's ensemble. And these players were full of well-directed energy in the purely orchestral passages of the later movements.

Both soloists were at first rather disappointing, and did not project their phrases at all convincingly. In time they merged into the foreground, however, and gave a very fine account of the first movement's cadenza. The central Andante

was far more consistent, and the soloists' was a beautiful conversation indeed. Though always considerable, their expressive intensity was varied with much discretion.

We finally heard Mr Accardo's masterly violin playing in Mozart's rather lengthy "Hafner" Serenade, K.250, which, he again conducted. He proved to be stylish in both roles, and shaped the adventurous development section of the first movement with considerable insight. And soon afterwards there was some nearly sublime solo violin playing.

Max Harrison

Television

Firing line

To those who watched Monday's *Horizon*, in which FBI marksmen learnt gleefully to hit the "centre mass" between their targets' armpits, last night's TV Eye (ITV) will have seemed endearingly homespun. "Where's that first live round?" an officer asked a volunteer hoping to join the 5,000 authorized shots in the Metropolitan Police. The round was not where it should have been. "Oh my God!" said the officer, with a mock-desperate laugh.

Selection methods for this elite group were, according to one new entrant, inevitably "a bit and miss affair". Well, yes, and so. The programme had begun with a convincingly wet and confused re-enactment of the shooting of Stephen Waldorf, who was seen coaching the actors, their nasty, short and brutish parts. "We were frightened," said one of the actor-politicians, explaining his near-fatal mistake. One of Scotland Yard's top men indicated that psychological testing would soon form part of their selection procedures; a retired superintendent, from Yorkshire suggested that training courses should have such success built into them as would "make a man break if he's going to".

Mr Waldorf, who made a personal appearance at the critics' preview, described the reconstruction as a "very fair portrayal of what had happened to him, and added that the dramatization had helped him get something out of his system. No reviewer could argue with that.

Guns were much in evidence in Channel 4's *A Flame to the Phoenix* (surely phoenixes provide their own flames?) as some poor but honest Polish proletarian waited for the 1939 war clouds to burst over their heads. There were also some exquisitely-dressed English aristocrats at the country house where the events unfolded, though as everyone spoke with exquisite Oxford accents, and as all the young men seemed to have the same sort of face, it was hard to tell who was who.

Heel-clicking heroism with a basis in historical truth is an infallibly effective recipe, so this *Flame* on Four was in little danger from the off-button, but it was appallingly cheapened in its final frames. As handsome Florina died bravely in the saddle we flashed back to his teenage cousin's words about her lost virginity, an unlikely tale when first told, and grotesquely inappropriate now. Vulgarly, like murder, will out.

Today's *History* (Channel 4) took an interesting if over-diffuse look at changing notions of "childhood", from miniature adult to wage-slave to (increasingly) a substitute for immortality. It made an excellent commercial for the Christmas issue of *History Today*.

Michael Church

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Sex, sadism and . . . shrewdness

Actor Sean Connery is best known for his role as James Bond, Ian Fleming's suave, cool secret agent. But the Bond image is a far cry from the star's early life in an Edinburgh tenement. Duncan Fallowell talks to Connery as his new Bond film opens in Britain

This interview is short and fast, bright and early in the George V Suite at the Grosvenor House Hotel, Park Lane. Sean Connery is wearing a green Bahamas Golf Club sweater. The Bahamas and Marbella are alternately "home". But Mr Connery is a shrewd Scot - the legal address is Monte Carlo.

What's his next film going to be? "I've no idea. I've acquired a whole batch of stuff I want to read. I haven't read anything in a long time. I've been doing things like 30-hour flights from Australia. You can't concentrate if you do things like that." Who's his favourite actor? "Unfortunately he died. Sir Ralph Richardson." Actress? "Um . . . I adore Katherine Hepburn."

Nothing very idiosyncratic so far. Connery conveys a tremendous impression of reliability both as man and star. His impact is larger than life. Or is it less than life, this giant certainly unencumbered by neurosis, this temperament whose most exotic obsession is golf?

What are his weaknesses as an individual? "The real skill in dealing with major problems in relationships is to be able to know something about someone. You know something about a producer, say. To know it so that it doesn't get in the way of the main issue, that kind of detachment, I find it awfully difficult."

Well, here's an American question connected with that: has being famous made him a nicer person?

"I think I can say I've never maliciously done anything to anyone. If I have any religion or philosophy it's that I'd rather leave the place at least the same, if not better, having been here. And I have no desire to treat people any other way than I would like to be treated myself."

The Connery Code is a pretty strict one but, honed in a northern climate, it comes naturally to him. He doesn't smoke. He doesn't like bunglers or smart alecs or inefficiency of any kind. He goes straight from the film set to the golf course to the marital bed with hardly any deviations en route except, perhaps, for a sensible meal. But he isn't a cold person, at least not with strangers, so what's his idea of a good party?

"No more than six or eight people. Oh, that's not always true - we had a very good party, more or less by accident, when we were filming in London and I had an apartment in Lennox Gardens, just behind Harrods there. I just decided to have a few people round and it coincided with people coming into town - Michael



Sean Connery: "I think I can say I've never maliciously done anything to anyone" (Photograph by Brian Harris)

was coming in - Michael and Shkira . . . yes, Caine. Roger was there - Roger Moore, that is - and Albert Finney and Diana Quick - and James Hunt and his dog Oscar - and Jackie - Jackie Stewart, with his wife, and Barbara was there with the guy she's now married to, Barbara Carrera, and Michael Medwin - none of us had seen each other for a wee while and it went on and on, nobody wanted to go. It was marvellous. That's what a party's all about - timing. Otherwise I like a dinner where there's at least two people who don't quite get on."

When was the last time you were drunk?

The Connery Code, honed in a northern climate

"Oh, just the other night actually. I like Scotch. I'm going back a bit to beer now, too."

How many children do you have?

The files give different numbers.

"That's because I inherited some. When I married Diane Cilento she already had a daughter. Then we had Jason, who's my only child." Divorced 1973. "My present wife has from a previous marriage two sons and a daughter, and the daughter has two daughters." He married Micheline in 1976. She is Moroccan. They met at a golf tournament in Mohammedia, Morocco. Connery won the men's title, she the women's.

Have you enjoyed being a father?

"Yes. One could have been better. Coming late to a choice of career, not marrying until late, the showbusiness lifestyle, the need for domestic help, got in the way somewhat."

Your own home as a child - was it warm and welcoming?

"No. It was very austere. So one really spent as much time as possible out in the streets."

Connery is an intelligent man, but one drawn in broad, simple strokes with any oddities ruthlessly edited out as soon as he was sufficiently rich and famous to become uncompromisingly non-eccentric. But the granite line begins early, in 1930 when he was born into a poor Edinburgh household and given the name Thomas: father a lorry driver, mother a charlady, his cot a wardrobe drawer, his bedroom later the kitchen, tin baths in front of the fire, a lavatory shared by 12 families on the tenement staircase.

At nine he started work, delivering milk before school. At 13 he left school and became a full-time milkman. At 17 he went into the Royal Navy - discharged three years later with ulcers. Subsequent jobs included lorry driver, cement mixer, bricklayer, steel bender, coffin polisher.

Then more curious and narcissistic influences came into play. He became a lifeguard at a swimming pool, took up body building, became an artist's model where he learned to relax while displaying himself - excellent training for a star whose key quality would always be physical presence. Connery represented Scotland in a Mr Universe competition (bronze medal) in London, where a friend playing in the musical *South Pacific* said there was a vacancy in the chorus. On impulse Connery applied and got it. He decided to become an actor.

Although Tom became Sean in 1951, stardom wasn't as immediate. His first break was in a television play in 1956 - a 20th Century Fox contract and string of B films followed. "I'll do anything I can get my hands on," he said to Patricia Lewis in her "Confidentially" column in the *New Chronicle* in 1957. What he describes as the "prostitution phase" of his life ended in 1962 with the appearance of the first Bond, *Dr No*.

If he was a lad in Edinburgh now,

unemployed, no future, what would he do?

"It's desperate, I know. I've been up there. As you'll note, I was able to get into the work ethic very early. What happens now, I don't know."

Now for a few questions about sex. Connery is known to resent too-direct questions about his personal life, but he doesn't flinch. First, how did he discover the facts of life?

"Oh well, where I was born they were all messing around from the ages of seven and eight onwards in this big tenement building. It was impossible not to discover the facts of life. And there's a great puritan streak in Scotland which of course immediately intrigued the children - you wanted to know all about what was so terrible."

Can you remember your first experience of a woman?

"The decisive encounter was - we used to have air-raid shelters underground because the war was still on, I expect they're all filled in now - and I was walking along and was followed by an ATS woman and I was what, 14 years old I suppose, just left school. We ended up down in the air-raid shelters. A lot of things started in those shelters. This one was full of water, I remember, with planks and duckboards to walk on."

In a 1961 interview he said: "I don't

I have a chance to play out the fantasies

think there's anything very wrong about hitting a woman. I don't, though, recommend hitting a woman the way you hit a man." Would he still go along with that?

"Oh, yes, I still go along with that."

Generally speaking, would you call yourself a romantic? James Bond definitely is. In fact it is probably Bond's most amiable characteristic.

"No, I'm not."

He is a very masculine man - what is feminine in his character? For the first time the composure shudders. A glance of suspicion shoots out the side of his face, that famous suspicion which has battled journalists and producers alike, always on guard against being exploited, taken for a ride, used. He still attacks the exploiters, rather pointlessly since he's as rich as any. It is the puritanism again, informed by a slightly left wing sympathy. But actors are made to be used and, if they want to be stars, exploitation of their qualities is essential.

"I don't know. I'm not very good at reading my feminine side. You'll probably have to ask my wife . . . I don't see myself as macho as the image. It's something that got built up."

One of the specific mistakes in *Never Say Never Again* is to put Connery into a toupée again. It ages him terribly. He looks much better without it. What's good about getting older?

"I'll can't think of too many things, actually. A Muslim Moroccan friend of my wife's says the thing to do is to acquire wisdom, that the real pleasure of getting older is to become wiser. I have flashes of what I take to be wisdom, but on the whole I don't seem to learn a great deal. I went through that phase of the *I Ching*, Ouspensky's *In Search of The Miraculous*, Gurdjieff, *The Tibetan Book of the Dead*, you know. At the end of the day, it's not dissimilar to what's in the Bible."

Life's been good to him, on the whole. Has he had to pay a price, has he known any extreme unhappiness?

"No, I think the job has given me a chance to play out the fantasies, the kind of stuff which might well otherwise build up inside. When I was young I was very anxious and tense, though. My ulcers started at 16. But acting released this. I never want to go back to that again."

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moreover...
Miles Kingston

The Last Post at Christmas

Wayside Pulpit, by the Totally Reverend Phil Marsh, Chaplain to the TUC

I read the other day in the paper that it was already too late to send Christmas cards to people beginning with "Z" in Buenos Aires.

Maybe those weren't the exact details. But that was the general idea.

And it made me very sad.

Somewhere in an Argentine suburb sits someone called Alberto Zarzuela (let us say) who is condemned to receive no Christmas cards from us in Britain. A printer, perhaps, whose livelihood is threatened by the draconian laws enacted by the late military junta. How do we feel about this?

I know how I feel.

I feel that draconian is a funny word. People use it all the time without knowing what it means. I know I do. So today I am going to look it up in the dictionary.

Well, well, what do you know? Draco is the name of a faint constellation in the sky. So that is what it comes from.

No, hold on. Draco was also the name of an Athenian lawgiver who made almost everything punishable by death. So draconian law, they say, is "harsh".

I'll say.

I had no idea that it was punishable by death to form a closed shop of printers. No wonder our lads are out in force at Warrington. No wonder Alberto Zarzuela is feeling a bit apprehensive in sunny Argentina. Every Christmas card he receives is printed by a man who may have been taken out and shot by the time he gets it.

Makes you think, doesn't it?

Little did William Caxton think when he first used moveable type that his successors would be flocking to Warrington to safeguard their very lives. If he had known, do you think he would have joined them?

I doubt it.

In those days Warrington was but a tiny hamlet between Macclesfield and Liverpool, neither of which existed. Will Caxton and his merry band of flying pickets would have looked right twiddling on three cottages and shouting: "Reinstate ye Warrington alder!" I doubt that there were six in Warrington to reinstate.

And yet the principle is absolutely correct. Jesus says in the Bible (TUC version): "Blessed are the solid, for they shall get their just demands. Behold, I have been to my executive, and my executive is with me on this one."

What did He mean by this?

I think He meant that Alberto Zarzuela is depending on every one of us to stick by him this Christmas tide, to send him Christmas cards even if they arrive late. Behold, there were printers in the field to whom the angel appeared saying: Have you got my card sheet ready yet? And they made reply saying: This is our busiest period, you will have to wait like everyone else. For unto us a son is born (24.8), down the right wing and scored and bring to the table piping hot (continued page 67). Late result: Wrexham 0, Hymn 564.

I wonder what this means?

Blow me if I know.

And yet one thing I do know, because I have just looked it up in my Spanish dictionary. Zarzuela means "musical drama". Pantomime, perhaps? Do they also at this season have in Buenos Aires an extended run of "All Baba y los cuarenta ladrones"? Or "Ricardo Whittington", going on till March 3, if the new government lasts that long?

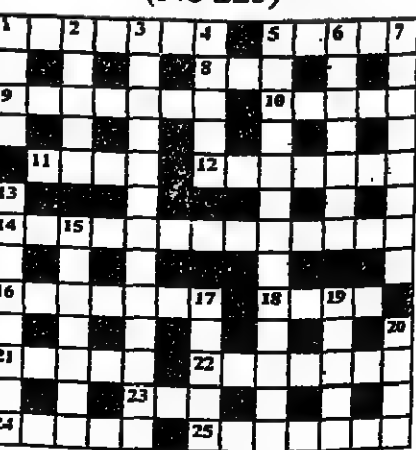
Impossible to tell. So let us, at this time of year, turn our thoughts finally to a stable in Bethlehem, where inside the oxen and ass are warm and comfortable, and outside a line of freezing photographers waits in the cold. It's a hard life being a press photographer, waiting for something that may never happen, peering through frozen keyholes and breaking down doors with their bare hands.

I believe the Italians call them paparazzi.

I wonder why?

Unfortunately, I haven't got an Italian dictionary.

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- Sport: Racing - SGB Chase at Ascot; Swimming - European Cup in Ankara
- Values: Investment in presents with a future; and table decorations with flair

PLUS: News from home and abroad; Gardening: Video review: Wines for the big day; Country Diary on the agrishusiness of East Angles; Bridge; Chess; Family Life with a checklist for Christmas; a critical guide to the arts; Collecting on modelling in wax; Tommy Trinder's return

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Keeping alive the pioneering spirit

In a timely antidote to recent ballyhoo surrounding polar expeditions, two young Britons are putting the finishing touches to an ambitious plan by which they will become the first men to haul a sledge unaided to the South Pole. It is not, they say, an expedition of discovery so much as one of rediscovery: indeed, they have given it the title "In the Footsteps of Scott".

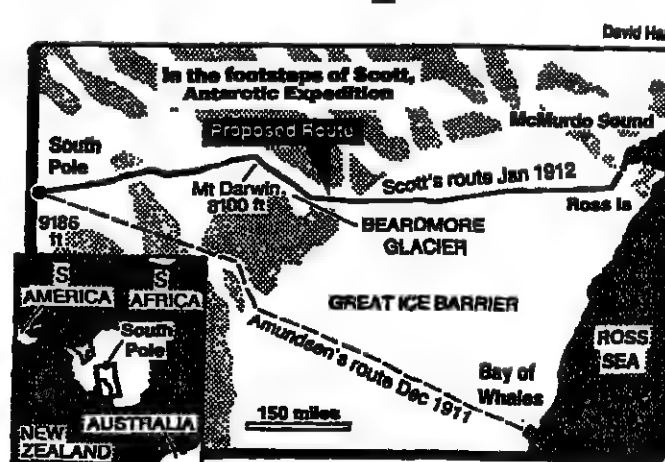
Robert Swan, aged 27, and Roger Mear, 32, plan to set out for the Pole in October, 1985. By a quirk of fate, a French expedition using dogs will repeat Amundsen's journey at the same time. The celebrated race to the Pole of 1911 between Scott and Amundsen will therefore, in a way, be re-enacted.

The men's motivation is refreshing. Swan, the leader, emphasizes their deep respect both for the past and for the fragile Antarctic environment. They have disdained travel by vehicle or resupply by air-drop, which would have rendered their journey unremarkable: when they reach their destination, however, they will be lifted out on one of the regular flights from the US base at the Pole.

Committed conservationists, they wish to draw attention to Antarctica's great assets: its isolation and beauty. "I could not go to the Pole on a conservation ticket sitting on a machine," Swan says. "Let's go back and achieve a journey that gives us and others a sense of the old spirit of polar exploration."

To the suggestion that they will only be completing half of Scott's journey, and the easier half at that, Swan explains that Scott had taken support parties to within 170 miles of the Pole: they will take none. This will make their loads heavier, a brutal 300lbs per man at the start, reducing by 5lbs a day as food and fuel are consumed.

As it is, they will start with full sledges to cross the first 400



A 75-day journey in the footsteps of Captain Scott

miles of relatively flat barrier. When they reach the foot of the Beardmore glacier, loads will still be a daunting 200lbs. Ten days of herculean and dangerous effort should get them up the glacier and on to the polar plateau, where 350 miles will separate them from the Pole. They plan to take 75 days in all.

It is fascinating to compare the changes wrought by the passage of 74 years. I asked Swan what psychological advantages he had over his famous predecessor. "We now have no fear of curves," he replied. "Neither do we fear isolation."

Scurvy was the bane of expeditions until vitamins were discovered just after Scott's time. General nutrition has also much improved. For instance, Scott's daily ration, mainly of pemmican and biscuits, weighed 2lbs 3ozs and gave 4,430 calories. Swan's will weigh 1lb 15ozs to produce 5,271 calories.

The radio has banished much of the anxiety of isolation. The pioneers made their decisions and their lives then depended on their sound judgment. Swan, on the insistence of the Americans who would be responsible for search and rescue, will take a radio. He can



Swan: into the past about for help and someone will hear.

How do physical abilities compare, then and now? Scott's men, no doubt typical of their generation, were a hardy bunch, but made no systematic effort to keep fit and were selected more for their all-round suitability and qualifications than for their purely physical attributes. Swan is a marathon runner while Mear is the sort of tough mountaineer labelled a "hard man", both maintain a rigorous routine of fitness training and both have previous Antarctic experience.

Technology has given us equipment - that is lighter, stronger and better. Scott's reindeer-skin sleeping bag weighed 15lbs and iced up dangerously. The modern down-filled bag is warmer and weighs about 6lbs. Scott took an 11lbs pick axe. Swan will have a telescopic ski pole/ice axe weighing 3lbs. And this story is repeated with every item of equipment.

Mountaineers consider a pair of men to be at a hazard on a glacier because if one falls into a crevasse the other cannot physically haul him out. Swan and Mear will be at particular risk on the fearsome Beardmore glacier. Crevasse rescue techniques have much improved, however, and they have some ingenious braking devices on their sledges to ensure that if one man falls in, the other should not be dragged down also.

To keep costs down, the expedition will be conveyed to and from Antarctica by an Australian-manned yacht. Even so, the project will cost some £324,000 - a modest budget compared, for instance, with the £4m for the Fionnes Trans-Globe spectacular. In the course of the expedition the yacht will circumnavigate the globe and it will be sold on completion to reduce the budget. There will be a total of seven expedition members in addition to the yacht's crew.

Sir Peter Scott, son of Captain Scott, is the expedition's patron. He particularly welcomes the way in which it will draw attention to the now urgent problem of the conservation of Antarctica. I suspect that he will also welcome the attitude of respect for his father that the venture reflects, in contrast to the hatchet job done on his reputation by the recent book *Scott and Amundsen*.

Mike Banks

The author is an explorer and mountaineer and holder of the Polar medal.

مَكْزَا مِنَ الْأَصْلِ

FRIDAY PAGE

COMMENT

Long time on short list

I have just completed the current school headship circuit. By the end I had accepted my status as the statutory woman on a short list. The comments of male colleagues reveal a marked enthusiasm for the presence of females in the management team, combined with a despair at the paucity and relative lack of qualifications of such applicants.

In January 1982 there were 3,307 male secondary heads in maintained schools in England. The figures are undisputed. In today's social climate this is serious. First, current correspondence suggests a growing concern at the lack of outstanding applicants for top educational jobs; in which case artificial barriers hindering more than 50 per cent of teaching staff are folly. Second, it is democratic to accept that to hinder the access of one particular group to top posts on entirely irrelevant grounds. Third, the hidden influence of the institutional power structure on the present generation of students has serious connotations. Fourth, changing social conventions mean that many women will become breadwinners and therefore should certainly have fair access to more senior positions.

The reasons for this disparity in achievement are both practical and psychological. The overwhelming disadvantage of the majority of women is their immobility. Most are married and cannot leave their husbands' area of work. The closing up of the promotional ladder, consequent on declining rolls, has meant that movement is almost essential for promotion. The effect of motherhood on career prospects is seriously underestimated, despite lip service to its value as an experience. The physical effects of childbirth are often not emphasized. We suffer the worst maternity provisions in Western Europe, except for the Irish Republic. There is no guarantee of part-time work during the early years of motherhood, followed by no full-time employment. Instead, with the present job crisis, teachers must hang grimly on to their full-time posts or face long term unemployment. There are formidable child care obstacles.

My experience of commuting husbands in the South-east made me realize that a daily absence of 12 hours was normal. Professional promotion depends not only on the efficiency of one's teaching, but also on wider educational contributions, such as examining, marking, higher activity, part-time study for higher degrees and in-service training courses. Their combination with a full-time job, domestic responsibility and finally motherhood is formidable indeed.

Some would argue that the psychological barriers were even more important. The basic problem is women's perception of themselves and their abilities. For four years, as vice-principal I was the sole female member of senior and middle management in a sixth-form college. All the heads of department - apart from Home Economics - were male. The stress was considerable. What do we do? First, every LEA should circulate the relevant statistics. There is nothing like hard fact in fighting any case. Second, those shortlisting for any senior appointment (Scale III onwards) should give clearly formulated reasons for an entirely male shortlist. Third, every LEA should mount in-service training sessions - organized by women for their female teachers. Fourth, requirements are more fundamental and include changes in our outdated maternity provisions and the Victorian assumptions of our tax and benefit laws.

For years we have accepted the philosophy that deprivation stemming from class and race must be rectified by positive action. Even the traditionally liberal minded jib at a similar stance on sex.

Geraldine Evans

The author is principal of King George V College, Southampton.

Helen Mason on the rivalry over a race to publish artists' versions of Shakespeare

When *Macbeth* in cartoon strip form was introduced to an astounded public last year there were many, including scholars, purists, and publishers who had turned the work down, who believed there was no market for such an outrageous product. They were all wrong. Not only is there a market, but also there is considerable rivalry to corner it. This month, with *Macbeth* still selling, there are two more cartoon books on sale.

The cartoon classics were the brainchild of artist Von, who has produced a version of *Romeo and Juliet* (pictured right) which has reached the book shops only days before a cartoon version of *Othello*. To the public, all three cartoons look like part of a series, with variations only in price. They are identical in shape and size and all use first folio texts. But in fact they come from different publishers.

Von's first illustrated play, *Macbeth*, was neglected for three years until it was spotted by Anne Tauté, who created *Oval Projects* in order to publish it. But Von's subsequent version of *Romeo and Juliet* was published by Michael Joseph. *Oval Projects* second Shakespeare cartoon was drawn by Oscar Zarate.

Both publishers intend to produce more plays and such rivalry must amaze all who doubted that comic book Shakespeare was a commercial proposition. Publishers who rejected *Macbeth* invariably asked: "Who is it aimed at?" Scholars would disdain the unsuitable format, they said, while comic book devotees would be dismayed by the full text. But *Macbeth* was bought by children as well as adults, and often by parents and teachers. It is a success.

If the race is taken the full length of all 37 plays, the odds are on Anne Tauté to win. She has more runners in the field. Michael Joseph intend to put all their money on Von, but *Oval Projects* will use a different artist for each play.

Von, who estimates it costs him £15,000 to produce the artwork for a play, started to sell the idea halfway through the recession. He took on a business partner in a venture calling for faith - it was three years before they sold *Macbeth*. Anne Tauté had faith. She saw the artwork in New York and mortgaged her house, sold



everything she could and formed a company, *Oval Projects*, to publish it.

The legal action which briefly and dramatically stopped the presses as *Macbeth* was being printed in Hongkong was the first public intimation of a rift between the two. Anne Tauté still cannot speak of the event without her voice rising in bewilderment. "I don't understand - I never will understand," she told me. "We were at the eleventh hour and I was in Hongkong when we got an injunction to stop printing."

Von, who recalls the scene with more laconic, claims he and his partner sought the injunction because they were concerned about the quality of printing. He told me disarmingly last week that one motive for going to court was to force a meeting with Anne Tauté, with whom he said they had developed a communications problem. As the action is estimated by Anne Tauté to have cost him £30,000 it was a flamboyant gesture. *Oval's* defence cost £7,000, but it won.

Despite these lively disagreements Von took his second work, *Romeo and Juliet*, to *Oval*, which had an option on his next book. Anne Tauté turned it down.

She explained her decision to reject *Romeo and Juliet*. "It wasn't a patch on the first work. I said 'Look, it's not right. But would you like to do another crude, bloody one, for instance, take two years and do *Hamlet*'."

Romeo and Juliet, published by Michael Joseph, beat *Othello* to the

bookshops by a matter of days. *Othello* scores by being cheaper (£4.50 in soft cover against £4.95) and has the added advantage of an optional package, including BBC cassettes of the play starring Paul Scofield. *Oval* has *King Lear* and *Twelfth Night* in production and aims to keep three artists working at once. The pace is rather slower for Von, who is awaiting a contract to do *Miswinter Night's Dream* and hopes to follow that with *Hamlet*. Both publishers have an agreement not to overlap, but I asked Von if it irritated him to find himself in competition over cartoon Shakespeare.

"What irritates me are two things. That I am in competition, yes, with my own idea, although it is not that so much as that I feel it was so forcibly taken away from me. I think that is the real point. I would never have minded if the whole thing had been amicable. I never intended, after all, to do all 37 plays. I feel ten would be a nice round number to start with. And secondly it irritates me that I am grubbing around to do my next book, whereas Anne has a commitment for a series."

He believes the problem lies in his insistence on royalties as well as an advance for his work. Certainly he has a royalties contract for *Macbeth* and wanted one from *Oval* for *Romeo and Juliet*. It is also, however, understandable that Anne Tauté, whose troubles with Von are by no means over, might prefer to work with less litigious artists. Her

relationship with Oscar Zarate, who was paid a flat fee for *Othello*, was trouble-free. Von approaches Shakespeare with respect, affection and a rather scholarly tendency to pedantry. He owns the first folio edition from which the text for the plays was used.

Zarate, an Argentinian, has a gentle, diffident personality which no one who has seen his work would expect. His pictures suggest he sees the world as a menacing place, an atmosphere he has grafted on to his bald and sinister Venetian, his sly-lipped Iago and his foolishly vengeful Rodrigo. His work on *Othello* is an extension of the drawings of punks and skinheads in his studio.

At 41, he is ten years older than Von. The idea of a Spanish-speaking Argentinian producing an illustrated *Othello* had struck him as incongruous, but Zarate smiled and said: "We read Shakespeare in Argentina, you know. He does not belong only to the English."

Although Zarate had no difficulties with *Oval Projects*, his work on *Othello* was not devoid of trauma. When he was commissioned to do the play, the Falklands crisis was reaching its height and it affected him badly. "I became very paranoid. I was disgusted with the whole event, with both sides. When the war started I was dealing with the first act where Othello is called to the senate and has to go and repel a Turkish invasion of Cyprus." The parallels struck him forcibly. "I was very paralysed for a while. I was going from radio to television to

newspapers. Then to Shakespeare. I do not see Othello as a noble hero. I see him as a mercenary."

Zarate has no reservations about the value of cartoon Shakespeare. Curiously, at one time Von did. Illustrated Shakespeare is not new, although cartoons using the full text are. Von himself had a comic version as a child but had not, he told me, taken it seriously.

"To me," he said, "Shakespeare is the language and to abridge or colloquialize removes the essence. I got an enormous amount of pleasure out of Shakespeare, even as a 16-year-old."

Overcoming his instinctive mild snobbery about comics, he found the project artistically exciting and, like everyone else involved in publishing Shakespeare comics, claims a missionary zeal in bringing the Bard to the masses.

He also admits candidly to a reasonable expectation that the project might make him a lot of money. He was paid £15,000 in advance but claims it cost him a great deal to produce the artwork. "It hasn't made me rich. It's made me poor. I'm broke which is why I'm living here with friends." He is living in a grandly decaying house in Bath, all stripped wood and marvellous objects on the walls. One of them a painting of Von's. He believes that by now he should be receiving royalties for *Macbeth*, a claim to which Anne Tauté reacts with controlled exasperation.

"It's quite ludicrous. People who know nothing about publishing imagine it's all very quick money. An advance is an advance against royalties. If you give someone £15,000 before publication, it is £15,000 to be earned by royalties as they come in. Von gets statements which show him exactly what the situation is. He will get royalties when he has exceeded his advance."

The crucial question is, how many copies of *Macbeth* have been sold? One report stated that the English printing of 33,000 sold out in three months and in America, with a print run of 53,000, it is being reprinted. Von is very interested in these figures which he is trying to verify. Anne Tauté, however, says the first edition has not sold out in England, and says the American publishers are wishing they had not ordered so many.

Standing fastidiously back from these disagreements is Von's new editor, Philip Harrison at Michael Joseph, an English graduate whose first reaction to cartoon Shakespeare was lukewarm. She changed her mind, she said, when the American company which owns the rights showed her Von's work. "I think it is absolutely lovely," she said. "And I think there is no harm in having two publishers doing illustrated Shakespeare. Providing we don't overlap."

A help or a hindrance? What the critics say



Scenes from *Othello*, published by *Oval Projects*

"They're ghastly... terrible... dreadful," said the actor, Donald Sinden. "What really appeals me is that for these prices people could get really good seats in a theatre to see the plays. Take *Iago*, from *Othello*, the play I know best because I have just played it. He is meant to disarm, the audience should trust him. This *Iago*, from page one onwards, is utterly villainous. For the species, the verses - they are better laid out, dare I say it, in a Penguin edition. I think people who read comics would find it all very confusing."

Schoolchildren were all prepared to welcome the books, even flick through them, although none seized them to retire to a quiet corner. I sought a more profound view from the only A-level student I know who is an authority on Shakespeare. Matthew Fay is 17, comes from a family with theatrical enthusiasms stretching back to the Abbey theatre and has been a dedicated theatregoer since childhood.

He has seen much of Shakespeare, including *Othello* four or five times, and got an A grade at O-level in English literature. He used his own acid test on the cartoon plays by looking for specific soliloquies and speeches to see how they had been

treated, and found the layout unsympathetic.

"It's not in verse lines, so you do not get the idea of iambic pentameter. Where the verse does matter you have to dart from place to place. The pictures work best where there are few words and a lot of action, such as Cassio's drunk scene. I'd love to have had something like this in the third year, but it wouldn't have much value for anyone seriously studying a play."

He liked the look of *Romeo and Juliet*. "The pictures make a good attempt at continuity. I think this guy manages to make the drawings complement the play. The colours and pictures do have a dramatic tenor to them, and the pictures are more sensitive to the text."

The views of teachers vary with the abilities of the children they teach. David Lunn, head of English at a public day-school for boys, was unimpressed.

"If it is a way of bringing people to Shakespeare who might not otherwise read the plays, fine. And on the credit side, at least the text is intact. But there is more to say against than for. There is the problem of who is speaking and in what order, and a shortage of stage directions. When you are studying Shakespeare, as opposed to reading it, you need a glossary. I think this is pandering to a mentality which expects everything packaged in pop form."

"It certainly does not inspire respect for the word on a page. Anything that brings Shakespeare to people who might then go and see it in the theatre could break down the class difference in his popularity. But if interest ends with the cartoon play it isn't doing much good. It seems to me the young imagination can conjure up much more interesting picture than what is being offered here. Frankly, this is a travesty of what one is capable of in one's imagination."

This view contrasted sharply with that of a teacher, now head of English at a sixth-form centre, who taught until this year at a mixed ability school in a deprived area.

She said: "I welcome anything that makes Shakespeare more accessible. When I was dealing with third and fourth-year classes of girls who approached Shakespeare with reluctance, I used devices like this myself. I got them to put the story into cartoon form, report the plots as for a newspaper, and act them out."

I often found that overcoming initial reluctance, all that was needed. The layout of a play, any play, can be off-putting to anyone. And Shakespeare, with all those slabs of verse and archaic words, is particularly alien at first."

Casualties of the cold

Legend has it that the saintly King Wenoclas peeded divine intervention to preserve the circulation in his feet as he braved the ice and snow; for those who have cardiovascular problems, but do not expect a miracle, a few simple precautions will reduce their chance of becoming one of the many casualties of cold weather.

Doctors find that trouble often arises as the patient prepares to go to work, or goes to bed. It is foolhardy for a man with a poor coronary circulation to leave the warmth of his house for the hard, unaccustomed labour of clearing snow in freezing conditions, and the circulatory strain is increased if he then drives to work in a car colder than the household refrigerator. It is the car that should stand outside, the engine and heater should be turned on before it is time to leave.

Invitro innovation

An improvement in the technique for invitro fertilization (test tube babies) has been introduced at Kings College Hospital will, by being safer and very much cheaper, enable far more women to have babies. Two years ago Professor Stuart Campbell, head of a method of collecting eggs from the human ovary.

It is this idea which has been developed by Professor Campbell and his team so that the procedure can be done as an outpatient. No anaesthetics are needed; and as no hospital beds or operating theatres are used, costs are substantially reduced.

The patient's ovaries are first stimulated by giving a hormone, FSH. Later a second hormone, HCG precipitates ovulation; exactly 35 hours after this hormone has been given a woman is ready to have three or four eggs aspirated from her ovary. She is seen in a sterile room where, under ultrasound surveillance, a needle is guided through the abdominal wall and bladder to the egg. Fifty hours later the woman returns, again as an outpatient, to have the fertilized eggs, embryos, implanted in her uterus.

The method is simple, safe and quick; it has not produced any side effects, other than an occasional trace of blood in the first specimen of urine passed after the eggs have been collected. It does not necessarily rely upon a highly trained team.

MEDICAL BRIEFING

Poultry poison

However distressing the emotional trial of state may have had to bear at the European Community Summit in Athens, they can not have been more trying than the physical problems they had to overcome at the meeting two years ago, when over 300 people were afflicted with food poisoning. This incident has been used to illustrate the perils of institutional cooking and the need for care when cooking the Christmas dinner.

Poultry is notorious for spreading gastroenteric infections, particularly salmonella and campylobacter, for however careful the butcher, the bird is likely to be contaminated by spilt intestinal contents. It is important that frozen poultry is completely thawed before cooking and that uncooked meat of whatever sort is not put in the same refrigerator as cooked food, or allowed to come in contact with it. Hands and kitchen utensils should be washed thoroughly after handling meat or poultry.

Several attacks of food poisoning have been traced to the habit of carving on the kitchen chopping board rather than in the dining room.

Knee surgery

This month the first of this year's skiers will hobble along to their doctors complaining that their knees click, lock, or are just swollen and painful; they will join the injured from the football field already on a waiting list for meniscotomy, the operation for removal of the whole damaged cartilage.

A recent review questions whether the development of the arthroscope, an illuminated viewing tube, now renders this operation obsolete for most cases. Although surgeons have, since the First World War, been able to look into the knee joint with an arthroscope, it has only become established as a diagnostic procedure in the last 20 years, and only within the last decade have advances in instrument design enabled surgeons to develop techniques of operating on the cartilage under direct vision.

Once these very difficult techniques have been mastered, a skilled surgeon is usually able to achieve a better result by removing only the damaged portion of the cartilage. He can do this through the comparatively small incision needed for the passage of his instruments rather than by opening up the whole joint. The new operation can be done in a dry surgical unit.

Beating asthma

As more women return to work after childbirth, the date of delivery becomes of economic as well as social importance. But however assiduously couples study calendars, charts, and diaries, the timing of conception remains difficult so that babies are still apt to be born before the firm's busiest time.

A report suggests that there are rather better reasons for careful planning of birthdays than the firm's holiday schedule or a misplaced belief in horoscopes. The season of a baby's birth can have a marked effect on its chances of developing a common form of allergic asthma due to a sensitivity to housemites.

The study shows that children born in the summer and autumn are more likely to suffer from allergic diseases due to housemites, one of the commonest causes of asthmatic wheezing and nasal snuffling problems which, once initiated, may persist throughout life. Even in the cleanest house mites are abundant between May and September, since babies are more easily sensitized to an allergy in the first six months of life than at other ages, parents with a strong family history of allergy might be wise to plan for a winter or spring child.

Dr Thomas Stuttard

TALKBACK

Backing the Bill

From Julia Newberger, 36 Oriana Road, London SW4. A comment on my article on the Sex Equality Bill (Comment, Friday Page, December 9), which led to an incorrect expression of my views. Although in the context of the Bill itself I thought homosexuals should not have been included, I am convinced that there should be anti-discrimination legislation which would tackle the needs of a group which suffers from considerable prejudice and disadvantage.

The Sex Equality Bill's failure points yet again to the urgent need for a Bill of Rights which would at the very least incorporate the European Convention on Human Rights.

Suttee purpose

From Elizabeth Sullivan, Benton Castle, Milford Haven, Dyfed. When I was a child in India 60 years ago the practice of Suttee was still prevalent, despite the edict of the British Raj that it was unlawful.

Perhaps, with regard to the article on widows, (Monday Page, December 12) and bearing in mind the status of these ladies in an Indian household, this practice was not as barbaric as the western mind thought. Apart from being in the emotional state that death provokes, they were generally heavily drugged before throwing themselves onto the flames.

FIRST PERSON

Caroline Harper

My lesbian daughter

It is tough going for convention-bound, sensitive parents when offspring decides to "educate" them into the 1980s. If your young should show missionary zeal in your latter-day enlightenment, don't cut and run. Just brace yourself for shocks.

Two years ago my daughter, who lives in London, broke the news that she was "gay" (her terminology, not mine). The shock was seismic, stunning; and I found myself grieving for a daughter I thought I'd lost.

Nothing could have been further from the truth. Today, from our disparate viewpoints and ways of life, we are closer than we ever were when she was a rebellious teenager, turning over new boyfriends and old motor cars with a panache that caught the eye of parents and police alike.

I am not pretending that it's all been plain sailing or that I am now reconciled to her way of life. We have both, separately, been through enough heartache to keep in overdrive during many a sleepless night. She, during the years, was trying to suppress her "unnatural" feelings, with near-disastrous effects on her health, both physical and mental. And I, during the painful time of seeking advice and information on bisexuality - at my daughter's suggestion - from friends and colleagues.

I thought I knew the underlying reason for it, of course: the divorce darkening her teenage years. We, her parents, must share the blame for her perversion - if that's what it was.

Friends were reassuring on this point; and unshocked. But then, it wasn't their daughter, was it? An imbalance of male and female genes is from birth, I was told; although it's possible for a traumatic experience to act as catalyst and tip the fine balance one way or the other. It could be a temporary phase in her life that she would discard "when the right man comes along". (It was a man said that!) And if it wasn't temporary the consolation was "well, does it really matter, as long as she is happy and fulfilled?"

I went up to town to see her. We talked as we have never talked before; in the street, over a meal, between acts of a play - as much woman to woman as mother to daughter. I learned how her new sexual freedom had helped her to think and express herself more clearly than she had been able to for years. Even if I didn't agree with her new life, shouldn't I be grateful for that?

Now, two years later, she has given up her job and her career to become a "mature" student. She is surviving on her grant in one of London's deprived areas, picking up banners left, right and centre, mainly left, and, with a women's group, campaigning for a prostitutes' union.

When she does put pen to paper to keep tutors and parents happy, she undermines the English language with socio-feminist jargon, incensing us all. (She happens to be reading English for her degree.)

We meet regularly and she fills me in on life - the stuff of which headlines are made - as she goes it. As I see it, it is highly uncomfortable, slanted, and inevitably refracted through the feminist prism. I still react like litmus paper to her more extreme theories, such as planned single-parenthood for women who don't want a man about the house, and suspect she would be equally shocked if I did otherwise.

There is no cosy ending to this story perhaps there never will be. But I have still a daughter, and a relationship with her, that I care deeply about. And I have still a lot to learn.

Anyone mean enough to throw a party without Smirnoff will have fun throwing this streamer.



FINANCE AND INDUSTRY

Executive Editor Kenneth Fleet

Tight money rein could give Reagan rough ride

The White House view is that the American economy will grow about 4.5 per cent next year. This projection has still to be stamped by President Reagan who will release it and other estimates in his 1985 budget message to Congress early in February. Administration economists working on the budget are convinced that this rate of growth can be achieved provided the US Federal Reserve Board does not keep money growth on too tight a rein. Their fears are not without foundation. The influential Mr Henry Kaufman of Salomon Brothers predicted yesterday that the Federal Reserve would move quickly in 1984 to tighten monetary policy. This will result, in his opinion, in a slowing of economic growth until late 1984 and an erratic rise in US interest rates.

For several weeks senior Administration officials have expressed fears that the Fed may already have tightened policy too much in its effort to prevent a rekindling of inflation. They have warned the White House that because of the considerable length of time the economy needs to respond to the central bank's actions a sharp slowdown could become apparent in November, just two weeks before the presidential elections, when figures are released for the quarter ending September 30.

Mr Donald Regan, the US Treasury Secretary, reflected these fears in a speech this week at the Washington Press Club, in which he said: "The Fed wants to cool this economy before it overheats and we get inflation back. They have been tightening for the last six months. My concern is that they not overdo it."

The Administration economists are also reported to have forecast a huge federal budget deficit in the neighbourhood of \$200 billion. The prospect of a series of mammoth budget deficits is one reason why Mr Kaufman is looking for a rise in interest rates. He has lent his voice to calls for action to reduce the deficit. President Reagan, however, has ruled out a significant tax increase in his next budget. He said yesterday that he did not intend to raise taxes in 1984 but he left the door open for some sort of a "tax package" in later years.

Although both the president and Administration economists have played down the importance of Federal budget deficits, they were singled out specifically by M Jacques De Larosiere, head of the International Monetary Fund, in a speech in Chicago yesterday. M De Larosiere said a primary aim of the IMF in the coming year would be to force member nations to place special emphasis in reducing fiscal deficits which threaten to "crowd out" private investors just as the global recovery gathers momentum.

That should please Mrs Thatcher.

Stalemate at the Savoy

Trusthouse Forte went to great lengths yesterday to emphasize that it was not its current intention to make a further offer for Savoy Hotel. This rider came after THF, in agreement with the Takeover Panel, had disclosed that it had bought from the investment arm of S G Warburg, THF's merchant bank, a further 1.137 million Savoy A shares. The deal was struck on Friday and most of it was executed outside the market. THF would not reveal the price.

The additional shares raise THF's interest in the Savoy equity to 69 per cent. The number of votes it has rises from 40.2 per cent to 42.3 per cent.

Savoy Hotel's two-tier equity structure leaves THF in a unique position: two-thirds of Savoy profits and dividends fall to THF, but control still rests with Sir Hugh Wontner and the Savoy board who would prefer Lord Forte to fold up his tent and leave their gate. In March two years ago Lord Forte, (then Sir Charles) bid £58m and then £67m for Savoy Hotel; the company also owns the Connaught, Claridge's and the Berkeley - but the citadel did not fall. Nor will it as long as the B shares, which make up a small proportion of the share capital but a large part of the voting power (the A shares have a tenth of a vote whereas every five B shares carry 10 votes) remain in firm and friendly hands. The most important of these belong to Dame Bridget D'Oy Carte, but Lady Ellerman's holding is the critical one. If Lord Forte could charm hers from her, he could be within an ace of winning the game.

Lord Forte appears to be as determined as ever to own Savoy Hotel but he has admitted that the present situation cannot continue indefinitely. It is a costly stalemate for THF and frustrating for the Savoy. The good so far that has come out of the clash is a much more determined and commercially successful Savoy management.

Invisibles: the unauthorized text

Two versions of a Department of Trade and Industry-sponsored report, *Success in Invisibles*, will be published today. The first, about 25 pages long, comes from the DTI itself. The second, from the author, Mr Andrew Tessler, is three times as long and contains criticisms that do not appear in the official text.

The report deals with all invisibles but it concentrates on the most dynamic sector of all: the professions - consulting engineers, architects, management consultants, surveyors, lawyers. Their overseas earnings have increased twentyfold in just over 10 years and are now worth £1 billion a year. At the present rate of growth, they would be worth £2 billion in six years.

The chances of that happening, Mr Tessler argues, are being diminished by the Government itself through the tax system.

Firms largely made up of partners are taxed on a personal basis. Nationalized industries, which have developed their own agencies are alleged to be under-cutting private sector firms by unfair means.

Mr Tessler found that British partnerships which find it virtually impossible to raise venture capital have to spend between £60,000 and £80,000 each time they want to bid for a new contract overseas. These down-payments, without any guarantee of success or return, have to be met out of taxed income. He cites instances where tax is levied twice on the same earnings.

New Argentine government calls for debt moratorium

By Peter Wilson-Smith and Bailey Morris

Argentina's new Government has asked its commercial bank creditors for a moratorium on debt payments, it emerged yesterday. However, there was confusion in banking circles over the exact nature of the request.

Reports from Buenos Aires said that Argentina wanted a six-month delay on payments on its \$40 billion external debt. But bankers in London suggested that a 90-day moratorium on principle payments was more likely.

Bankers interpreted the action of the civilian government, which formally assumed power only on Saturday, as a prelude to a new round of debt-rescheduling negotiations on which the new ministers wanted to stamp their mark.

London banking sources said that Argentina would want to defer signing public-sector debt-rescheduling agreements nego-

tiated by the previous government. It was likely to press for more favourable terms on the refinancing of \$4 billion to \$5 billion of public-sector debt maturities due in 1984 and 1985.

Senior Bernardo Grispun, Economy Minister, is reported to have said in Buenos Aires yesterday that Argentina would postpone any new payments on its foreign debt until June 30, 1984. By that date, the country hoped to have completed reschedulings for 1984 maturities.

Although debt negotiation with the Argentines have caused considerable problems for the banks over the last year, bankers are reasonable about reaching new agreements with the civilian government. Indeed, the return to civilian rule has been seen as a hopeful sign.

But the road to stability has only just begun. The government must move quickly to restore order to a chaotic economy plagued not only by a big foreign debt but also by a lack of domestic spending priorities and by hidden costs from arms purchases made by the former military junta.

This was the assessment of senior US officials who returned this week from the inauguration ceremonies in Buenos Aires with a cautiously optimistic view of what lies ahead for President Raul Alfonsin's government.

US officials said that they were impressed by the his seasoned economic team and by his strong political commitment to a tough economic austerity programme designed to halve the huge deficit, estimated at 14 per cent of the country's gross domestic product.

Top priorities of the new government according to Mr McNamar will be to improve relations with commercial banks, which hold the bulk of its \$40 billion debt, and to put in place an economic programme acceptable to the International Monetary Fund.

This would involve settlement, through either legislation or court action, of a series of difficult legal questions which poisoned Argentina's relations with its foreign debtors during the Falklands war, Mr McNamar said.

It appears that the new government would need short-term financial help of only \$3 billion in new commercial funds in order to get the economy back on its feet before undertaking a full-scale restructuring of its outstanding foreign debt, he said.

Pound rally helps gilts

A recovering pound put new life into the gilt market yesterday. Despite being down by about 25p early in the day, gilts closed 12p up on the strength of sterling. The pound itself gained 55 points against the dollar at \$1.4225.

Meanwhile, the FT Index put up a firm performance, despite a weak opening on Wall Street. It closed 1.7 up at 752.8.

Market report, page 18

STOCK EXCHANGES

FT Index 752.8 up 1.7
 FT Gilts 82.26 down 0.04
 FT All Shares 483.65 up 0.36
 Bargains 19,828
 Datastream USM Leaders Index 95.17 down 0.17
 New York: Dow Jones Average (latest) 1241.26 down 5.39
 Tokyo: Nikkei Dow Jones Index 9462.48 up 61.26
 Hongkong: Hang Seng Index 869.88 down 4.88

CURRENCIES

LONDON CLOSE

Sterling \$1.4225 up 55pts
 Index 82.0 up 0.2
 DM 3.9400 up 0.0175
 FF 12.0050 up 0.0525
 Yen 334.50 up 1.25
 Dollar Index 130.7 down 0.1
 DM 2.7670 up 0.0020
 NEW YORK LATEST
 Sterling \$1.4235
 Dollar DM 2.7705
 INTEREST RATES
 ECUBO 754744
 SDREU 733505

INTEREST RATES

Domestic rates
 Bank base rate 9%
 Finance houses base rate 9%
 Discount market loans week fixed 8/8
 3 month interbank 8 1/4-8 1/2
 Euro-currency rates
 3 month dollar 10 1/8-10 1/16
 3 month DM 6 1/8-6 1/16
 3 month FF 13 3/4-13 1/4
 US rates
 Bank prime rate 11.00
 Fed funds 9/8
 Treasury long bond 8 1/4-8 1/8

GOLD

London fixed (per ounce)
 am \$389.60 pm \$389.75
 cmt \$388.75-389.50 (\$273.50-274.00)
 New York latest \$381.75
 Kruggerand (per coin) (\$281.75-282.75)
 Sovereigns (new)
 \$91.00-92.00 (\$64.00-64.75)
 *Excludes VAT

Industry set to invest more

By Our Financial Staff

Government hopes that higher investment will help to keep the economy moving ahead as the impetus from consumer spending slackens were boosted yesterday by the latest survey of investment intentions by the Department of Trade and Industry.

This shows that industry plans to step up investment by about 7 per cent in 1984 with an even sharper rise by the manufacturing sector. In manufacturing, capital spending, including investment financed through leasing, is expected to show a 9 per cent volume rise in 1984 compared with this year.

The DTI survey is considerably more optimistic than the predictions of the Confederation of British Industry and is a surprise to many outside forecasters.

It will be particularly welcome to the Government because recent figures have shown manufacturing production remaining flat and investment sluggish. Revised third-quarter capital spending figures issued yesterday disclose a fall of more than 1 per cent in manufacturing investment in the latest six months compared with six months earlier.

The DTI survey also suggests that there will be a further, though smaller, increase in the volume of investment in 1985.

However, the latest cyclical indicators for the economy published yesterday by the Central Statistical Office give no firm indication that the recovery is likely to gather pace.

Between July and October, the longer leading index, which is supposed to chart movements in the economy 12 months ahead, showed a decline. Incomplete information for November suggests a slight rise in the index.

Sterling recovers to \$1.42

By Our Banking Correspondent

Sterling clawed back some ground on the foreign exchanges yesterday as further heavy intervention by the West German central bank helped to restrain the dollar.

Speculation of higher British interest rates also helped the pound - although there is no indication that the authorities are contemplating a rise - as did the previous day's news that BIOC has proposed no change in its North Sea oil prices for the first quarter of next year.

The pound closed up 55 points against the dollar at \$1.4225 and firmed against other leading currencies. It rose by 1 1/2 pence against the Deutschmark to DM 3.94 and its trade-weighted value against a basket of currencies finished the day up 0.2 at 81.0.

Dealers believe the huge dollar sales by the German authorities to protect their currency will do little to change the underlying strength of the dollar, but they are nevertheless nervous of being caught out. The dollar closed in London yesterday only 20 points higher against the mark at DM2.7670.

The German central bank does not disclose the extent of its intervention in the open market, but it is believed to have spent well over \$500m in the past two days or so in trying to check the dollar.

Surprise £15m fall in Distillers profits

By Jeremy Warner

The Distillers Company, the Scotch whisky group, yesterday sprung a surprise on the City by announcing sharply lower half-year profits.

Pre-tax profits in the six months to the end of September fell from £80.2m to £64.9m, on sales £3.3m higher at £495m.

The company said last July that its profits would fall this year, but nobody foresaw the scale of the downturn.

The profits were struck after charges of £4.3m for redundancy and closure costs.

The chairman, Mr John Connell, said that trading profits in the second half were unlikely to compare favourably with the strong performance of the same period last year.

The company's share price fell 12p to 218p after news of the results, wiping £44m off the group's stock market value.

Mr Robert Temple, a Distillers' director, cited weak demand for whisky in the Latin American and Middle East markets as the main reason for the fall in profits.

The volume of sales to parts of these markets has as much halved so far this year. The effect of this on profits has been severe, since it was very high-margin de-luxe whiskies that tended to sell best in the once

buoyant markets such as Venezuela and Mexico.

In most other areas of the world, Distillers has done no worse than the industry as a whole and, in some markets, notably the United States, it claims to have done better.

The strength of the dollar has had a dramatic impact on the profitability of exports to the US. Profits are said to be about £5m higher than they would have been had last year's exchange rates ruled at the end of September.

The group gave a cautious indication that the worse may now be over for the Scotch industry. Recent reports from a number of markets suggest that the decline in consumer demand is levelling off and the company is hoping for a gradual recovery next year.

In contrast to the poor performance from whisky, the group's much smaller white spirits business improved trading profits, helped by a big rise in exports of Tanqueray gin to the US. The product is now challenging Beaufort as the top selling imported gin in the US.

United Glass, the group's 50-per-cent-owned glass container manufacturing company, reported a £4m loss after providing for rationalization costs.

London Brick in £8m deals

London Brick is buying two small regional brickmakers for £8.25m in line with its policy of trying to build a fifth force in the non-fleeting facing brick market. The company has a monopoly of fletton brick making, but has only a small share of the market for other bricks.

It is paying £6.25m in cash for the Milton Hall Brick Company, a subsidiary of the Southend Estates property group. Milton is a leading producer of "London stock bricks".

It is also paying £2m, mainly in shares, for Cloughton Manor Brick, a leading manufacturer in North-west England of frost resistant bricks.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Request by Allianz rejected

Eagle Star has given a final rejection to requests from Allianz Versicherungs, the West German insurance group, for further information about its business. Allianz had said that failure to supply the information could result in its offering Eagle Star shareholders a lower price for their shares.

But Eagle Star's chairman, Sir Denis Mountain, has declined to disclose details of the company's 1984 budget, saying it was impossible to quantify the effect of a change of control on the group's business and the provision of the figures could lead to them being treated with a degree of accuracy that would be inappropriate.

● The pay of Mr Michael Hollingbery, the chairman and chief executive of Comet Group, the electrical retailer, increased from £72,000 to £122,000, excluding pension contributions, last year. The salary of the unnamed highest paid director increased from £83,000 to £194,000. The increases follow last year's record profits of £19.5m.

● Unigate's profits increased from £15.3m to a record £23.6m in the first half of the year on a turnover up from £787m to £855m. The interim dividend has been increased from 2.5p to 2.75p.

Investors' Notebook, page 19

● Rediffusion Simulation, owned by British Electric Traction, yesterday announced its first big contract with British Airways for a full flight simulator for its new Boeing 737s. The £4.5m order was the first contract won by the British company from BA in several years, and came only after it dislodged a Canadian rival during several months of negotiations.

WALL STREET

Losses increase

New York (AP-Dow Jones) - Losses were slowly increasing in early trading on the New York Stock Exchange yesterday.

The Dow Jones Industrial Average was down by more than 6 points to 1,240 and the Transportation Average had fallen by about 5 points to 589.

General Motors fell 1/4 to 73 1/2, Honeywell was off 1/4 at 134 1/4, Texas Oil down 1/4 at 42 1/4, Getty Oil up 1/4 to 78 1/4, Exxon 1/4 lower at 37 1/4, International Business Machines off 1/4 at 120 1/4 and Union Carbide unchanged at 62 1/4.

Reed questions bid rebuff

By Jonathan Clare

Reed Stenhouse has told shareholders in Stenhouse Holdings to ask their board and its financial advisers why they have rejected Reed's bid terms when they said during negotiations that they were "recommendable".

The suggestion by Reed plays on the uncertainties within the Stenhouse board which culminated in the resignation of Mr Bert Houghton, a former chairman, last week because he believed the terms should be accepted.

Reed also tells shareholders

in a document despatched yesterday to ask what advice was given to the board by Noble Grossart, the merchant bank. Noble is 20 per cent owned by Stenhouse and is its long-term adviser. But Stenhouse is currently using J. Henry Schroder Wragg's services.

Reed, a Canadian insurance broker, has bid £53m for Stenhouse, the Glasgow-based broker.

Yesterday Schroder said the offer could not be recommended because negotiations "never got to terms".

ICI sells stake in Vantona

By Michael Clark

ICI finally severed its connections with the textile industry yesterday by selling its entire stake in Vantona Viyella.

The group is selling 7 million shares in the company at 148p each, amounting to just under 20 per cent of the total issued equity and valuing the entire stake at £10.36m. The shares are being placed with financial institutions by the merchant bank N. M. Rothschild and the broker Hoare Govett.

ICI obtained its shares in Vantona Viyella when Carrington Viyella, in which it owned a sizable stake, merged with Mr David Alliance's Vantona earlier this year.

Shares of ICI slipped 4p to 650p on the news, but later recovered to close only 2p down at 652p. The sale met with mixed reactions in the City, with observers expressing surprise at ICI's timing.

It now looks as though the textile industry is starting to pull clear of the recession. Yesterday Mr Alliance, chairman of Vantona Viyella, took the opportunity to forecast a leap in pretax profits for the present year from £4.3m to £11m.

Mr Alliance said that he was pleased with ICI's decision to sell, having wanted it to place the stake.

ICI says that one reason for selling now was to help improve the group's tax position as the financial year draws to a close. But the group was known to have been unhappy with its investment: it had supported the loss-making Carrington Viyella for years.

Mr Alliance intends to take up 250,000 of the shares on offer. This is in addition to the shares he will be entitled to take up as Vantona's biggest shareholder.

Private producers attack Minister

Steel sell-off 'going too slowly'

By Edward Townsend
 Industrial Correspondent

Mr Norman Lamont, Minister of State for Industry, yesterday clashed with Britain's private sector steel industry over allegations that the Government was dragging its feet over the promised privatisation of the British Steel Corporation.

Mr Lamont was criticised at the annual lunch of the British Independent Steel Producers' Association by the president, Mr Peter Lee. Mr Lee said that apart from some welcome exceptions, the government had made little progress in returning the steel industry to private hands.

He said that despite the understandable difficulties, the need for Britain to have a viable and efficient steel-producing industry, independent of public subsidy, was as vital as ever. "We believe that the failure of the Government to ensure that priority was being given to its stated policy has made the task more difficult and progress has been unnecessarily slow."

Mr Lamont, who is representing the Government in the latest round of European Community talks aimed at



Norman Lamont: "Difficult to find private-sector cash"

be rationalized. Plans are already well advanced for a "Phoenix" company covering the engineering steels sector, to be formed from public and private interests. But that would still leave 10 per cent of BSC products competing with the private sector.

Meanwhile, talks have once again been postponed between the BSC and United States Steel over the proposed controversial joint venture to sell Scottish steel slabs to United States Steel's Fairless finishing mill.

A final decision was expected after a meeting on Wednesday in New York between Mr Robert Haslam, BSC chairman, and Mr David Roderick, chairman of United States Steel. But, according to a brief BSC statement, "a final outcome has not yet emerged".

A conclusion is expected to be reached in January.

Steel production in Britain's public and private sectors averaged 310,000 tonnes a week in November, a rise of 2.5 per cent on the previous month and 31.6 per cent up on a year ago. For the first 11 months of the year, output averaged 292,200 tonnes a week, a rise of 7 per cent on the depressed levels of 1982.

PROFIT UP

40%

Interim dividend increased by 15%

	Unaudited half year 30.10.83	Unaudited half year 31.10.82	Audited year to 1.5.83
	£m	£m	£m
Turnover	348.0	319.4	641.8
Operating profit	35.3	28.6	52.0
Pre-tax profit	31.6	22.5	41.1
Dividend per share	1.73p	1.50p	4.66p
Earnings per share	7.7p	4.8p	9.4p

Extracts from the Directors' Interim Statement:

- ★ The Company has enjoyed a successful six months' trading
- ★ Turnover rose by 9%
- ★ Pre-tax profit increased by 40%
- ★ Beer sales helped by good summer... canned beer business continued to grow
- ★ Thistle Hotels operating profit up 90%
- ★ Borrowings continued to fall on rising investment programme

Copies of the full Interim Report may be obtained from the Secretary, Scottish & Newcastle Breweries plc, Abbey Brewery, Holyrood Road, Edinburgh EH8 8YS. Telephone: 031-556 2591



Scottish & Newcastle Breweries plc

MARKET REPORT by Michael Clark

Trident shares tipped

ACCOUNT DAYS: Dealings begin, Dec 12. Dealings end, Dec 29. Contango day, Dec 30. Settlement day, Jan 9.

The decision of the Monopolies and Mergers Commission to block the proposed merger of Trident Television and Pleasureland earlier this week has not deterred everyone. At least that is the view of broker Kitcat & Aitken, which is recommending the shares of Trident as a "buy" to its clients. Kitcat is confident that another bid for the group may be just around the corner and this time might receive the blessings of the Monopolies Commission. Kitcat refuses to name names, but the market has its own thoughts on the subject.

Top of the list Aspinall's - a client of Kitcat & Aitken - which yesterday announced it had increased its holding in Anglo Scottish Investment with the purchase of an extra 1.48 million shares. This takes Aspinall's total stake to 4.78 million shares, about 15 per cent of the shares, and it is reckoned a full bid may soon follow.

Aspinall's, the Knightsbridge casino group previously jointly owned by zoo owner Mr John Aspinall and financier Sir

James Goldsmith, joined the Unlisted Securities Market in November raising almost £9m in the process. Last night shares of Trident closed unchanged at 118p valuing the company at £57m. Aspinall's refused to be drawn on the subject.

Broker Jacobson Townsley has seen a big fan of shares of Trident. Following recent figures showing pretax profits last year doubled at £11.2m and regard them as outstanding value. For the present year JT is looking for pretax profits of £15m earnings of 30p selling on a P/E of 17. The shares rose 5p to 515p yesterday.

The rest of the equity market put up a solid performance despite the overnight setback on Wall Street and the low level of turnover which has affected the

market in the run up to Christmas. The FT Index having fluctuated in narrow limits throughout most of the day closed 1.7 up at 752.8.

Once again there was solid support for blue chips where US investors continue to take more than a passing interest. Imperial Chemical Industries has been a particular favourite and Wall Street investors now own around 15 per cent of the shares in the form of American depositary receipts. But yesterday the shares slipped 2p to 652p as the group announced plans to sell off its entire 20 per cent stake in Vantona Vixies amounting to 7.1 million shares at 148p a share.

The star turn was again reserved for BOC Group following recent figures. The shares jumped 19p to a record 295p as American investors managed to pick up about 500,000 shares in a thin market.

Hefty gains were also seen in Hawker Siddeley 10p up at 358p, Plessey 5p at 237p and TI Group 8p at 164p.

There was late support for the pound on the foreign exchange and this was good news for gilts.

Shares of consolidated Murchison, the South African antimony mining group, hit a second 66p in London yesterday - a rise of more than 120p in the past three weeks. Dealers report heavy support for the shares from the Cape and there is now talk of a bid of about £10 a share. At this level the group is valued at £41m.

with prices recovering earlier losses to show gains of up to 12p in long, while at the shorter end prices were generally unchanged. The pound closed 55 points up at \$1.4225.

Second liners saw GRA Group, which owns most of the

greyhound racing stadiums in this country, sport 4p to a new high for the year of 47p on renewed support by two leading brokers. Reports suggest the group is about to strengthen the board still further and the name of Mr Jeffrey Sterling, of P & O and Town & City, has been put in the frame.

There are also suggestions that GRA may be on the verge of clinching a deal to sell-off some of its vast property portfolio to one of the big supermarket chains. Both GRA and Mr Sterling were unavailable for comment.

Among insurance brokers Minter Holdings rose 1p to 143p ahead of nine month figures due shortly. Analysts are looking for pretax profits of between £15m and £17m compared with the corresponding figure of £13m.

Moray Firth Makings, the scotch whisky group, celebrated its start on the Unlisted Securities Market. Opening at 227p the shares later slipped to 217p, but by the close were still showing a premium of 22p - quite an achievement for newcomers lately.

THE TIMES 1000
1983/84
The World's Top Companies
Full statistical details and addresses: UK, Europe, USA, Japan, Hong Kong, Australia, Canada, Singapore, etc.
From bookshops at £17.50 or £19.00 (inc. postage & packing) from
Times Books Ltd., 18 Golden Square, London, W1.

RECENT ISSUES

Company	Price
Aspinall Holdings (10 Ord 115p)	115p
BP 25p Ord (125p)	125p
Debenhams (10 Ord 125p)	125p
Electricity Supply Co (125p)	125p
French Connection (10 Ord 125p)	125p
High-Pass Services (10 Ord 125p)	125p
Johns & Johnsons (10 Ord 125p)	125p
Keynote Securities 25p Ord (135p)	135p
LMF Finance (10 Ord 140p)	140p
Melrose (10 Ord 140p)	140p
Metrowest Holdings 50p Ord (150p)	150p
PCV (10 Ord 150p)	150p
Page (10 Ord 150p)	150p
Pearson (10 Ord 150p)	150p
Peters M. 25p Ord (150p)	150p
Promoter 50p Ord (150p)	150p
Tyco Home 25p Ord (150p)	150p
Time Treas 100p NV (150p)	150p
Woodchester Investments 10p Ord (150p)	150p

BRITISH FUNDS

Company	Price
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COMMONWEALTH AND FOREIGN

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LOCAL AUTHORITIES

Company	Price
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BANKS AND DISCOUNTS

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BREWERS AND DISTILLERS

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APPOINTMENTS

New chiefs at Banking Corporation

Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation: Mr William Purvis, at present executive director of Banking, will succeed Mr P. E. Hammond as deputy chairman next May. Mr Robert Farrell, at present group staff controller, will join the board, also in May, as an executive director. Mr Hammond will retire at the ordinary yearly general meeting on May 8.

Martin The Newagent: Mr Bill Mitchell will join the board as personnel director from January 16.

Crescent Japan Investment Trust: Mr Ian Macdonald will join the boards of Crescent Japan and New Tokyo Investment Trust on January 1.

The English Association Trust: Mr James Cave will be a director from January 19. He will be in charge of the investment division and will be the managing director of The English Association Investment Management.

Marsk Company: Mr A. B. Marshall has been appointed vice-chairman.

Wells Fargo Bank: Mr Richard Borda, executive vice-president, has been made head of the Europe/Africa/Middle East division, headquartered in London. He succeeds Mr William Wright.

Save & Prosper Investment Management: Mr Chris Tracey is to be managing director.

Argyll Group: Following the completion of the merger of Argyll Foods and Amalgamated Distilled Products, Mr C. D. Smith will be group financial controller and company secretary and Mr P. A. Frendo group financial controller of Argyll Foods and finance director of Argyll Stores in place of Mr Smith. Mr J. P. Kinch is appointed assistant group company secretary of Argyll Group and company secretary of Argyll Foods and of Amalgamated Distilled Products.

National Bedding Federation: Mr Patrick Quigley has become chief executive.

Singer & Friedlander: Mr B. D. F. Mansfield has been appointed a managing director and Mr W. H. Wright a local director from January 1.

Opposition grows to the President's unwillingness to tackle the huge US deficit

The world waits for Reagan to defuse an economic time bomb



Martin Feldstein (left) and Robert Dole (centre): two vociferous critics of Reagan.

The United States budget deficit is at record levels, and is almost universally regarded by politicians and economists in Europe as the single most important barrier to sustained worldwide economic recovery. Influential critics both inside and outside the Reagan Administration are adding their voices to the criticism of Mr Reagan's economic policy. But 1984 is an election year, with Mr Reagan now having declared himself as a candidate. BAILEY MORRIS in Washington assesses the political climate for this crucial economic debate.

How long is too long to wait in correcting the crippling world effects of a huge United States budget deficit projected at \$200 billion and above for the next five years?

Four months ago, flushed with the success of recovery, no one in Washington was asking this provocative question.

But in recent weeks, as concern has grown, the US deficit has come to be regarded as an economic time bomb which must be defused before it explodes.

But when? Can action by Congress and the Reagan Administration wait until after the elections in 1985 as the President has proposed? Increasingly, and in louder voices, a bi-partisan group of officials and economists has said no.

What is wrong with waiting until 1985 to take the politically unpopular step of raising taxes and cutting domestic programmes to reduce the deficit?

In the words of Mr Martin Feldstein, the President's outspoken economics adviser, the problem is this: "The longer you wait, the more difficult it is for the economy to absorb the kinds of changes in government spending and taxes."

Enacting the budget in 1985 rather than now would inevitably mean a slow phase-in of deficit reductions and, therefore, a more unbalanced recovery, Mr Feldstein said.

This would lead to less capital formation, bigger increases in the national debt and, eventually, higher interest rates.

It is precisely these fears which fuel the growing opposition among Republicans who

swept to victory during the last presidential elections on the promise of a balanced budget and sustained economic growth. Mr Robert Dole, the powerful chairman of the Senate finance committee, is prominent among them. Despite strong White

'Delaying reducing the budget will lead to a less balanced recovery'

House opposition, he held an unusual set of hearings last week to focus national attention on the threatened budget deficits.

"I regard the deficit as the most important domestic issue facing Congress and I fear there is a real danger of political stalemate in the coming year," Mr Dole said.

In the Dole camp and

elsewhere, there is the perception that President Reagan is playing his political fiddle while the US economy burns. They note that in doing nothing, the President has repeatedly stated his belief that the deficit would go away in time as the recovery continues.

The President's critics fear that the recovery will go up in smoke if action is not taken now to reduce the deficits in 1986 and the years beyond.

They foresee a steady rise in the deficit to \$280 billion by fiscal 1989. Interest payments on this extra debt alone are estimated to be in the neighbourhood of \$30 bn - \$100 bn a year.

According to Mr Feldstein: "Just to finance that additional interest would require a tax increase at 1988 levels of 15-20 per cent on top of the personal income taxes which are already in place."

For these outspoken remarks, Mr Feldstein was very nearly

fired a fortnight ago by White House officials who ordered him to keep his views to himself in the months ahead.

But other equally prominent economists have taken up this cause.

Mrs Alice Rivlin, an econo-

Various efforts to cut the deficit are predicted to get nowhere

mist who recently stepped down as director of the Congressional Budget Office, said: "Waiting until 1985 to take action on the deficit entails the risk of having to wait until after the next new recession. By 1985, growth will have slowed substantially and perhaps even turned negative."

Mrs Rivlin's successor, Mr Rudy Penner, a highly respected Republican economist with

strong ties to the Reagan administration, last week said more or less the same thing. According to Mr Penner: "The mathematics are in place for an explosion. The longer we wait the more serious the problem."

He estimated that the cost of financing the national debt will rise by \$56 billion between fiscal years 1982 and 1986, and would exceed substantially the level of standby tax increases proposed by President Reagan in his 1984 budget.

Despite these repeated warnings, both President Reagan and Mr Thomas O'Neill, the Democratic leader of the House, have opposed strongly the interim deficit reduction programmes proposed by both parties for 1984.

Mr Dole has proposed a deficit package which would reduce it by \$150 billion over four years through equal amounts of spending cuts and tax increases.

Earlier, a group of House Democrats tried and failed to build support for a programme of defence and social spending cuts coupled with tax increases for a total reduction of about \$250 billion. Similar deficit reduction efforts will be proposed again when Congress reconvenes in January. But already it is predicted they will not get anywhere.

Mr Dole said: "Without strong leadership from both President Reagan and Mr O'Neill neither those who favour budget cuts nor those who favour tax increases will budge."

The Administration, now hard at work on its 1985 budget, has said it has little interest in an interim compromise package to be enacted in 1984. The result of this stalemate is likely to be a growing loss of confidence in the Administration's commitment to reducing the huge structural deficit predicted up to 1989.

This is expected to have an immediate effect, translating into a slower recovery in the US which would have negative effects in Europe and elsewhere.

According to Mr Feldstein: "If we saw a resolution of the budget situation now, the confidence that would create would make it possible to live with large budget deficits in 1984 and 1985. If we do nothing now, and the confidence is not there, then the actual performance of the economy in 1984 and 1985 is going to be much worse."

BET profits up a sharp 17%

By Philip Robinson

British Electric Traction, which takes in house building, newspapers, television and transport, yesterday reported a 17 per cent increase in pre-tax profits. It was the first significant increase for at least three years.

Announcing the figures, Mr Hugh Dundas, BET chairman, said: "In our last annual report I predicted that our pre-tax profits would start to climb away from their plateau."

For the six months to the end of last September the group's turnover rose 8 per cent to £610m on which pre-tax profits of £31.7m were earned against profits of £27m last time.

Profits were much in line with the predictions of market analysts and BET's price eased 1p to 265p. The price has risen this year from a low of 166p.

The sharp movement has been inspired by market expectations of a takeover bid since bidding for conglomerates looked like becoming fashion earlier this year.

Some analysts said yesterday that they did not believe BET

would become a takeover target, but the threat has awakened the company from a six-year sleep during which full-year profits fluctuated between £60m and £70m.

This year's opening-half performance implies full-year earnings of a record £80m. BET has raised the interim dividend by 21 per cent to 2.25p.

Most of the increased opening-half profit came from the group's construction interests where pre-tax profits rose from £1.5m to £7.3m.

Industrial services managed to push up profits from £7.2m to £7.9m, while BET's transport interests rose 26 per cent to £7.6m. However, in electronics, which includes BET's stake in Rediffusion, pre-tax profits fell by more than a fifth to £6.1m. Profits in publishing are unchanged at £1.9m and leisure sector profits increased by 26 per cent.

Last month, BET announced a £300m Wembley development in partnership with a specially formed consortium.

Market listing for McCarthy & Stone

By Jonathan Clare

McCarthy & Stone, the builder of sheltered housing for the elderly, is to get a full stock market listing 18 months after it made its debut on the Unlisted Securities Market. The company is also asking its shareholders for more than £12m to finance a big expansion plan during the current year.

Last year McCarthy, which enjoys a high stock market rating because of the lead it holds in its specialist market, increased its profits from £2.1m to £3.7m.

The better than expected results follow much higher sales than expected of its flats for the elderly. After selling 189 flats in the first half, sales accelerated sharply in the second half to 303 with a similar rate of growth expected this year. The growth is the result of increasing demand for this type of housing and of McCarthy's increased geographical coverage which is now almost nationwide.

The rights issue will reduce the stakes held by the McCarthy and Stone families from 76 per cent to 63 per cent. The cash is likely to be quickly eaten up by developments and gearing could be 90 per cent by the end of the year.

Sales of flats during the first three months of the current year totalled 195 compared with just 85 for the same period last time. The field is becoming more competitive with some of the big house builders like Barrat moving in but McCarthy is ready to manage developments on their behalf.

It is also considering building nursing homes for the elderly which would accommodate old people who become too infirm to live in the standard flats.

The dividend has been increased from 2p to 3.5p. The yield is only 1.4 per cent with the shares down 5p to 365p. The terms of the rights issue are one to four at 300p.

BIG TOP

AIRLINES

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SINGAPORE AIRLINES

Trippier backs expansion fund

By Jonathan Clare

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By Jonathan Clare

Mr David Trippier, the minister for small business, has given a powerful personal endorsement to a new community-based fund set up to pump cash into local businesses in North East Lancashire using the Business Expansion Scheme.

Mr Trippier said that the new fund, which is in his own constituency of Rossendale and Darwen, is the first fund to be set up in the spirit of the Chancellor's intentions when he announced the Business Expansion Scheme had so far been monopolised by the big funds. He hoped that by February there would be two or three more locally-based funds set up under the initiative of local enterprise agencies.

Since the Business Expansion Scheme was announced last March, 27 City-based funds have been set up to take advantage of the generous tax concessions it makes available. But many of these schemes have been criticised for the high management charges, the cost to the companies which use their cash and frequent demands for options over the shares and a seat on the board. The new fund, the Valleys of Enterprise Trust Fund (VET), is run by the businessmen who draw no salary for this work. It intends to invest £500,000 in local firms. Investors will pay no initial management charge, although there will be a half-yearly administration charge of one per cent.

The VET scheme has been set up jointly by the Rossendale Enterprise Trust and the Blackburn and District Enterprise Trust.

Mr Trippier also suggested that it might be possible to set up similar schemes in rural areas such as the South West, through the Council for Small Industries in Rural Areas (Cosira).

The VET scheme already has £250,000 promised and expects to be fully invested by April when the tax year ends. Individuals are expected to invest between £20,000 and £100,000.

Most of the big funds only consider investments in "big" small firms, unless they are particularly exciting "greenfield" projects which carry high risks and high rewards. They would not normally invest less than £100,000 which cuts off



Les Seaney (left) with Douglas Herbison and Professor John Dawson

Small retailers set for a fairer deal

By Derek Harris

There is good news this week for the small retailer who feels that he gets far less attention from government than the manufacturers who are in the majority among small businesses.

There are moves in the EEC which could go some way to shifting the balance in favour of the shopkeepers with a prospective impact in Britain as much as elsewhere in the Community. It comes as the British Government has indicated in its White Paper on regional policy that more help will now be channelled towards the services sector although how far this will be extended to retailing as much has yet to be clarified.

EEC financial aid programmes, will for the first time cover the service industries, including retailing.

There also appears to be a fair wind, with endorsement by the Council of Ministers still to come, for a code of conduct on small and medium-sized businesses which would lay an obligation on Brussels and national governments to make sure that policies do not actively harm small business operations.

The moves were welcomed by Mr Douglas Herbison, secretary general of the European Confederation of Retailing, who is also manager of European operations for the Retail Consortium, trade body for more than 100 British retailers.

He was chairing this week in London the third of five regional conferences organised by the Consortium on problems of small and medium-sized retailers and EEC funded as part of the European Year of Small and Medium-sized Enterprises. He said: "Clearly the EEC is more aware now of the importance of retailing in the context of helping small businesses and perhaps more than is the British Government."

One upshot of the five conferences will be an analysis of small retailers' problems and so far the list looks similar to that drawn up by the National Chamber of Trade (NCT), according to Mr Herbison. Disparity of discounts is between those commanded by big multiple grocery chains and the little man is one. Another is the need for vocational training schemes for the many going into retailing with no grasp of what they are taking on. More exemptions from Value Added Tax are widely called for.

High rents and the local authority rates based on them are one of the biggest problems, according to Mr Les Seaney, director general of the NCT. He said: "Small businesses are being squeezed out, including the small specialist retailers which offer things the big chains cannot."

He argues there is a social argument for positive discrimination in favour of the smaller outlets, with specific allocations to them in shopping developments with reasonable rent and rate levels.

Numbers of small retailers have been falling for years, with the rate of decline quickening in the seventies, followed by some limited evidence of a slower decline over the past three years, according to John Dawson, professor of distributive studies at the University of Stirling.

The dynamism of the sector comes out in the high annual birthrate of 25,000. But death rates are nearly the highest for any sector.

Reversing the decline in small retailing businesses depends more on altered attitudes among those running the businesses than on direct Government policy, he suggests. But he adds: "Government initiatives could well provide the tonic to speed recovery."

Changes in the small firms loans guarantee scheme, including widening its scope more to medium-sized enterprises, are being called for by the Small Business Bureau, writes Derek Harris.

Michael Grylls, the Bureau chairman, who is Tory MP for Surrey North West, is pressing the case in the House of Commons, urging that the upper loan limit under the scheme should go from £75,000 to £250,000.

"This would allow medium-sized businesses with their greater capital needs to benefit from the scheme with the bonus that such companies because of their greater size would tend to generate more jobs than a smaller business," said Mr Grylls.

He is also urging that the 3 per cent premium charged on loans should be abolished. Under the scheme 60 per cent of a loan advanced by a

bank is guaranteed by the Government. The loan guarantee scheme is running on an experimental basis at present and a review is going on to decide its future beyond next May. The number of guarantees given under the scheme since June 1981 is now around 15,000 with well over £400m advanced.

British Institute of Management has put together an easy-to-understand guide to setting up in business. The approach is a nuts-and-bolts one covering all the key considerations from finance sources and marketing to accounting systems and taxation. It explains how to put together a business plan.

The guide comes as a pack with additional guidelines on where to get help and advice, with a series of checklists for detailed aspects of a new business. It costs £5.50 including postage.

YOUR OWN BUSINESS

Pressure to push up loan limit

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comprehensive service being offered to members on export sales and marketing. A buyer service is being specially strengthened.

Contact: Clothing Export Council, Assembly House, 26-28 Saville Street, London W1K 2QT; telephone (01) 434 1881.

A successful 18-month pilot scheme in Huddersfield has prompted Armitage & Norton, one of the top 20 chartered accountants by fee income, to start extending a low-price "nursery" scheme for giving accountancy to new small businesses.

The Leeds-based network of offices, are extending the scheme to other outlets in the North East at Bradford, Dewsbury, Halifax, and Leeds. A further extension to other offices in the North West, Scotland, the Midlands and the South, is likely in the near future.

United business is established, when it reaches the stage of appointing a full-time accountant, all rates charged are at a discount. First consultations, often involving a day including visits, are free. The aim initially is to create a book-keeping system providing key management information tailored to the individual business.

The bank manager with a foot in the door

By Wayne Lister

The problems of small businesses seeking to expand are legion but a straw poll of companies on the Unlisted Securities Market (USM) and merchant banks and venture capital advisers shows that the biggest cause of insolvency is under-capitalization at the time of the first phase of major expansion.

The other big problem is poor marketing research coupled with a too-strong dependency on a local clearing bank.

CPU Computers is a respected company within the USM market, having grown from a black bank account over the last ten years. Its principal business is the distribution of computer components but it has recently begun manufacturing its own business computer.

In its first strategy paper the Trust this week suggested that the major problem to be tackled will probably be why Britain has relatively few small businesses, and why a low proportion of them grow.

Contact: Small Business Research Trust, 3 Dean Street, Westminster, London SW1P 3DE; telephone (01) 275 0111.



Tom Fitzpatrick: the way to find the money

over his initial problems causes a wry smile. "In year one we had trouble getting any form of bank support at all. We were offered overdraft facilities of £3,000 rising to £5,000 if we both put our houses up as security. I can't repeat our reply to a family newspaper."

So Mr Fitzpatrick took the opposite tack. "Our solution was to write out a business plan showing our ideas, where we wanted to go, how much it would cost and our overdraft need of £15,000. Then we just walked round every clearing bank branch in Woking, Surrey, until we found NatWest, and the like until one day we discovered we just weren't meeting our targets for new business."

After stressing their business plan, they were given a £15,000 overdraft. "We had that and coupled it

Since then the company has made the choice not to expand meteorically with the market. He offers two pieces of advice. The first: don't grow on borrowed money. The second: build up the staff and infrastructure on money already earned and don't buy in staff on what you might achieve.

"Everyone goes on about cash flow management. But the reality is that that is the only way to do it successfully. Once you are indebted to the local bank manager, the internal pressures are enormous. The man never has his foot out of the door," he said.

Much the same problem faces James Hay Pension Trustees. They run a private company whose shares are currently being placed by stockbroker Scrin-gour, Kemp-Gee to its private clients.

Since the Government recently allowed self-administered company pension funds to invest 50 per cent in the business, plant and offices, demand has really rocketed.

Mr John Bevan, the chairman, says his company's problem was not so much money as the internal infrastructure to support the expansion. "After we moved up to London (from Cardiff) we found ourselves getting involved in all kinds of projects for our clients. BES schemes, joint-developments and the like until one day we discovered we just weren't meeting our targets for new business."

After stressing their business plan, they were given a £15,000 overdraft. "We had that and coupled it

building up the administrative structure to support the expansion. Once again from money earned, not money borrowed.

Of the forms of financing available to the company, James Hay chose equity rather than bank loans. Having done that, they have similarly prepared a three-year plan that is flexible enough to allow for delays on receivables.

"You know what the minimum receivables are going to be, and no matter what you hope for, you have to work on that figure and no other," Mr Bevan said.

Mr Charles Duff, a director at Venture Founders, whose £12m fund for new start-ups and pure greenfield projects was recently launched, stressed the importance of a business plan and defining a narrow market in which to operate.

His company has a client that entered into a dramatic expansion and rapidly became insolvent. The rescue money amounted to £2m. Luckily, that company had Venture behind it and the money was raised from City institutions with the necessary management back-up hired in.

But that is a rare occurrence. All too often a company will be able to raise the capital to get off the ground only to find that the second tranche of much needed cash is either difficult to get or comes with too many strings.

Next week looks at the dos and don'ts of presenting a business plan to your banker.

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CRICKET

W Indies in new trouble after Kallicharran's resignation

Alvin Kallicharran, one of the West Indies' leading batsmen on their unofficial tour of South Africa, yesterday added to his side's mounting problems by resigning as vice-captain. Kallicharran said he would continue playing with the team but would leave the country as soon as the tour finished at the end of January.

"It's a personal decision," Kallicharran said. "I spoke with my wife and she is my best friend. I have to go home. I mean he will break his contract with Transvaal, the provincial side he has played for during the past two years.

The West Indies' tour, made a defiance of international boycotts of South Africa, has already been troubled by financial disagreements as well as the incident when Colin Croft, the first bowler, was ordered of a whites-only train carriage.

The incident, widely reported in the West Indian press, provoked only a mild reaction from the tour's team-mates. But a row over sponsorship has ended the good-natured rivalry which marked the West Indies' first unofficial tour earlier this year and replaced it with a bitterness which is evident both on and off the field.

The West Indies captain, Lawrence Rowe, says "things can never be the same again." The bitterness of the touring team, who felt they were being robbed of extra cash when they were denied an opportunity to arrange their own sponsorship, spilled on to the pitch a week ago in their first one-day match against South Africa.

Heated exchanges during play



Kallicharran: turning his back on vice-captaincy

Rowe has left himself out of two successive matches. This would appear far from satisfactory, especially as he is in need of practice for the major matches starting shortly.

Pamensky's anxiety over money is understandable. He estimates the cost of the two West Indian tours at over five million rand (£2.9m) and only sponsorship through the SACU along with gate takings and other spin-offs can make them profitable.

Pamensky refused to say what the touring team were being paid because we have a gentleman's agreement to keep it confidential. "I would dearly like to tell you but it is not in the spirit of the agreement," he said. "All I can say is that the pay packets match the scales now paid at international level."

Imran returns to captaincy

Hobart (AFP) - Imran Khan will lead the Pakistan team, for the first time on their Australian tour, in the three-day match against Tasmania, starting here today.

Imran, who has been unable to lead his team in the previous 10 matches because of a stress fracture of the shin, has emphasized that he will not risk bowling, at least until after the five-Test series against Australia.

The Pakistanis will be without Sarfraz Nawaz, who has a slightly strained side.

Indians' wrath at defeated team

Delhi (Reuters) - India's parliamentarians and newspapermen called for the resignation of cricket officials and wholesale changes in the team after India's crushing defeat by West Indies in the fifth Test match in Calcutta.

Indian followers' frustrations boiled over at the Eden Gardens ground on Wednesday after West Indies won by an innings and 46 runs to take a winning 3-0 lead in the six-Test series. Calcutta's *Telegraph* newspaper yesterday quoted eyewitnesses as saying enraged fans hurled stones, bottles, oranges and tomatoes and shouted abuse at the Indian players after the match.

They attacked a bus carrying the Indian side back to their hotel, breaking windows and injuring the middle-order batsman, Ashok Malhotra, and team manager, Abbas Ali Baig.

India's captain, Kapil Dev, was a particular target. Bottles and oranges were thrown at him while he was being interviewed with his opposite number Clive Lloyd, by local television.

In an editorial, the *Telegraph* blamed officials of India's cricket board for organizing tours during

RUGBY UNION: LONDON UNIVERSITY DOMINATE AFTER AN UNCERTAIN START

Carrying banner for developing area

By David Hand
Rugby Correspondent

By Gerald Davies

Tomorrow the Welsh Cup, sponsored by Schweppes, reaches the second round and as always at this stage it is those matches between the large and small clubs that will arouse the most interest, particularly those where the smaller club has had the good fortune to be drawn at home. In this respect, there are a few of such matches which could spring a surprise or two.

In the case of Wrexham, who play at home to North, there is a good deal at stake. They are the only North Wales side remaining in the competition and they therefore carry the flag for an area which would like to see a club develop to a higher status.

Wrexham are considered to be the strongest side in the north, although Ruthin might care to dispute that. Fixtures against the senior clubs in the south are rare - they did travel to Tregear earlier in the season, and beat them - and it is only in the cup competition that these matters can truly be contested. A good run in the cup is one way of sending a message to the requests for more regular contests.

For tomorrow's match they will be motivated, no doubt, by the memory that having travelled to North in 1979, they lost by 12 points to 12. The game there is developing to an extent that as a representative team in the competition North Wales have taken the final of the Welsh County Championship.

A home draw makes a difference to the attitude of both sides. Last year, for instance, Tonypandy were drawn to visit Llanelli at Stradey. Knowing the advantages were so much in the Scarlets' favour and not expecting to win, Tenby actually played the game as a day's outing. They lost 44 points to 2.

Tomorrow Tenby are drawn at home to Aberavon and they will have their work cut out. The visitors who are not having a consistent season, despite their victory against the Scarlets in the Newport last week, will have their work cut out.

Meesteg will have similar misgivings about their visit to Aberavon as will Cardiff at Treorchy. Cardiff, with two satisfying victories on the last two Saturdays, have shown a resurgence of interest in the kind of attacking rugby which they were once famous for. Part of the reason has been the continuing improvement of the centre partnership of Ring and Donovan. With two players able to create their own game and to create the wings have more freedom.

Of the fixtures between the first class clubs the one between Swansea and Cross Keys is the main attraction. The two clubs met at this stage last year and Swansea won easily by 37 points to 10. Their fortunes have changed somewhat this year, having already lost nine games. Cross Keys, who, on the other hand, are gradually improving, lost by only 10 points to 3 at St Helens

Exiles contribute to the Welsh downfall

By David Hand
Rugby Correspondent

London University 23
Welsh Universities 16

London University recovered well from an uncertain start - an uncertainty made worse by the late arrival of two of their number - to beat the Welsh Universities by two goals, two tries, and a penalty goal to a try, two penalties and two dropped goals at Motspur Park yesterday. It will not have been lost on the Welsh student selectors that much of the damage to their cause was done by two London Welshmen.

London dominated the lineup completely, largely through Collins and Morris, their captain, both of whom play their club rugby at Old Deer Park. Even the loss of Felsing in the second half did not hinder them unduly, though it did detract from their drive at the set scrums, which caused the Welsh some embarrassment.

Injury and unavailability meant that the Welsh were without five of their leading players, while London were missing Eynon and Paige, who were both involved in examinations. The replacements on both sides, however, performed creditably and contributed much to an exciting game in which London slowly climbed back from a seventh-point deficit.

It was not until midway through the second half that London took the lead. The Welsh students roared into the game with seven points in the first 10 minutes, Cleary scoring a try and Thomas dropping a goal from a tapped penalty. Most of the loose possession went their way at this stage and though Walsh, who huffed and puffed into the ground two minutes before the kick-off recovered a penalty Clinch, the assured Welsh full-back, kicked another dropped goal.

Once they began to get some good possession, however, the London backs ran with freedom. Vaux, an Australian centre, showed some neat touches and Hammersley found the gaps, sending Newington over for an unconceded try before the interval. Clinch kicked a penalty after the break but Walsh, who offered his side much inspiration from the back, scored an individual try and conversion to level the score.

The Welsh midfield passing began to break down and London edged away with tries from Hammersley and Farrer, the second converted by Walsh. Clinch kicked the final penalty but it was merely a defiant gesture.

SCORERS: London University: Tries: Newington, Walsh, Hammersley, Farrer. Conversion: Walsh. 22. Penalty: Walsh. 10. Dropped goals: G. Thomas, Clinch.

LONDON UNIVERSITY: D. Walsh (Flyhalf), R. Ford (Prop), D. Vaux (London Business School), C. Hammersley (Westminster), D. Newington (St Thomas), J. Farrer (Chelsea College Hospital), S. Westing (Royal Holloway), M. Eynon (St Mary's), A. Groom (Queen Mary College), L. Gaud (Westminster), P. Davies (Westminster), R. Felsing (QCR), R. A. Markshaw, R. Felsing, J. Collins (Westfield), J. Eason (Goldsmiths), J. Morris (Royal Free Hospital).

WELSH UNIVERSITIES: M. Clinch (Flyhalf), J. Thomas (Cardiff), J. Cleary (Cardiff), G. Thomas (Aberystwyth), S. Griffiths (UMIST), J. Rowlands (Swansea), M. Roberts (Swansea), J. Edwards (Cardiff), P. Hughes (Cardiff), G. Williams (Cardiff), S. Phillips (Swansea), D. Garrahan (Bangor), C. Thomas (Swansea), R. J. Jones (Cardiff), A. Thomas (Swansea), R. J. Jones (Cardiff).

Defeats of Zimbabwe provide yardstick

Schools rugby

by Michael Stevenson

It is a significant yardstick by which to measure the English schools' game that the attractive Zimbabwe touring side lost to both Cornwall & Devon and to Lancashire, before scoring two tries to one in their narrow 13-10 defeat by Scotland.

Rugby School have enjoyed a thoroughly satisfactory season, their last match ending in a 9-9 draw with Lancing. Since then, Steve Stowe (10-3) two days previously. Played 13, 8 drawn 1, lost 4. The fact that the forwards were responsible for 14 of the 21 tries scored, clearly indicates a strength of the side and they suffered a defeat only owing to injuries.

Clevery, who missed four matches, scored 55 points from a total of 144, and Rugby's master-in-charge, Mr. David W. Bay, summed up the season succinctly: "A little more poise at crucial moments might well have led to an unbeaten season; however the team had a few weaknesses and a record is probably fair." This seems a magnanimous view, when one realises that their largest losing deficit was four points, and that three other losses were by a single point.

Uppingham also enjoyed a reasonably good season, losing only to Bedford, and to Sedburgh. They scored 100 points and conceded 56, while RGS Worcester, who lost Bablake 15-7 last Saturday, ended with the eminently creditable record: played 18; won 16; drawn 1; lost 1. Warwick scored and lost 179 King Henry VIII, Coventry.

Trent College were more than a little affronted by our encomiums with regard to Silcoates, whom they defeated ably after a respectable piece appeared, by 30 points to six. Trent have also had a respectable season, winning nine matches out of 13 and, in the process, have scored 239 points, and conceded only 70.

They played their first match of the season to Warwick, and conceded three tries; since that setback they have had only two tries scored against them in 12 matches. Other defeats were against Bromsgrove and Nottingham High School. Last Saturday, they beat Warwick 17-0, with Smith, Fox and Hooper scoring tries, and the stand-off half, Coleman, converting one and kicking a penalty.

Bride and gloom

The wedding of their British Lion, Steve Bainbridge, on Saturday has given his club, Gloucester, a selection of the group which at Nottingham. Bainbridge's second row, will have Brian Patrick, fullback, Steve Gustard, a centre and Jon Curry, a prop, as guests at the wedding, and injuries have ruled out their wing, Derek Briggs and Jim Pollock, and the flanker Simon Edwards.

Authorized Unit Trusts				Authorized Units & Insurance Funds			
Unit	Price	Dividend	Yield	Unit	Price	Dividend	Yield
1. Anglo-Scottish Unit Trust	1.00	0.05	5.0%	1. Anglo-Scottish Unit Trust	1.00	0.05	5.0%
2. Anglo-Scottish Unit Trust	1.00	0.05	5.0%	2. Anglo-Scottish Unit Trust	1.00	0.05	5.0%
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RACING: GRAND NATIONAL WINNER LOOKS AS GOOD AS EVER IN HAYDOCK COMEBACK

HOCKEY

Corbiere is so pleasing in defeat

By Michael Phillips, Racing Correspondent

Corbiere, this year's Grand National winner, did not make a triumphant return in the Burnley Handicap Steeplechase at Haydock Park yesterday, but anybody seeing his trainer, Jenny Pitman's face bathed in smiles afterwards could have been forgiven for thinking that he had just done so. In fact, Corbiere finished third to Bush Guide and Chingolo beaten 16 lengths, but Mrs Pitman was every bit as delighted as if he had won.

Commenting on the race afterwards, she said: "training him on the firm ground at home has been difficult this autumn. The object was to come here and get a good run into him without anything going wrong and that is what we have achieved."

Deputising for Corbiere's regular rider, Ben de Haan, who was injured in a fall at Nottingham last Saturday, the champion jockey, John Francome, said that he too was pleased with the feel that Corbiere had given him, considering that it was his first night of heavy rain.

Looking at Corbiere in the paddock, beforehand, I formed the impression that he was big and in need of the race, having done particularly well physically in the eight months that he has been off the course, since Liverpool. He is now firmly on course for another crack at the Welsh National, which he won last season.

Mrs Pitman will also run Burrough Hill Lad in the Chepstow race, and he is likely to have another race between now and then, either at Lingfield Park or Worcester. The winner of the Burnley Handicap yesterday, which was also earmarked for the big Chepstow race on December 27.

Bush Guide, who was never entered for the Welsh National, was well ridden by his devoted 24-year-old owner, Valerie Alder. Bar one mistake on the second circuit, Bush Guide, who was ridden by Valerie Alder, was well ridden by his devoted 24-year-old owner, Valerie Alder. Bar one mistake on the second circuit, Bush Guide, who was ridden by Valerie Alder, was well ridden by his devoted 24-year-old owner, Valerie Alder.

Revering in the softer con-



John Francome and Corbiere get together for the first time at Haydock yesterday

ditions underfoot Bush Guide led all the way yesterday. Racing away from the stands for the last time on the top weight, Ashley House, looked a big danger because he was going so well, and jumping so brilliantly. But Bush Guide and Miss Alder refused to give up the initiative and by the time that Ashley House made a bad mistake at the last fence he was a spent force. Nevertheless, his lasting impression was the way that Corbiere was running so strongly.

The brilliant way that Michael Dickinson's novices are taught to jump continues to amaze after Red Mills had given an almost flawless display to win the Birkdale Novices Steeplechase. When asked whether they put them over brick walls or something equally hard at Harwood to get them to jump so well, Michael's father, Tony, simply replied: "No, only over plastic fences." Whatever the explanation the end result is a tribute to both the method and those who put it into practice.

Willie Carson, the champion Flat jockey, paid Haydock a visit to see his son, Anthony, aged 20, have his first ride in public in the Beches Farm Conditional Jockey Handicap Hurdle. Sadly, it all ended very painfully for father and son when Brockley Belle gave young Carson a heavy fall at only the second fence. Tony was obviously in considerable pain and, having been taken from the course on a stretcher in an ambulance, a broken collar bone was diagnosed.

At Doncaster today Bright Oasis can win the Sea Pigeon Handicap Hurdle at the expense of the top weight, Cardinal Flower and Palatine now that his trainer, Kim Bailey, has decided to put him back on his feet. Bailey told me recently that he was bitterly disappointed when bad weather forced the stewards to abandon the meeting at Sandown Park 13 days ago because he felt that Bright Oasis stood and excellent chance of winning the valuable Mecca Bookmakers Handicap Hurdle that day.

At Sandown, Bright Oasis would have met Cardinal Flower who has two victories over today's course and distance to his name. Now, he also meets Palatine who beat him at Cheltenham in November. But Bright Oasis did not wear blinkers on that occasion and Bailey regrets not putting them on him then, bearing in mind that he excelled two seasons ago when wearing them.

When Bright Oasis was beaten by Miners Lodge at Newbury in November, it was as plain as a pikestaff that his stamina gave out at the end of two and half miles. He looked like cruising in halfway up the straight. The shorter distance of today's race should suit him, but he is not the same. A useful hurdler last season, but a horse who looked every inch a steeplechaser in the making even then, is my selection for the Merry Novices Steeplechase. Earlier in the day his stable companion, Wix Times, will be hard to catch in the Red Alligator Handicap Steeplechase.

Seeking comfort for the punters

You can say what you like about democracy, but it still strikes me as incongruous to find yourself exchanging views about going down to the betting shop when you are talking to a Tory baronet. Somehow, the Right Honourable Sir Ian Gilmour, John Little Gilmour M.P., doesn't seem to go with a 10p Yankee.

Sir Ian, it must be said, finds nothing odd in this juxtaposition, and his backing of what he calls a "small, but useful and generally beneficial reform". He is introducing a private member's bill, which, if passed, could in the end make your average High Street betting shop a little less like the Lubyanka. "It is a kind of nineteenth century way of thinking, the idea that says if you must have legal gambling, then it must take place in the maximum possible discomfort."

The Betting and Gaming act of 1963 brought off-course betting out of the closet of illegality, but, nervous about corrupting a nation, betting shops were hedged about with restrictions: no advertisements, no signs, no telly, no seats, no refreshment - above all, nothing that could possibly be construed as "entertainment". The interior of betting shops are decorated with a stark, bleak minimalism, like a Zen rock garden. The law insists that they are uncomfortable places to sit in, yet they do not seem to stop many a punter from improving a shining hour or two with a quiet series of investments, watching the rise and fall in the betting market relayed from the course, scanning the pinned-up form in *Sporting Life*, exchanging views.

"We have to self-regulate," Stuart Hall, sales and marketing manager at Exchange Telegraph explained. "We must provide a safe, orderly, and useful service. Paddock profiles, for example, might be construed as entertainment. And if we seek to give entertainment then the bookmakers are liable to be prosecuted."

To sit down and watch a race on the telly with a cup of coffee seems a small thing, especially when, with the dawn of cable television, there is more opportunity than ever for the punter to see what colour horse he has backed, but the law says this is simply not on.

Sir Ian has been known to have the odd bet himself. "If you are well off, you have an account with a bookmaker, and you telephone your bet over, and then watch the race in comfort on your television at home. Others are not so fortunate. I think this is unfair and unreasonable."

The bill he is introducing is an enabling bill, which, if passed, will allow the Home Secretary, if he likes the idea, to put forward changes in the regulations governing betting

shops, which, if they are passed by both Houses of Parliament, can then be instigated.

Furthermore, the problems of jockeying a private member's bill through Parliament make the difficulties of picking the 1984 Derby winner fade into insignificance, with such things as balloting and tactical objections to contend with. The bill was to have come up today, but has been put back until March. Sir Ian believes that "any one who objects will be on weak ground".

No matter what the ground is like, the bill is a million miles away from being a cert, despite the illustriousness of its backer, a former secretary of state for defence and former Lord Privy Seal.

I don't know if the author of *Inside Right*, a study of Conservatism has often had a 5p Heinz (six selections covered in 57 bets) or tried many reverse forecasts at Hackney dogs via BAGS, the Bookmakers Afternoon Greyhound Service, but Sir Ian, though not a fanatic, is a racing man.

"I've owned half a horse on occasions, the best of which was Spartan Sacrifice, who was beaten in a photograph for the Stewards' Cup twice. I used to bet more regularly than I do now, because I don't have time to study the form and one likes to do the thing properly."

He doesn't believe that a cup of instant coffee and a telly will bring a flood of new and



Sir Ian Gilmour: wants to brighten betting shops

profligate gamblers to ruin. "There has been a lot of confusion about this reform - people think bookmakers want to start serving alcohol. This is not the case." Tom Kelly, director general of the bookies group, the Betting Office Licensees Association (BOLA), said.

"Sir Ian said: 'If people want to gamble, they will do so anyway, so I don't see why they shouldn't do so in reasonably civilized circumstances. It has always been OK for the middle classes to gamble in comfort. I think it should be OK for every one else.' His bill is not, he says, a forlorn hope. In fact, he reckons it is something like an even-money chance."

Simon Barnes

Britain qualify by smallest margin

From Sydney Friskin, Hong Kong

Great Britain 5
China 0

Britain qualified for the semi-finals of the 10 nations tournament yesterday with a decisive victory over China. Level with Malaysia on points and goal difference, Britain won the right to play Australia tomorrow night for a place in the final by virtue of having scored more goals than Malaysia.

The other semi-final will be between Pakistan and India. After Britain's 3-2 defeat by South Korea on Wednesday changes had to be made. Pappin replaced Taylor in goal, Duthie gave way to Craig in deep defence, and Martin made way for Faulkner in the middle line. Sherwin, who came as substitute against South Korea, led the attack but was replaced by Duthie. Hughes did not play and Britain made positional changes too.

Yet Britain could not have made a better start. They were two goals up in four minutes, by which time China became so desperate that they made substitution in an effort to stabilize their tottering defence. In the second minute a short corner led to a penalty stroke which was converted by Westcott from the other short corner. Craig's shot was saved but Kerry scored from the follow-up.

With the Chinese committing

obstruction with stick and body, the short corners continued to pour in for Britain (they had 11 altogether) as Barber scored directly from one of these. One of the best results of the match led to the fourth goal, Westcott picking up a free kick from Kerry and dashing through to score. Three minutes before the interval Britain scored from another short corner, Leman stopping the hit from the line and passing to Kerry who scored.

Although Britain occupied Chinese territory for most of the match they could not score against stubborn Chinese resistance. Britain played well as a team, individual honours must go to Pappin for another smooth performance at centre back.

Other results: Group A: India 3, Japan 4, Australia 4, Canada 1.

Group B: Pakistan 4, South Korea 2, Malaysia 2, China 0.

Germans in pool

By Joyce Whitehead

England will play West Germany, Ireland, France and Scotland in the first qualifying round of the European Cup in Lille, France, from May 3 to 13 next year. In pool A, Scotland, Netherlands, Belgium, the Soviet Union and Austria.

In tomorrow's County matches, accepted an invitation from the Australian Women's Hockey Association to take part in their Seventy-fifth anniversary celebration in September. The standards of umpiring have been two of the most influential factors in pre-tournament county championship matches, all of which have now

been played. Those sides more used to playing on an artificial surface have undoubtedly benefited from their knowledge, while umpiring inconsistencies have caused a regrettable amount of frustration among some players.

Whitshire play Herefordshire in Swindon and on the new artificial pitch in Abbey Park, Leicester. Leicestershire are the Midlands county yet to be beaten, while Herefordshire are second in the East table. It is possible that these teams might meet in the county championship finals in February.

RUGBY LEAGUE

Skerrett to captain 1984 tour

By Keith Macklin

On the ill-fated and disastrous Great Britain tour of Australia in 1979, the outstanding forward, and one of the few Great Britain players to enhance his reputation, was Trevor Skerrett. The international selection for the 1984 tour of Australia.

Skerrett has 10 caps and will lead Great Britain in two international matches against France early next year. He joined Hull from Wakefield Trinity, and has been a leading figure in Hull's triumphs during the past few seasons. A former second row forward, he graduated to the front row with outstanding success and is renowned as one of the most fearsome tacklers in the game.

Although not a try-scoring forward, he is a selfless distributor of the ball, a whole-hearted 80-minute player to the type needed if Great Britain are to make any sort of impact in Australia and New Zealand next year.

Skerrett's appointment follows a number of other designed to improve the Great Britain squad. The manager, Dick Gendall, the coach, Frank Myler, the physiotherapist, Ronnie Barrill, and the "fitness conditioner", Rod McKenna, have all been appointed. An assistant manager will be named next month. The 28 players will be chosen towards the end of the season.

ATHLETICS

Sponsorship will meet two needs

By Pat Butcher

It may not be evident to athletes following the Olympic Games, but the biggest problems facing British athletics nowadays are the lack of indoor facilities, and even encouragement for school leavers to stay in the sport. A scheme launched yesterday by Neil Macfarlane, the Minister for Sport, and sponsored by Saxby Venning Ltd, providing £250,000 to the next three years, could go some way to plugging these gaps.

Almost 1,000 sports halls around the country will host a competition between schools and clubs, with equipment specially designed by George Bunner. Each meeting will allow for 300 children competing over two hours, as part of a knockout competition, with the final on the 7th of next year at Aston Villa sports hall. The sponsorship also includes a £10,000 grant to the Sports Aid Foundation, towards Olympic preparations.

Indoor training facilities are a necessity for the winter months, in which British athletes, apart from the shining example of Daley Thompson, Keith Conner, Fanny Whitbread and Tessa Sanderson, are sadly out of touch. The indoor season, which began in January, is the first week of the year, which is still the only properly equipped indoor arena in the country.

Writers' award for McGuigan

Barry McGuigan (right), aged 22, the British and European lightweight champion, has won the best boxer of the year award in the annual poll of the Boxing Writers' Club. He will be presented with his trophy in London on January 18.

McGuigan topped the poll by an overwhelming margin and has no doubts that he would win were he swept away by his superb performance in winning the European title against Valerio Natali, in Belfast.

He is only the third Irishman to win the award, having twice been nominated from Belfast. John Kelly in 1953 and Freddie Gilroy six years later. Others in the running this year included Frank Bruno, Mark Lazar, Errol Christie and Jimmy Price.

TENNIS

Masters caps men's tour

By Lewine Mair

The LTA men's satellite tour, which will run for five weeks beginning on Monday January 30, will start and finish at the Matchpoint Centre, Bramhall, Cheshire. After the first week, the players will move on to Telford, home of the closing event on the recent LTA women's satellite circuit. The third tournament in the series will take place at the new centre at Peterborough and the fourth at the C&A Centre, Coventry.

There will be a draw of 32 at all events, except the Masters at Match Point, the final being open to the 16 players who have amassed the most points.

The circuit, which is to be referred to as the Davis Cup final, is expected to draw a good international entry. The women's satellite tour attracted a good sprinkling of Americans and Europeans, although the LTA were disappointed when three Russian girls promised to the tournament by a London-based Russian diplomat, failed to materialize.

It was only a matter of days after he had spoken to the diplomat, that Ivor Embury of the LTA caught a national newspaper and read that he had been deported. Mr Embury

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Evergreen Even Melody lingers on

Even Melody showed that at 14 he is as sprightly as ever by winning the Christmas Tree Handicap Chase at Southwell yesterday. After the old hand battled home by half a length from Pea-Cock-Ade, his trainer, Neville Crump, said: "I wish I had his guts - I don't know who is the older, him or me."

At the final ditch, three from mine, the 3-1 favourite, Capri, II and brought down Double Spirit and Oyster Pond. Even Melody went in pursuit of twilight Lad and Kindred Spirit, but he was too far back to be a contender. He is an amazing horse, winning every day of his life. Two years ago I was going to retire him, and he promptly won three on the trot."

Peter Dever needs only one more winner to have his right to claim home battles home by half a length from Pea-Cock-Ade, his trainer, Neville Crump, said: "I wish I had his guts - I don't know who is the older, him or me."

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FOOD AND WINE

THE Belfry Club

Smoked Breast of Turkey

Venison Pate with Port Wine Jelly

My Sister's Day Before Kipper Salad

Saint Sophia's Mustard Soup

Black Forest Wild Mushroom Broth

Hot Cream of Avocado Soup

The Lethal Tinned Salmon Kettle

The Lamb and Kidney Napping Pudding

Sprouts and Chestnut Jubilee

The Roast Barn of Charolais

With a Market Gazelle

Pried Witches Patties and Cream

The Mould Caramelised Bonbons

A Bonfire of Burton Pudding

The Three Kings Play Homage

Cocoon Knees-Fruit-Nuts

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01-235 9636 Membership

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ROMANTIC DINNER

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THE COMPANIES ACT

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THEATRES

APOLLO VICTORIA

STARLIGHT EXPRESS

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THE ROYAL BALLET

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Today's television and radio programmes

Edited by Peter Davalle

BBC 1

6.00 **Celebrity** AM: News and information service, available on all television sets, with teletext or not.

6.30 **Breakfast Time** with Frank Bough and Fern Britton. Today's "Friday" special: include pop news (between 7.45 and 8.00), Eytan Eytan's health phone-in (8.30-8.50) and Glynis Christie's food and cookery spot (8.45-9.00). regular items include news at 6.30 and half-hourly until 8.30.

9.00 **My Music**: Steve Race tests the musical knowledge of Frank Muir, John Amis, Denis Norden and Ian Wallace (r).

9.30 **Play School**: with the story of the week. 10.00 **Play School**: with the story of the week. 10.30 **Play School**: with the story of the week.

10.00 **News**: with the story of the week. 10.30 **News**: with the story of the week. 11.00 **News**: with the story of the week.

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tv-am

6.25 **Good Morning Britain**: with Nick Owen and Anne Diamond. Today's "Friday" special: include pop news (between 7.45 and 8.00), Eytan Eytan's health phone-in (8.30-8.50) and Glynis Christie's food and cookery spot (8.45-9.00). regular items include news at 6.30 and half-hourly until 8.30.

9.00 **My Music**: Steve Race tests the musical knowledge of Frank Muir, John Amis, Denis Norden and Ian Wallace (r).

9.30 **Play School**: with the story of the week. 10.00 **Play School**: with the story of the week. 10.30 **Play School**: with the story of the week.

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Klaus Kinski: Nosteratu the Vampire (Channel 4, 11.15pm)

● **HEARTATTACK HOTEL** (BBC 2, 9.25pm). Andrew Davies' black comedy, is a horror play, though I must tell you that it will not be the right one for Christmas. If you happen to think, with Leigh Hunt, that Yuletide is the time of too much everything but thinking. Over-indulgence, says this unseasonable play, can play the devil that you will not be around to see any more. Christmas. I need only refer you to the title of Mr Davies' play if you should accuse me of giving too much away when I say that "Nothing succeeds like excess" could well be the slogan of the gruesome twosome who run the luxurious hotel to which problem cases are drawn like moths towards a flame. But too much

food and drink are merely part of the bait in this velvet trap. The truly dangerous thing about human weakness, and it is this area of misfortune that Mr Davies explores with flinty delight in a play that is so sumptuously designed that it almost persuades us that Hell could be a good place to spend a weekend even though Michael Gough's Mephistopheles host is so seductively in the social graces. ● The play Heartattack Hotel notwithstanding, it is an indifferent night on television and the special Christmas programmes will not arrive a minute too soon. All right, Radio 3, 9.30 in the Judgment Night in the 1963 National Poetry Competition, organised by the Poetry Society and Radio 3.

characters and some fine ensemble playing from the George "bricks". ● Inevitably, there is a background of sadness to IT STICKS OUT LIKE A MILE (Radio 2, 10.00pm) for it proved to be John Le Mesurier's swan-song. But there is some good comedy writing in this "Son of Dad's Army", featuring three of the characters from the much-loved Home Guard series, and the departed Le Mesurier will still make us laugh with that diffident style that he perfected over so many years of character acting on television and, even more so, on radio. ... A reminder, finally, that tonight (Radio 3, 9.30) in the Judgment Night in the 1963 National Poetry Competition, organised by the Poetry Society and Radio 3.

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BBC 2

5.35 **News** summary with subtitles. And weather prospects for the weekend.

5.40 **International Show Jumping**: from Olympia. The event is on items with a special appeal for the youngsters, including circus acts and the Sheffield Pony Grand National.

6.30 **Friday Western: The Law and Jake Wade** (1958) John Sturges's western co-stars Richard Widmark as an outlaw rescued from prison by his former partner in crime (Robert Taylor) who is determined to go straight. Photographed by Robert Surtees, three times an Oscar winner. Co-starring Patricia Owens and Robert Middleton.

7.55 **A Modern Comedie** The Duke of Gloucester shares the commentators' chores with Chris Kelly at the Royal College of Arts where the Prince Albert exhibition is being held. Also at the exhibition: Fred Gaudy, of the Royal College, and the historian Professor Michael Thompson.

8.25 **Dance International: The Netherlands** Dance Theatre in the ballet Transfigured Night music by Schoenberg, choreography by Jiri Kylian.

8.00 **MA*SK** in a morale-lifting exercise, Colonel Porter decides that, for a day, officers and men should change places - which explains how Klinger suddenly becomes company commander.

9.25 **Heartattack Hotel**: Black comedy, by Andrew Davies. It is about a macabre weekend spent in a luxurious country hotel which offers a 24-hour classic horror story, starting Klaus Kinski as Dracula (in the original, the vampire was under the name of Dr. Frankenstein). Herzog's film has been highly praised for its superb photography (by Jörg Schmidt-Reitwein) and for its striking production design (by Herwig von der Lippe and Ulrich Bergfelder). The film's production has provided tonight's film with its inspiration, but many liberties have been taken with the book's text. Ends at 11.00pm.

10.00 **The Paul Hogan Show**: A second chance to see the instalment featuring the mimed picnic.

10.30 **Pictures of Health: Just Like Rain**. An edition of the link between ill-health and the increasing use of pesticides in Britain. The focus of controversy has now fallen on the herbicide 2,4,5-T, banned in a number of countries but still in use in Britain. It is manufactured in a series of chemical reactions during which TCDD (better known as Dioxin) is formed. It was this highly toxic substance that was released in the accident at Seveso, Italy, in 1976, with disastrous results.

11.15 **What the Censor Saw**: The censored version of the 1975 Warner Herzsog's remake of F. W. Murnau's classic horror story, starring Klaus Kinski as Dracula (in the original, the vampire was under the name of Dr. Frankenstein). Herzog's film has been highly praised for its superb photography (by Jörg Schmidt-Reitwein) and for its striking production design (by Herwig von der Lippe and Ulrich Bergfelder). The film's production has provided tonight's film with its inspiration, but many liberties have been taken with the book's text. Ends at 11.00pm.

10.50 **Newnight**: bulletins and analysis.

11.35 **Whistle Test on the Road**: Aztec Camera are the featured band. Mark Ellen introduces the concert which comes from the University of Birmingham. Ends at 12.00am.

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Frank Johnson in the Commons

The Princess of wails

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